



E1710



2013 DRY BEAN Grower Survey

*of Production, Pest Problems
and Pesticide Use*

in Minnesota and North Dakota

J.J. Knodel, P.B. Beauzay, D.W. Franzen,
H.J. Kandel, S.G. Markell, J.M. Osorno,
J.S. Pasche and R.K. Zollinger

North Dakota State University

*In cooperation with the
Northharvest Bean Growers Association*

NDSU EXTENSION
SERVICE

March 2014

Table of Contents

Introduction	4
Production	5
Table 1. Number of Northarvest dry bean growers responding, acres planted by respondents and total state acres in 2013.....	5
Table 2. Dry bean production by county in 2013.....	5
Table 3. Dry bean acres harvested, irrigated, on tile-drained ground, and damaged by hail, frost and water in 2013.....	6
Table 4. Dry bean market classes grown in 2013	6
Table 5. Dry bean varieties grown in 2013.....	7
Table 6. Dry bean production problems reported in 2013.....	8
Table 7. Row spacing by dry bean market class in 2013	9
Table 8. Seeding rate by dry bean market class in 2013	9
Table 9. Percent of total dry bean acres harvested by direct combining in 2013.....	10
Table 10. Estimated yield loss in harvested dry beans in 2013.....	10
Table 11. Dry bean field tillage practices in 2013.....	11
Agronomy	12
Table 12. Use of fertilizers on dry bean fields in 2013	12
Table 13. Use of soil test prior to fertilization of dry bean fields in 2013.....	12
Table 14. Use of Rhizobium inoculants on dry bean fields in 2013.....	12
Table 15. Use of site-specific nutrient management (SSNM) on dry bean fields in 2013.....	13
Table 16. Desiccants used on dry beans in 2013	13
Table 17. Frequency of crops in dry bean crop rotation program, 2009-2012.....	14
Table 18. Number of years dry beans are grown in dry bean crop rotation program.....	14
Insect Pests and Insecticide Use.....	15
Table 19. Worst insect problem in dry beans in 2013	15
Table 20. Insects ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013.....	16
Table 21. Foliar insecticide use in dry beans in 2013	17
Table 22. Insecticide seed treatment use in dry beans in 2013	18
Plant Diseases and Fungicide Use.....	19
Table 23. Worst disease problem in dry beans in 2013	19
Table 24. Diseases ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013.....	20
Table 25. Foliar and banded fungicide use in dry beans in 2013.....	21
Table 26. Fungicide seed treatment use in dry beans in 2013.....	22
Weeds and Herbicide Use	23
Table 27. Worst weed problem in dry beans in 2013	23
Table 28. Weeds ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013.....	24
Table 29. Weed control practices used in dry beans in 2013.....	25
Table 30. Weed control practices used by dry bean market class in 2013	26
Scouting and Threshold Practices	27
Table 31. Scouting practices in dry beans in 2013.....	27
Table 32. Use of economic thresholds for insects in dry beans in 2013.....	27
References.....	28
APPENDIX I.....	29
Acknowledgments	32

List of Figures

Figure 1.	Northharvest dry bean acres planted by state in 2013.....	5
Figure 2.	Northharvest dry bean production by county in 2013.....	5
Figure 3.	Northharvest respondents' reported acres from Table 3	6
Figure 4.	Northharvest dry bean market classes grown in 2013.....	6
Figure 5.	Black bean varieties grown by Northharvest respondents in 2013	7
Figure 6.	Kidney bean varieties grown by Northharvest respondents in 2013	7
Figure 7.	Navy bean varieties grown by Northharvest respondents in 2013	7
Figure 8.	Pinto bean varieties grown by Northharvest respondents in 2013	7
Figure 9.	Northharvest respondents' reported acres for dry bean production problems in 2013	8
Figure 10.	Northharvest percent of dry bean acres harvested by direct combining in 2013	10
Figure 11.	Northharvest estimated yield loss in harvested dry beans in 2013.....	10
Figure 12.	Northharvest dry bean field tillage practices in 2013	11
Figure 13.	Northharvest use of fertilizers on dry bean fields in 2013	12
Figure 14.	Northharvest use of soil test in 2013.....	12
Figure 15.	Northharvest use of inoculant in 2013.....	12
Figure 16.	Northharvest use of site-specific nutrient management in 2013	13
Figure 17.	Northharvest dessicants used on dry beans in 2013	13
Figure 18.	Northharvest frequency of major crops in dry bean crop rotation program, 2009-2012.....	14
Figure 19.	Northharvest number of years dry beans are grown in dry bean crop rotation program.....	14
Figure 20.	Northharvest worst insect problem in dry beans in 2013	15
Figure 21.	Northharvest insects ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013	16
Figure 22.	Northharvest foliar insecticide use in dry beans in 2013.....	17
Figure 23.	Northharvest insecticide seed treatment use in dry beans in 2013	18
Figure 24.	Northharvest worst disease problem in dry beans in 2013	19
Figure 25.	Northharvest diseases ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013	20
Figure 26.	Northharvest foliar and banded fungicide use in dry beans in 2013	21
Figure 27.	Northharvest fungicide application method in dry beans in 2013	21
Figure 28.	Northharvest fungicide seed treatment use in dry beans in 2013.....	22
Figure 29.	Northharvest worst weed problem in dry beans in 2013	23
Figure 30.	Northharvest weeds ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013	24
Figure 31.	Northharvest weed control practices used in dry beans in 2013.....	25
Figure 32.	Northharvest scouting practices in dry beans in 2013	27
Figure 33.	Northharvest use of economic thresholds for insects in 2013.....	27

Introduction

The 2013 dry bean grower survey is the 24th annual survey of varieties grown, pest problems, pesticide use and grower practices of the Northarvest Bean Growers Association, an association of dry edible bean growers in Minnesota and North Dakota. Research and Extension faculty at North Dakota State University and the directors of the Northarvest Bean Growers Association developed the survey form (Appendix I). The survey was mailed to all Northarvest bean growers. All participants in the survey were anonymous.

Results of previous surveys dated 1987-1992, 1994-2000, 2002 and 2004-2012 have been published (see References). No surveys were conducted in 1993 and 2001. In 2003, the survey was completed by dry bean producers who attended the Northarvest Bean Day in Fargo during the winter. However, the lack of responses made processing and analyses of results unreliable, so no report was compiled.

Data reported in the figures represent totals for the entire Northarvest survey unless otherwise noted. Data reported in the tables are broken down by state and also are totaled for the entire Northarvest survey. Percent values in tables and figures are rounded to one decimal for clear presentation. Consequently, percent values in some tables and figures may not total exactly 100 percent (e.g. 99.1 or 100.1 percent) when the presented values are added. Other instances where percent values do not total 100 percent are explained in footnotes to the tables.

Throughout this report, trade names of chemicals often are presented as an aid for clearer communication. Mention of trade names does not constitute endorsement or recommendation by North Dakota State University or the Northarvest Bean Growers Association.

Production

Table 1. Number of Northharvest dry bean growers responding, acres planted by respondents and total state acres in 2013.

Growers	No. of respondents	Respondents' acres	Total acres ^a	Acres surveyed (% of total)
Minnesota	67	23,092	125,000	18.5
North Dakota	112	59,250	440,000	13.5
Northarvest	179	82,342	565,000	14.6

^aTotal of dry bean acres planted for Minnesota and North Dakota (source: USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service).

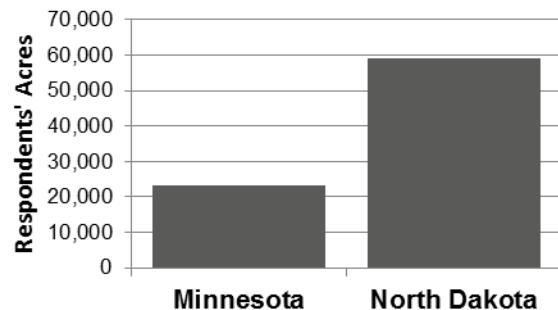


Figure 1. Northarvest dry bean acres planted by state in 2013 (respondents' acres only).

Table 2. Dry bean production by county in 2013.

Minnesota	No. of respondents ^a	Acres ^b	North Dakota	No. of respondents ^a	Acres ^b
Polk	13	6,039	Grand Forks	23	11,103
Hubbard	2	2,620	Walsh	27	9,436
Marshall	4	1,682	Pembina	15	8,161
Renville	9	1,494	Wells	10	6,980
Stevens	7	1,350	Benson	8	4,275
Pope	2	1,338	Traill	9	3,367
Otter Tail	3	1,210	Ramsey	8	3,313
Stearns	1	960	Nelson	4	2,355
Wadena	3	898	Steele	4	1,628
Kandiyohi	6	836	McLean	2	1,580
Grant	2	770	Griggs	3	1,190
Mahnomen	1	480	Cass	2	900
Chippewa	4	467	Cavalier	2	880
Swift	4	418	McHenry	2	700
Douglas	3	390	Pierce	2	680
Beltrami	2	336	Eddy	1	520
Big Stone	1	300	Stutsman	1	450
Traverse	1	300	Ward	1	350
Meeker	1	270	Mercer	1	307
Morrison	2	190	Burleigh	1	300
Pennington	1	150	Ransom	2	263
Crow Wing	1	135	Richland	1	250
Sibley	1	120	Barnes	1	202
Todd	1	100	Foster	1	60
Sherburne	1	86	Total		59,250
McLeod	1	79			
Clay	1	74			
Total		23,092			

^aSome respondents had dry bean acreage in more than one county.

^bRespondents' acres only.

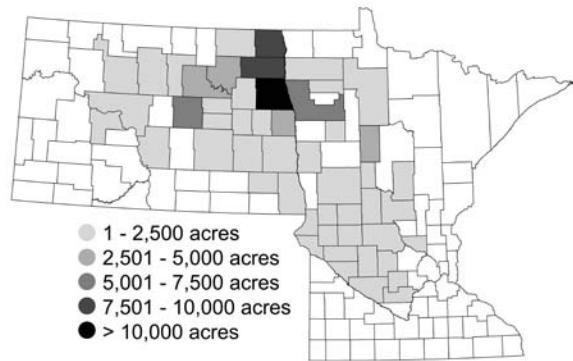


Figure 2. Northarvest dry bean production by county in 2013 (respondents' acres only).

Table 3. Dry bean acres harvested, irrigated, on tile-drained ground, and damaged by hail, frost and water in 2013.

	Acres reported (no.) ^a	Acres reported (%) ^a
Minnesota		
Harvested	22,869	99
Irrigated	7,619	33
Tile-drained	4,707	20.4
Hail-damaged	2,288	9.9
Water-damaged	1,547	6.7
Frost-damaged	235	1
North Dakota		
Harvested	58,401	98.6
Water-damaged	4,091	6.9
Hail-damaged	3,140	5.3
Irrigated	511	0.9
Tile-drained	260	0.4
Frost-damaged	225	0.4
Northharvest		
Harvested	81,270	98.7
Irrigated	8,130	9.9
Water-damaged	5,638	6.8
Hail-damaged	5,428	6.6
Tile-drained	4,967	6
Frost-damaged	460	0.6

^aRespondents' acres only.

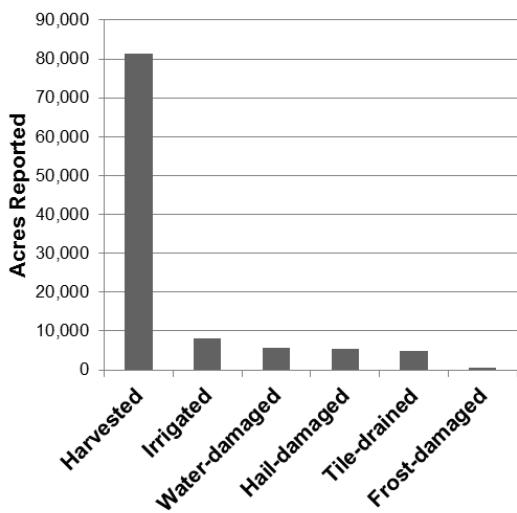


Figure 3. Northharvest respondents' reported acres from Table 3.

Table 4. Dry bean market classes grown in 2013.

Market class	Acres reported (no.) ^a	Acres reported (%) ^a
Minnesota		
Kidney	10,809	46.8
Navy	8,131	35.2
Pinto	1,741	7.5
Pink	1,718	7.4
Black	693	3
Great Northern	0	0
Red	0	0
Total	23,092	100
North Dakota		
Pinto	42,579	71.9
Navy	9,346	15.8
Black	2,765	4.7
Great Northern	2,541	4.3
Pink	1,482	2.5
Red	482	0.8
Kidney	55	0.1
Total	59,250	100
Northharvest		
Pinto	44,320	53.8
Navy	17,477	21.2
Kidney	10,864	13.2
Black	3,458	4.2
Pink	3,200	3.9
Great Northern	2,541	3.1
Red	482	0.6
Total	82,342	100

^aRespondents' acres only.

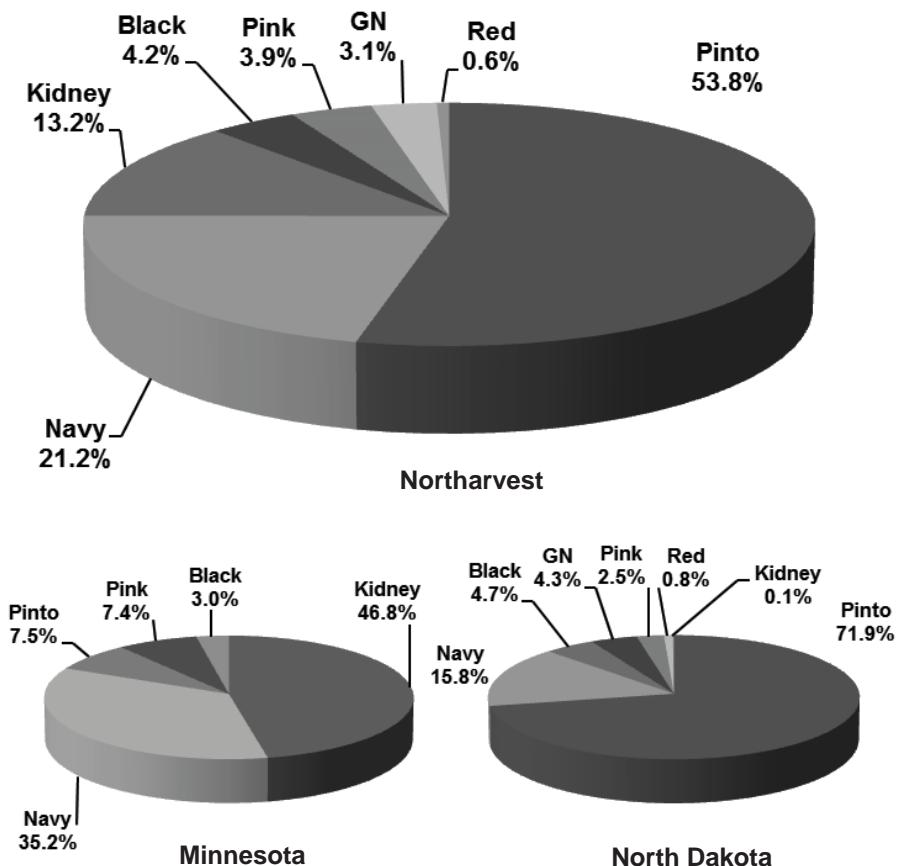


Figure 4. Northharvest dry bean market classes grown in 2013.

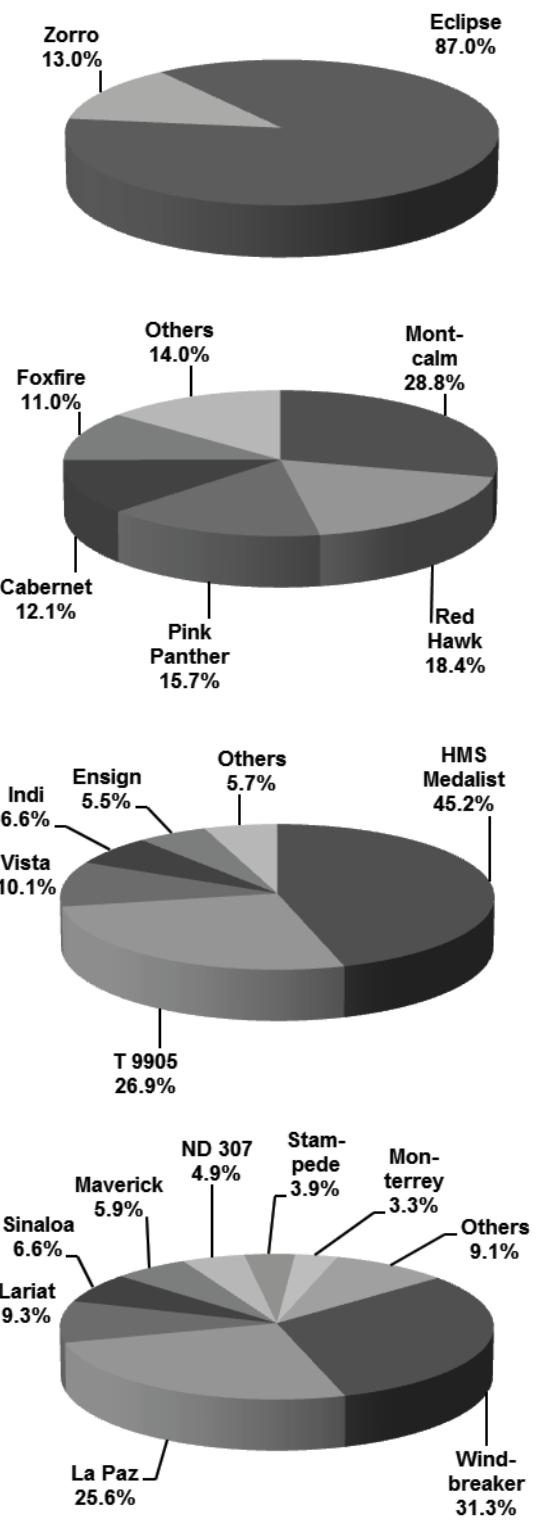
Table 5. Dry bean varieties grown in 2013.

Variety	Class	Acres planted ^a					
		Minnesota	% ^b	North Dakota	% ^b	Northharvest	% ^b
Eclipse	Black	545	2.4	2,465	4.2	3,010	3.7
Zorro	Black	148	0.6	300	0.5	448	0.5
Total Black	Black	693	3	2,765	4.7	3,458	4.2
Orion	GN ^c	0	0	1,791	3	1,791	2.2
Not specified	GN ^c	0	0	750	1.3	750	0.9
Total GN	GN^c	0	0	2,541	4.3	2,541	3.1
Montcalm	Kidney	3,133	13.6	0	0	3,133	3.8
Red Hawk	Kidney	1,995	8.6	0	0	1,995	2.4
Pink Panther	Kidney	1,703	7.4	0	0	1,703	2.1
Cabernet	Kidney	1,311	5.7	0	0	1,311	1.6
Foxfire	Kidney	1,196	5.2	0	0	1,196	1.5
CELRK	Kidney	560	2.4	0	0	560	0.7
Beluga	Kidney	445	1.9	0	0	445	0.5
Red Rover	Kidney	370	1.6	55	0.1	425	0.5
GTS 401	Kidney	96	0.4	0	0	96	0.1
Total Kidney	Kidney	10,809	46.8	55	0.1	10,864	13.2
HMS Medalist	Navy	2,426	10.5	5,480	9.2	7,906	9.6
T9905	Navy	2,712	11.7	1,982	3.3	4,694	5.7
Vista	Navy	1,757	7.6	0	0	1,757	2.1
Indi	Navy	0	0	1,156	2	1,156	1.4
Ensign	Navy	460	2	504	0.9	964	1.2
Vigilant	Navy	280	1.2	80	0.1	360	0.4
Norstar	Navy	135	0.6	144	0.2	279	0.3
Avalanche	Navy	240	1	0	0	240	0.3
Navigator	Navy	61	0.3	0	0	61	0.1
Not specified	Navy	60	0.3	0	0	60	0.1
Total Navy	Navy	8,131	35.2	9,346	15.8	17,477	21.2
Floyd	Pink	436	1.9	1,082	1.8	1,518	1.8
Sedona	Pink	840	3.6	400	0.7	1,240	1.5
ISB 473	Pink	292	1.3	0	0	292	0.4
ISB 537	Pink	150	0.6	0	0	150	0.2
Total Pink	Pink	1,718	7.4	1,482	2.5	3,200	3.9
Windbreaker	Pinto	733	3.2	13,117	22.1	13,850	16.8
La Paz	Pinto	40	0.2	11,300	19.1	11,340	13.8
Lariat	Pinto	200	0.9	3,909	6.6	4,109	5
Sinaloa	Pinto	0	0	2,946	5	2,946	3.6
Maverick	Pinto	250	1.1	2,368	4	2,618	3.2
ND 307	Pinto	20	0.1	2,160	3.6	2,180	2.6
Stampede	Pinto	0	0	1,745	2.9	1,745	2.1
Monterrey	Pinto	68	0.3	1,410	2.4	1,478	1.8
Buster	Pinto	340	1.5	720	1.2	1,060	1.3
Sonora	Pinto	0	0	600	1	600	0.7
Medicine Hat	Pinto	0	0	589	1	589	0.7
Not specified	Pinto	0	0	450	0.8	450	0.5
Sequoia	Pinto	0	0	360	0.6	360	0.4
Santa Cruz	Pinto	0	0	305	0.5	305	0.4
GTS 904	Pinto	0	0	200	0.3	200	0.2
Baja	Pinto	0	0	160	0.3	160	0.2
Topaz	Pinto	0	0	150	0.3	150	0.2
Galena	Pinto	90	0.4	0	0	90	0.1
GTS 907	Pinto	0	0	90	0.2	90	0.1
Total Pinto	Pinto	1,741	7.5	42,579	71.9	44,320	53.8
Small Red	Red	0	0	342	0.6	342	0.4
Merlot	Red	0	0	140	0.2	140	0.2
Total Red	Red	0	0	482	0.8	482	0.6
Grand Total	All Classes	23,092	100	59,250	100	82,342	100

^aRespondents' acres only.

^bPercent of respondents' total dry bean acreage.

^cGN = Great Northern.



Figures 5 to 8 (from top to bottom): major black, kidney, navy and pinto varieties grown by Northharvest survey respondents (% acreage for class).

Table 6. Dry bean production problems reported in 2013.

Worst production problem	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^a	Acres reported (%) ^a
Minnesota				
Drought	29	43.3	7,254	31.4
Delayed planting	18	26.9	4,357	18.9
Excess water	33	49.3	3,299	14.3
Hail	14	20.9	2,088	9
Disease	8	11.9	2,069	9
None reported	10	14.9	2,066	8.9
Weeds	13	19.4	1,770	7.7
Emergence/stand	13	19.4	1,538	6.7
Soil salinity	4	6	465	2
Applied herbicide injury	2	3	420	1.8
Micronutrient deficiency	2	3	420	1.8
Frost	1	1.5	235	1
Herbicide drift	5	7.5	131	0.6
Insects	1	1.5	72	0.3
North Dakota				
Delayed planting	54	48.2	24,457	41.3
Excess water	59	52.7	8,023	13.5
Drought	27	24.1	7,656	12.9
Weeds	28	25	5,488	9.3
Disease	22	19.6	4,410	7.4
None reported	10	8.9	4,410	7.4
Emergence/stand	22	19.6	3,129	5.3
Hail	14	12.5	3,090	5.2
Soil salinity	26	23.2	1,458	2.5
Applied herbicide injury	6	5.4	1,066	1.8
Insects	1	0.9	700	1.2
Herbicide drift	4	3.6	303	0.5
Frost	5	4.5	220	0.4
Micronutrient deficiency	0	0	0	0
Northarvest				
Delayed planting	72	40.2	28,814	35
Drought	56	31.3	14,910	18.1
Excess water	92	51.4	11,322	13.7
Weeds	41	22.9	7,258	8.8
Disease	30	16.8	6,479	7.9
None reported	20	11.2	6,476	7.9
Hail	28	15.6	5,178	6.3
Emergence/stand	35	19.6	4,667	5.7
Soil salinity	30	16.8	1,923	2.3
Applied herbicide injury	8	4.5	1,486	1.8
Insects	2	1.1	772	0.9
Frost	6	3.4	455	0.6
Herbicide drift	9	5	434	0.5
Micronutrient deficiency	2	1.1	420	0.5

^aRespondents' acres only.

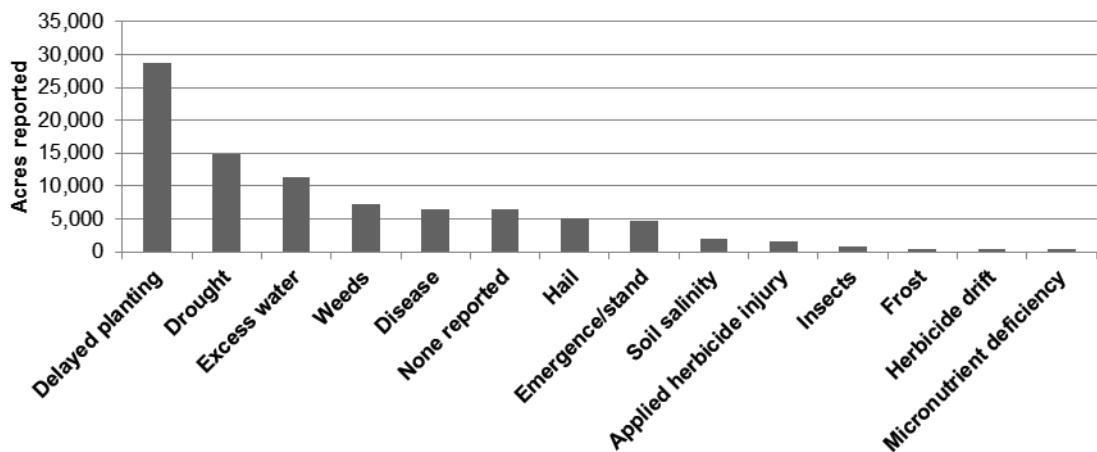


Figure 9. Northarvest respondents' reported acres for dry bean production problems in 2013.

Table 9. Percent of total dry bean acres harvested by direct combining in 2013.

Percent direct combined	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported ^a	Acres reported ^a (%)
Minnesota				
1-25%	2	3	811	3.6
26-50%	4	6.1	2,805	12.4
51-75%	0	0	0	0
76-100%	31	47	5,099	22.5
No direct harvest	29	43.9	13,929	61.5
Total	66	100	22,644	100
North Dakota				
1-25%	6	5.4	4,869	8.4
26-50%	5	4.5	4,187	7.2
51-75%	4	3.6	2,430	4.2
76-100%	54	48.6	23,611	40.6
No direct harvest	42	37.8	23,054	39.6
Total	111	100	58,151	100
NorthHarvest				
1-25%	8	4.5	5,680	7
26-50%	9	5.1	6,992	8.7
51-75%	4	2.3	2,430	3
76-100%	85	48	28,710	35.5
No direct harvest	71	40.1	36,983	45.8
Total	177	100	80,795	100

^aRespondents' harvested acres only.

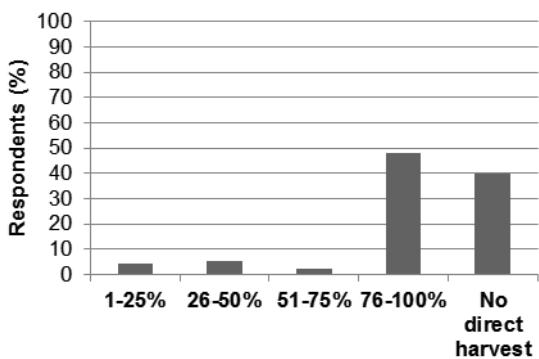


Figure 10. NorthHarvest percent of dry bean acres harvested by direct combining in 2013.

Table 10. Estimated yield loss in harvested dry beans in 2013.

Estimated yield loss	Direct Harvest		Conventional Harvest	
	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)
Minnesota				
0%	1	2.7	5	11.1
1-5%	15	40.5	28	62.2
6-10%	12	32.4	8	17.8
11-15%	7	18.9	3	6.7
16-20%	2	5.4	1	2.2
Total	37	100	45	100
North Dakota				
0%	0	0	3	4.1
1-5%	25	36.2	55	74.3
6-10%	31	44.9	14	18.9
11-15%	10	14.5	1	1.4
16-20%	3	4.3	1	1.4
Total	69	100	74	100
NorthHarvest				
0%	1	0.9	8	6.7
1-5%	40	37.7	83	69.7
6-10%	43	40.6	22	18.5
11-15%	17	16	4	3.4
16-20%	5	4.7	2	1.7
Total	106	100	119	100

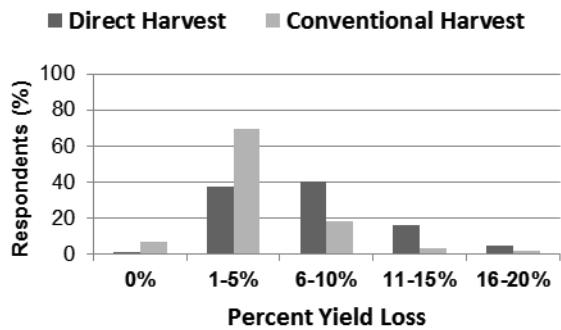
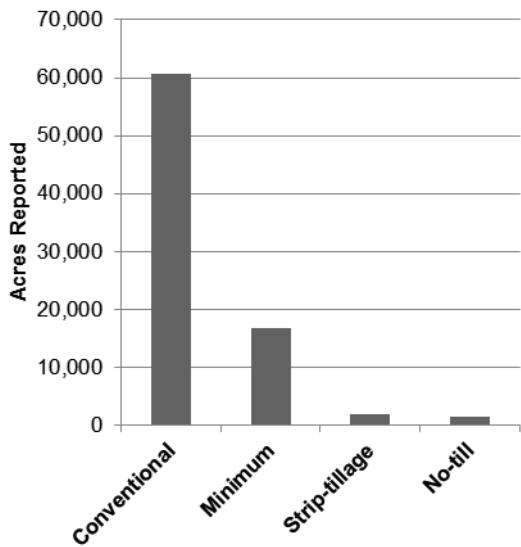


Figure 11. NorthHarvest estimated yield loss in harvested dry beans in 2013.

Table 11. Dry bean field tillage practices in 2013.

Tillage practice	Acres reported (no.) ^a	Acres reported (%) ^a
Minnesota		
Conventional	19,568	84.7
Minimum	3,164	13.7
Strip tillage	0	0
No-till	360	1.6
Total	23,092	100
North Dakota		
Conventional	41,007	71.1
Minimum	13,529	23.5
Strip tillage	1,900	3.3
No-till	1,205	2.1
Total	57,641	100
Northharvest		
Conventional	60,575	75
Minimum	16,693	20.7
Strip tillage	1,900	2.4
No-till	1,565	1.9
Total	80,733	100

^aRespondents' acres only.

**Figure 12. Northharvest dry bean field tillage practices in 2013.**

Agronomy

Table 12. Use of fertilizers on dry bean fields in 2013.

Fertilizer	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)
Minnesota	58	
Nitrogen	55	94.8
Phosphorus	50	86.2
Potash	41	70.7
Zinc	38	65.5
Sulfur	22	37.9
North Dakota	98	
Nitrogen	81	82.7
Phosphorus	74	75.5
Potash	29	29.6
Zinc	63	64.3
Sulfur	25	25.5
Northarvest	156	
Nitrogen	136	87.2
Phosphorus	124	79.5
Potash	70	44.9
Zinc	101	64.7
Sulfur	47	30.1

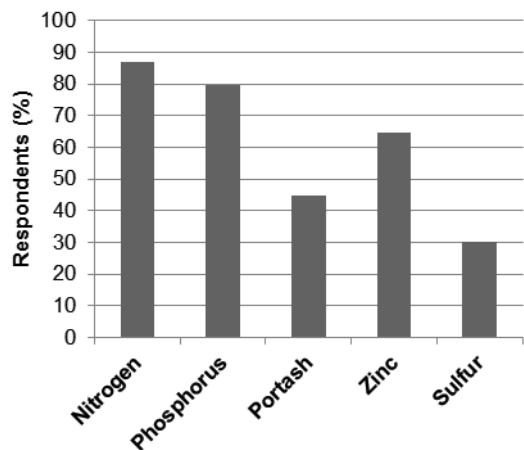


Figure 13. Northarvest use of fertilizers on dry bean fields in 2013.

Table 13. Use of soil test prior to fertilization of dry bean fields in 2013.

Soil test	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)
Minnesota		
Soil test used	47	71.2
Soil test not used	19	28.8
Total	66	100
North Dakota		
Soil test used	87	78.4
Soil test not used	24	21.6
Total	111	100
Northarvest		
Soil test used	134	75.7
Soil test not used	43	24.3
Total	177	100

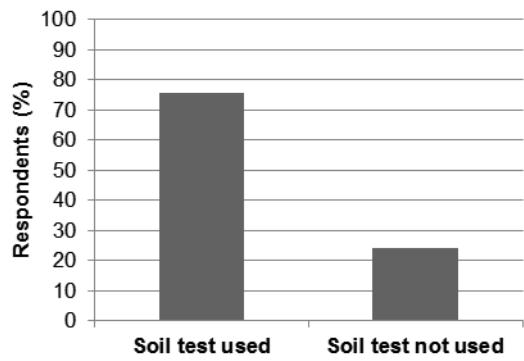


Figure 14. Northarvest use of soil test in 2013.

Table 14. Use of *Rhizobium* inoculants on dry bean fields in 2013.

<i>Rhizobium</i> use	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)
Minnesota		
Inoculant used	13	20.6
Inoculant not used	50	79.4
Total	63	100
North Dakota		
Inoculant used	17	15.6
Inoculant not used	92	84.4
Total	109	100
Northarvest		
Inoculant used	30	17.4
Inoculant not used	142	82.6
Total	172	100

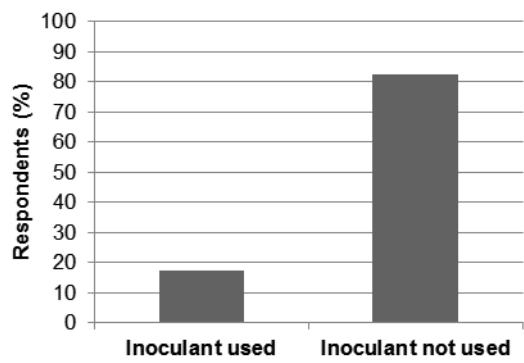


Figure 15. Northarvest use of inoculant in 2013.

Table 15. Use of site-specific nutrient management (SSNM) on dry bean fields in 2013.

Soil test	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)
Minnesota		
SSNM used	17	25.8
SSNM not used	49	74.2
Total	66	100
North Dakota		
SSNM used	19	17.3
SSNM not used	91	82.7
Total	110	100
Northharvest		
SSNM used	36	20.5
SSNM not used	140	79.5
Total	176	100

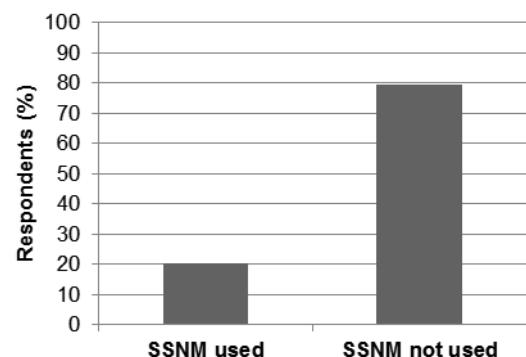


Figure 16. Northharvest use of site-specific nutrient management in 2013.

Table 16. Desiccants used on dry beans in 2013.

Dessicant	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^a	Acres reported (%) ^a
Minnesota				
Valor	40	59.7	11,803	51.1
No desiccant used	17	25.4	5,176	22.4
Glyphosate	11	16.4	2,377	10.3
Paraquat	9	13.4	1,802	7.8
Sharpen	3	4.5	835	3.6
Sodium chlorate	3	4.5	486	2.1
North Dakota				
Valor	50	45	21,263	35.9
Glyphosate	31	27.9	12,929	21.9
No desiccant used	28	25.2	12,808	21.7
Paraquat	17	15.3	8,577	14.5
Sharpen	15	13.5	8,302	14
Sodium chlorate	5	4.5	2,383	4
Northharvest				
Valor	90	50.6	33,066	40.2
No desiccant used	45	25.3	17,984	21.9
Glyphosate	42	23.6	15,306	18.6
Paraquat	26	14.6	10,379	12.6
Sharpen	18	10.1	9,137	11.1
Sodium chlorate	8	4.5	2,869	3.5

^aRespondents' acres only.

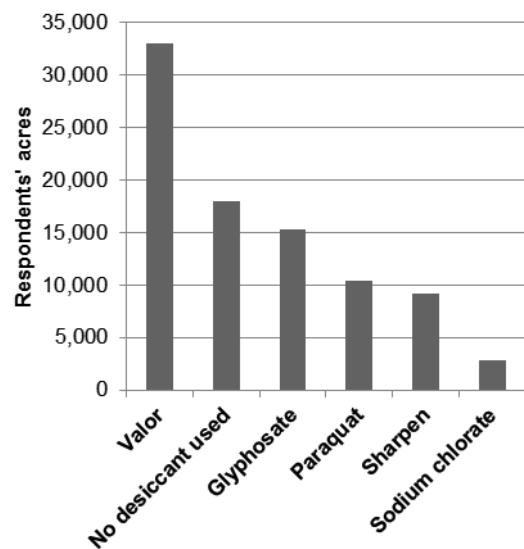


Figure 17. Northharvest desiccants used on dry beans in 2013.

Table 17. Frequency of crops in dry bean crop rotation program, 2009-2012.

Crop	2012	2011	2010	2009	4-year average
	Respondents (%)				
Minnesota					
Alfalfa	0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.1
Barley	0	6.1	0	1.5	1.9
Corn	54.5	36.4	45.5	27.3	40.9
Dry bean	6.1	12.1	24.2	27.3	17.4
Field pea	0	1.5	3	0	1.1
Hay	0	0	1.5	1.5	0.8
Oats	1.5	3	0	1.5	1.5
Potato	1.5	3	4.5	1.5	2.7
Soybean	0	31.8	27.3	21.2	20.1
Sugar beet	28.8	16.7	3	13.6	15.5
Spring wheat	27.3	15.2	19.7	9.1	17.8
No crop	0	1.5	0	0	0.4
North Dakota					
Barley	11	1.8	1.8	1.8	4.1
Canola	0.9	2.8	2.8	0.9	1.8
Corn	31.2	8.3	25.7	8.3	18.3
Dry bean	7.3	37.6	24.8	51.4	30.3
Field pea	0	0.9	0	0.9	0.5
Flax	0.9	0	0	0	0.2
Potato	5.5	7.3	3.7	3.7	5
Soybean	0	32.1	7.3	11.9	12.8
Sugarbeet	21.1	13.8	7.3	8.3	12.6
Sunflower	0	0.9	0	0	0.2
Wheat	67	34.9	55	25.7	45.7
No crop	0	2.8	0	0.9	0.9
Northharvest					
Alfalfa	0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4
Barley	6.9	3.4	1.1	1.7	3.3
Canola	0.6	1.7	1.7	0.6	1.1
Corn	40	18.9	33.1	15.4	26.9
Dry bean	6.9	28	24.6	42.3	25.4
Field pea	0	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.7
Flax	0.6	0	0	0	0.1
Hay	0	0	0.6	0.6	0.3
Oats	0.6	1.1	0	0.6	0.6
Potato	4	5.7	4	2.9	4.1
Soybean	0	32	14.9	15.4	15.6
Sugarbeet	24	14.9	5.7	10.3	13.7
Sunflower	0	0.6	0	0	0.1
Wheat	52	27.4	41.7	19.4	35.1
No crop	0	2.3	0	0.6	0.7

Table 18. Number of years dry beans are grown in dry bean crop rotation program.

Number of years	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)
Minnesota		
Every year	1	1.5
Every 2 years	11	16.9
Every 3 years	15	23.1
Every 4 years	12	18.5
Every 5 years	26	40
North Dakota		
Every year	4	3.7
Every 2 years	42	38.5
Every 3 years	24	22
Every 4 years	25	22.9
Every 5 years	14	12.8
Northharvest		
Every year	5	2.9
Every 2 years	53	30.5
Every 3 years	39	22.4
Every 4 years	37	21.3
Every 5 years	40	23

■ Wheat ■ Corn ■ Sugarbeet ■ Dry bean ▫ Soybean

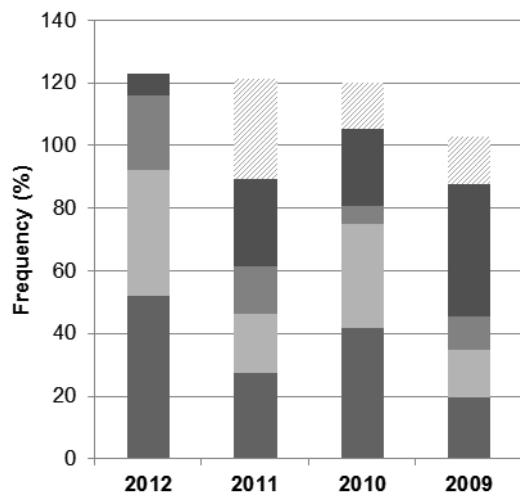


Figure 18. Northharvest frequency of major crops in dry bean crop rotation program, 2009-2012.

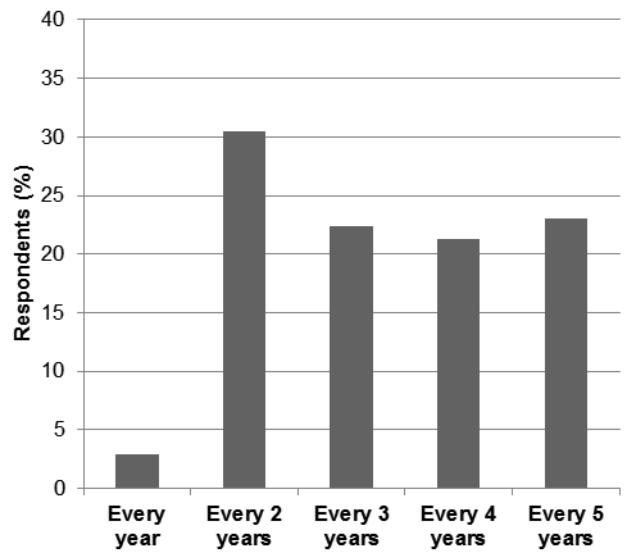


Figure 19. Northharvest number of years dry beans are grown in dry bean crop rotation program.

Insect Pests and Insecticide Use

Table 19. Worst insect problem in dry beans in 2013.

Insect ^a	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^{b,c}	Acres reported (%) ^{b,c}
Minnesota				
Leafhoppers	31	46.3	11,234	48.6
None	24	35.8	6,287	27.2
Aphids	5	7.5	2,720	11.8
Bean leaf beetle	2	3	1,350	5.8
Grasshoppers	3	4.5	1,267	5.5
Armyworms	2	3	234	1
Total	67	100	23,092	100
North Dakota				
None	86	76.8	42,802	72.2
Grasshoppers	7	6.3	5,232	8.8
Wireworms	7	6.3	4,255	7.2
Leafhoppers	5	4.5	3,597	6.1
Cutworms	4	3.6	2,461	4.2
Foliage caterpillars	1	0.9	550	0.9
Aphids	1	0.9	200	0.3
Seed corn maggot	1	0.9	153	0.3
Total	112	100	59,250	100
Northharvest				
None	110	61.5	49,089	59.6
Leafhoppers	36	20.1	14,831	18
Grasshoppers	10	5.6	6,499	7.9
Wireworms	7	3.9	4,255	5.2
Aphids	6	3.4	2,920	3.5
Cutworms	4	2.2	2,461	3
Bean leaf beetle	2	1.1	1,350	1.6
Foliage caterpillars	1	0.6	550	0.7
Armyworms	2	1.1	234	0.3
Seed corn maggot	1	0.6	153	0.2
Total	179	100	82,342	100

^aRanked as No. 1 insect problem by respondents.

^bRespondents' acres only.

^cInsect problem may not have been present across all reported acres.

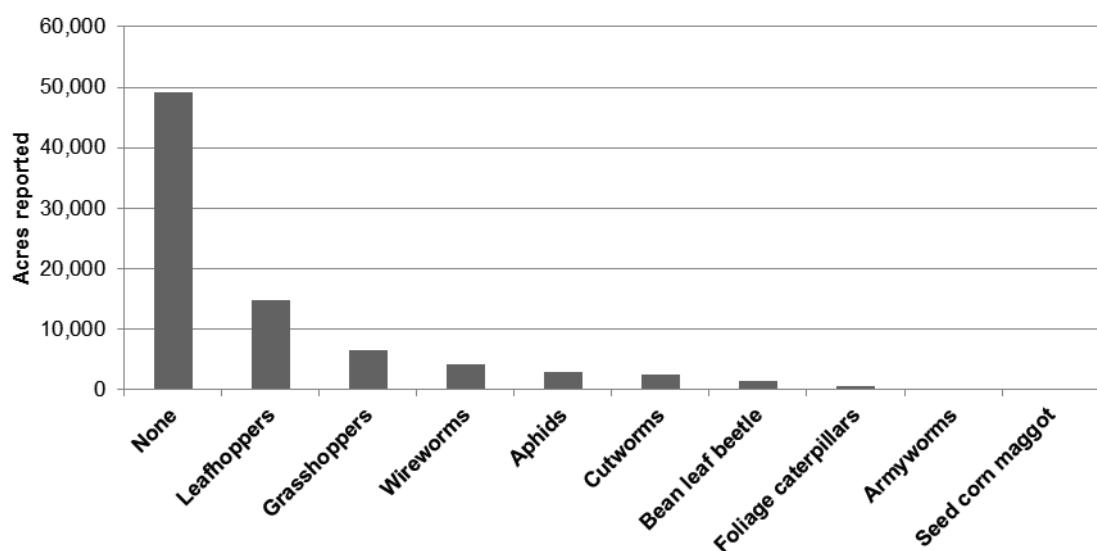


Figure 20. Northharvest worst insect problem in dry beans in 2013.

Table 20. Insects ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013.

Insect ^a	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^{b,c}	Acres reported (%) ^{b,c}
Minnesota				
Leafhoppers	35	52.2	12,922	56
None	24	35.8	6,287	27.2
Grasshoppers	11	16.4	4,390	19
Aphids	9	13.4	3,956	17.1
Bean leaf beetle	7	10.4	3,505	15.2
Spider mites	10	14.9	2,874	12.4
Wireworms	3	4.5	2,300	10
Seed corn maggot	3	4.5	1,800	7.8
Cutworms	4	6	1,389	6
Armyworms	3	4.5	714	3.1
North Dakota				
None	86	76.8	42,802	72.2
Grasshoppers	20	17.9	14,147	23.9
Wireworms	9	8	5,525	9.3
Cutworms	8	7.1	5,491	9.3
Leafhoppers	9	8	4,825	8.1
Aphids	6	5.4	4,239	7.2
Seed corn maggot	4	3.6	2,844	4.8
Bean leaf beetle	4	3.6	2,647	4.5
Spider mites	3	2.7	1,357	2.3
Foliage caterpillars	1	0.9	550	0.9
Northarvest				
None	110	61.5	49,089	59.6
Grasshoppers	31	17.3	18,537	22.5
Leafhoppers	44	24.6	17,747	21.6
Aphids	15	8.4	8,195	10
Wireworms	12	6.7	7,825	9.5
Cutworms	12	6.7	6,880	8.4
Bean leaf beetle	11	6.1	6,152	7.5
Seed corn maggot	7	3.9	4,644	5.6
Spider mites	13	7.3	4,231	5.1
Armyworms	3	1.7	714	0.9
Foliage caterpillars	1	0.6	550	0.7

^aRanked as No. 1, 2 or 3 insect problem by respondents.

^bRespondents' acres only.

^cInsect problem may not have been present across all reported acres.

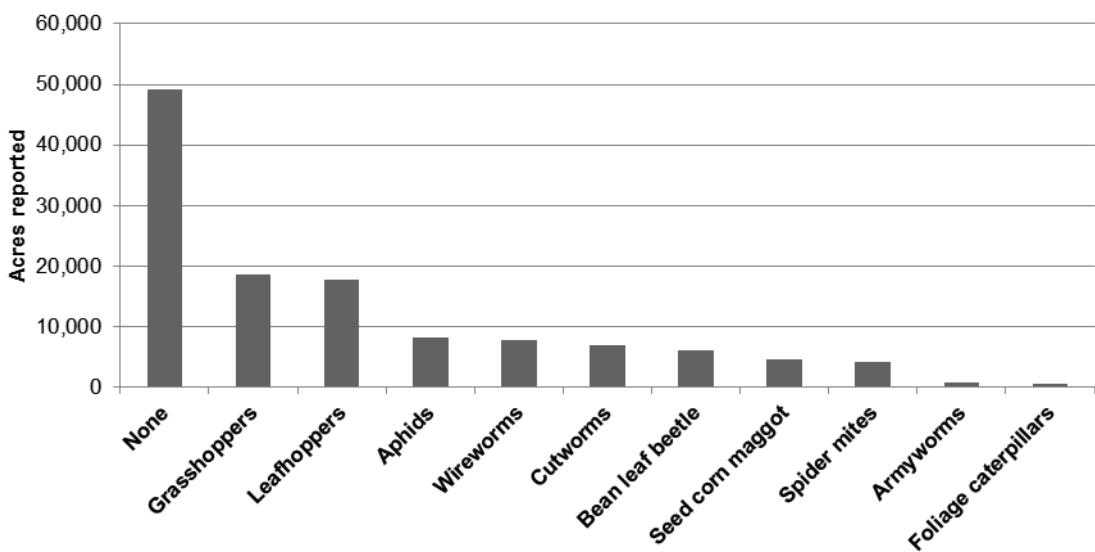


Figure 21. Northarvest insects ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013.

Table 21. Foliar insecticide use in dry beans in 2013.

Insecticide	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^{a,b}	Acres reported (%) ^{a,b}
Minnesota				
Asana XL	19	28.4	4,824	20.9
Hero	2	3	3,333	14.4
Warrior/generics	5	7.5	1,995	8.6
Dimethoate	2	3	560	2.4
Baythroid XL	1	1.5	475	2.1
None	39	58.2	12,460	54
Insecticide Total			11,187	48.4
North Dakota				
Warrior/generics	3	2.7	890	1.5
Asana XL	1	0.9	250	0.4
None	108	96.4	58,110	98.1
Insecticide Total			1,140	1.9
Northharvest				
Asana XL	20	11.2	5,074	6.2
Baythroid XL	2	1.1	3,333	4
Dimethoate	8	4.5	2,885	3.5
Hero	2	1.1	560	0.7
Warrior/generics	1	0.6	475	0.6
None	147	82.1	70,570	85.7
Insecticide Total			12,327	15

^aRespondents' acres only. Multiple applications count as multiple acres.

^bPercentages do not total 100 percent because some respondents treated more than once with the same product and/or treated the same acreage with more than one product.

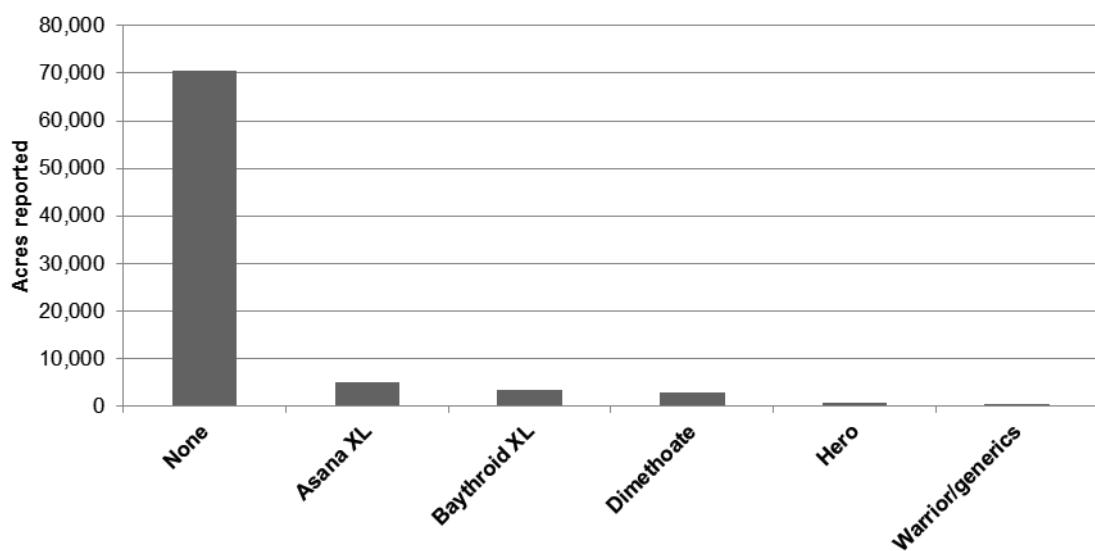


Figure 22. Northharvest foliar insecticide use in dry beans in 2013.

Table 22. Insecticide seed treatment use in dry beans in 2013.

Seed Treatment	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^{a,b}	Acres reported (%) ^{a,b}
Minnesota				
Cruiser/Cruiser Maxx	31	46.3	10,817	46.8
Lorsban	16	23.9	8,030	34.8
Gaucho/generics	5	7.5	2,055	8.9
Unknown	5	7.5	1,281	5.5
None	22	32.8	6,382	27.6
Seed Treatment Total			22,183	96.1
North Dakota				
Cruiser/Cruiser Maxx	36	32.1	19,187	32.4
Unknown	28	25	14,038	23.7
Lorsban	8	7.1	3,582	6
Gaucho/generics	4	3.6	2,624	4.4
None	43	38.4	22,559	38.1
Seed Treatment Total			39,431	66.6
Northharvest				
Cruiser/Cruiser Maxx	67	37.4	30,004	36.4
Unknown	33	18.4	15,319	18.6
Lorsban	24	13.4	11,612	14.1
Gaucho/generics	9	5	4,679	5.7
None	65	36.3	28,941	35.1
Seed Treatment Total			61,614	74.8

^aRespondents' acres only.

^bPercentages do not total 100 percent because some respondents treated more than once with the same product and/or treated the same acreage with more than one product.

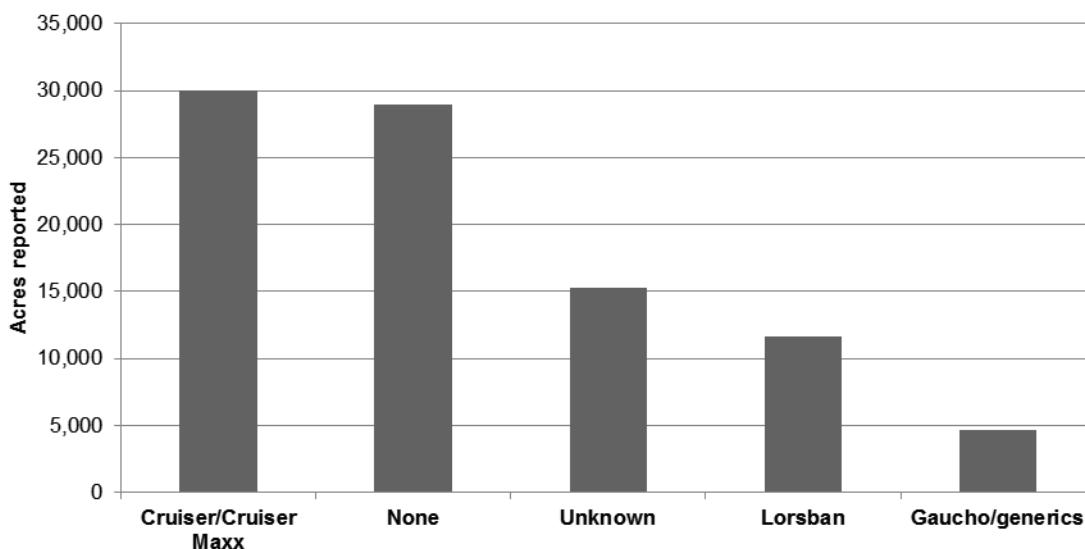


Figure 23. Northharvest insecticide seed treatment use in dry beans in 2013.

Plant Diseases and Fungicide Use

Table 23. Worst disease problem in dry beans in 2013.

Disease ^a	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^{b,c}	Acres reported (%) ^{b,c}
Minnesota				
White mold	25	37.3	10,453	45.3
Root rot	14	20.9	7,223	31.3
None	20	29.9	3,873	16.8
Bacterial blight	5	7.5	1,172	5.1
Rust	1	1.5	200	0.9
Bean common mosaic virus	1	1.5	138	0.6
Other viruses	1	1.5	33	0.1
Total	67	100	23,092	100
North Dakota				
White mold	69	61.6	40,948	69.1
None	29	25.9	10,785	18.2
Bacterial blight	7	6.3	3,272	5.5
Root rot	5	4.5	2,917	4.9
Anthracnose	1	0.9	820	1.4
Rust	1	0.9	508	0.9
Total	112	100	59,250	100
Northharvest				
White mold	94	52.5	51,401	62.4
None	49	27.4	14,658	17.8
Root rot	19	10.6	10,140	12.3
Bacterial blight	12	6.7	4,444	5.4
Anthracnose	1	0.6	820	1
Rust	2	1.1	708	0.9
Bean common mosaic virus	1	0.6	138	0.2
Other viruses	1	0.6	33	0.1
Total	179	100	82,342	100

^aRanked as No. 1 disease problem by respondents.

^bRespondents' acres only.

^cDisease problem may not have been present across all reported acres.

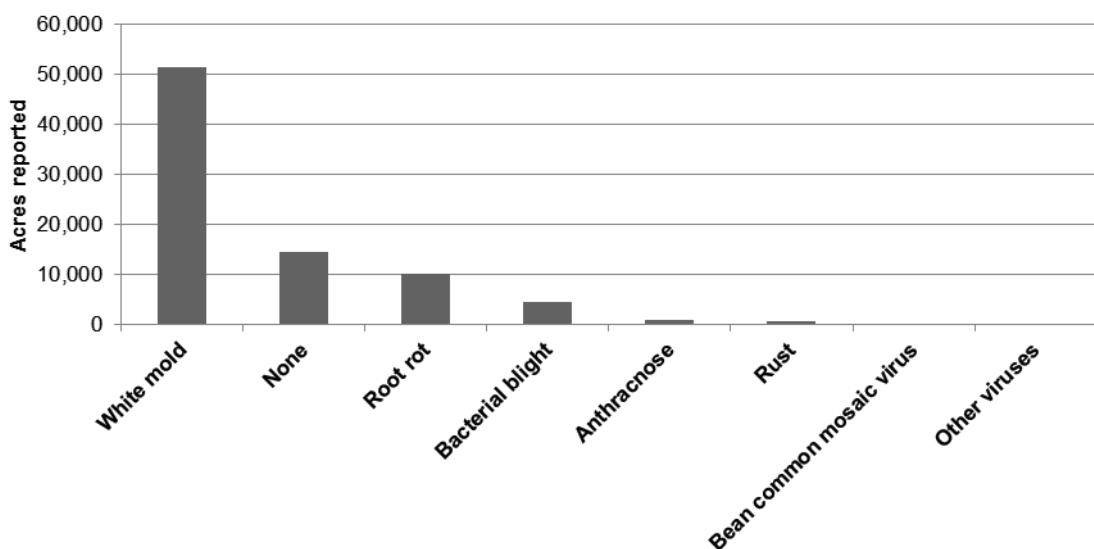


Figure 24. Northharvest worst disease problem in dry beans in 2013.

Table 24. Diseases ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013.

Disease ^a	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^{b,c}	Acres reported (%) ^{b,c}
Minnesota				
White mold	40	59.7	18,184	78.7
Root rot	28	41.8	13,414	58.1
Bacterial blight	23	34.3	12,980	56.2
None	20	29.9	3,873	16.8
Bacterial brown spot	4	6	1,793	7.8
Rust	6	9	1,748	7.6
Anthracnose	6	9	1,023	4.4
Other viruses	3	4.5	488	2.1
Bacterial wilt	1	1.5	242	1
Bean common mosaic virus	1	1.5	138	0.6
North Dakota				
White mold	80	71.4	46,957	79.3
Bacterial blight	40	35.7	21,693	36.6
Root rot	25	22.3	16,801	28.4
None	29	25.9	10,785	18.2
Rust	13	11.6	7,962	13.4
Bacterial brown spot	8	7.1	6,486	10.9
Anthracnose	10	8.9	5,172	8.7
Other viruses	6	5.4	1,560	2.6
Bacterial wilt	2	1.8	553	0.9
Bean common mosaic virus	1	0.9	153	0.3
Northarvest				
White mold	120	67	65,141	79.1
Bacterial blight	63	35.2	34,673	42.1
Root rot	53	29.6	30,215	36.7
None	49	27.4	14,658	17.8
Rust	19	10.6	9,710	11.8
Bacterial brown spot	12	6.7	8,279	10.1
Anthracnose	16	8.9	6,195	7.5
Other viruses	9	5	2,048	2.5
Bacterial wilt	3	1.7	795	1
Bean common mosaic virus	2	1.1	291	0.4

^aRanked as No. 1, 2 or 3 disease problem by respondents.

^bRespondents' acres only.

^cDisease problem may not have been present across all reported acres.

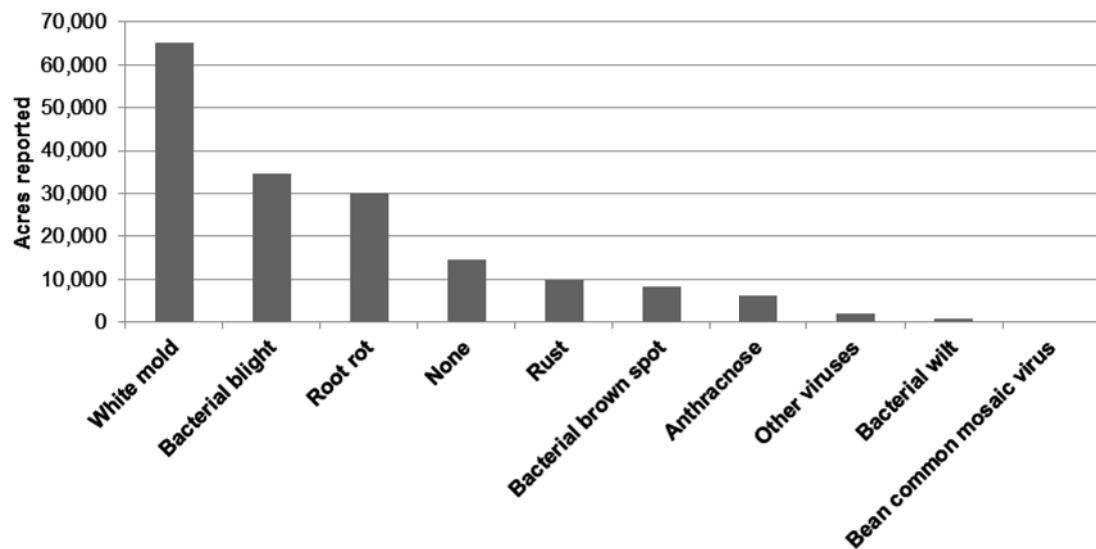


Figure 25. Northarvest diseases ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013.

Table 26. Fungicide seed treatment use in dry beans in 2013.

Seed treatment	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%) ^b	Total acres treated (no.) ^a	Total acres treated (%) ^{a,b}
Minnesota				
Apron	41	61.2	16,953	73.4
Maxim	35	52.2	15,313	66.3
Kodiak	6	9	4,709	20.4
Dynasty	7	10.4	3,316	14.4
Rancona	6	9	3,230	14
Unknown	10	14.9	2,615	11.3
Stamina	1	1.5	480	2.1
Captan	1	1.5	300	1.3
None	25	37.3	4,997	21.6
Seed Treatment Total			46,916	
North Dakota				
Apron	55	49.1	29,604	50
Maxim	48	42.9	24,024	40.5
Unknown	30	26.8	15,181	25.6
Captan	9	8	6,191	10.4
Dynasty	12	10.7	5,961	10.1
Rancona	11	9.8	5,642	9.5
Stamina	4	3.6	1,590	2.7
Streptomycin	2	1.8	856	1.4
Kodiak	1	0.9	200	0.3
None	48	42.9	17,162	29
Seed Treatment Total			89,249	
Northharvest				
Apron	96	53.6	46,557	56.5
Maxim	83	46.4	39,337	47.8
Unknown	40	22.3	17,796	21.6
Dynasty	19	10.6	9,277	11.3
Rancona	17	9.5	8,872	10.8
Captan	10	5.6	6,491	7.9
Kodiak	7	3.9	4,909	6
Stamina	5	2.8	2,070	2.5
Streptomycin	2	1.1	856	1
None	73	40.8	22,159	26.9
Seed Treatment Total			136,165	

^aRespondents' acres only. Includes acreage treated with more than one product.

^bPercentages do not total 100 percent because some respondents treated the same acreage with more than one product.

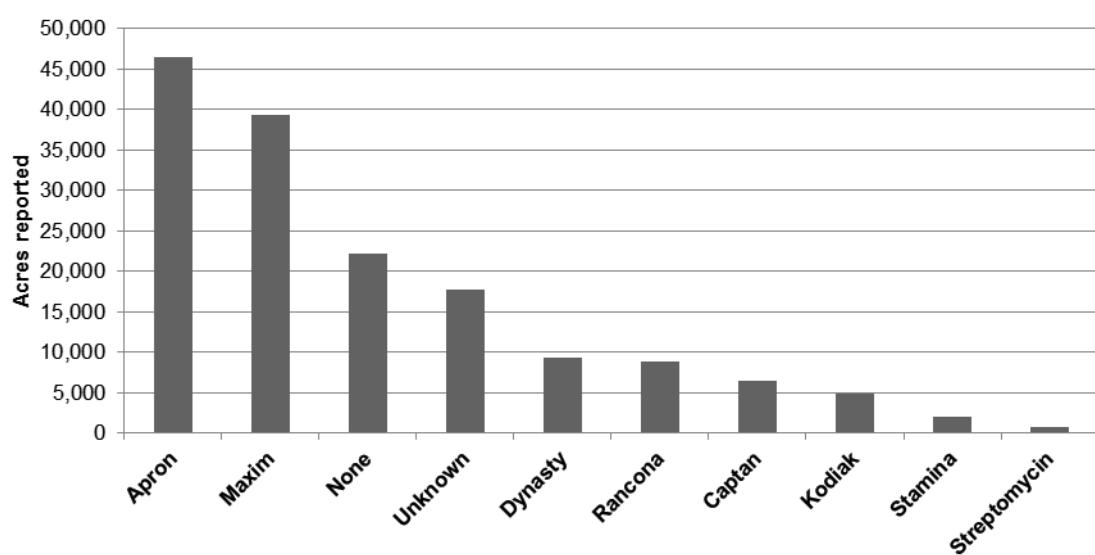


Figure 28. Northharvest fungicide seed treatment use in dry beans in 2013.

Weeds and Herbicide Use

Table 27. Worst weed problem in dry beans in 2013.

Weed ^a	Respon-dents (no.)	Respon-dents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^{b,c}	Acres reported (%) ^{b,c}
Minnesota				
Lambsquarters	22	33.3	8,304	36.1
Ragweed	15	22.7	6,847	29.8
Waterhemp	8	12.1	2,402	10.5
Kochia	3	4.5	1,422	6.2
Nightshade	4	6.1	1,153	5
Redroot pigweed	4	6.1	972	4.2
Wild mustard	1	1.5	816	3.6
Sunflower	4	6.1	594	2.6
Canada thistle	1	1.5	155	0.7
Foxtail	2	3	104	0.5
None	2	3	203	0.9
Total	66	100	22,972	100
North Dakota				
Kochia	22	20.2	13,648	23.1
Redroot pigweed	15	13.8	8,774	14.9
Biennial wormwood	12	11	6,315	10.7
Lambsquarters	10	9.2	6,268	10.6
Nightshade	13	11.9	5,882	10
Ragweed	8	7.3	4,397	7.5
Wild mustard	8	7.3	3,444	5.8
Wild buckwheat	4	3.7	2,909	4.9
Canada thistle	4	3.7	1,853	3.1
Volunteer grain	2	1.8	1,024	1.7
Sunflower	1	0.9	975	1.7
Cocklebur	2	1.8	920	1.6
Black medic	1	0.9	740	1.3
False chamomile	1	0.9	460	0.8
Foxtail barley	1	0.9	245	0.4
Waterhemp	1	0.9	190	0.3
None	4	3.7	956	1.6
Total	109	100	59,000	100
Northharvest				
Kochia	25	14.3	15,070	18.4
Lambsquarters	32	18.3	14,572	17.8
Ragweed	23	13.1	11,244	13.7
Redroot pigweed	19	10.9	9,746	11.9
Nightshade	17	9.7	7,035	8.6
Biennial wormwood	12	6.9	6,315	7.7
Wild mustard	9	5.1	4,260	5.2
Wild buckwheat	4	2.3	2,909	3.5
Waterhemp	9	5.1	2,592	3.2
Canada thistle	5	2.9	2,008	2.4
Sunflower	5	2.9	1,569	1.9
Volunteer grain	2	1.1	1,024	1.2
Cocklebur	2	1.1	920	1.1
Black medic	1	0.6	740	0.9
False chamomile	1	0.6	460	0.6
Foxtail barley	1	0.6	245	0.3
Foxtail	2	1.1	104	0.1
None	6	3.4	1,159	1.4
Total	175	100	81,972	100

^aRanked as No. 1 weed problem by respondents.

^bRespondents' acres only.

^cWeed problem may not have been present across all reported acres.

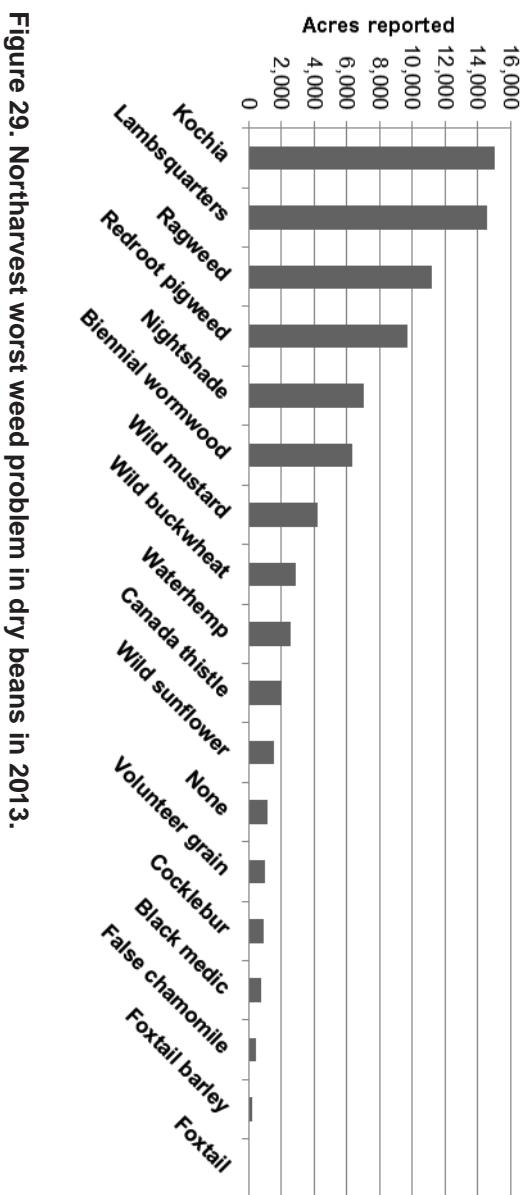


Table 28. Weeds ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013.

Weed ^a	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Acres reported (no.) ^b	Acres reported (%) ^b
Minnesota				
Lambsquarters	48	72.7	17,763	77.3
Ragweed	29	43.9	12,416	54
Redroot pigweed	26	39.4	8,582	37.4
Waterhemp	24	36.4	5,692	24.8
Nightshade	12	18.2	4,568	19.9
Kochia	7	10.6	4,297	18.7
Wild buckwheat	3	4.5	3,138	13.7
Biennial wormwood	5	7.6	2,865	12.5
Canada thistle	8	12.1	2,212	9.6
Wild mustard	3	4.5	1,196	5.2
Volunteer grain	2	3	1,020	4.4
Cocklebur	5	7.6	937	4.1
Foxtail	6	9.1	744	3.2
Sunflower	4	6.1	594	2.6
Proso millet	1	1.5	350	1.5
None	2	3	203	0.9
Velvetleaf	1	1.5	79	0.3
North Dakota				
Kochia	50	45.9	25,779	43.7
Lambsquarters	41	37.6	25,198	42.7
Redroot pigweed	39	35.8	22,401	38
Nightshade	27	24.8	16,873	28.6
Biennial wormwood	31	28.4	15,981	27.1
Wild mustard	24	22	13,659	23.2
Canada thistle	18	16.5	8,357	14.2
Cocklebur	15	13.8	8,317	14.1
Wild buckwheat	13	11.9	7,986	13.5
Ragweed	15	13.8	7,822	13.3
Volunteer grain	9	8.3	4,697	8
Foxtail	4	3.7	2,540	4.3
Curly dock	1	0.9	1,693	2.9
Waterhemp	4	3.7	1,378	2.3
False chamomile	2	1.8	1,160	2
Lanceleaf sage	2	1.8	1,002	1.7
Mallow	2	1.8	996	1.7
Sunflower	1	0.9	975	1.7
None	4	3.7	956	1.6
Black medic	1	0.9	740	1.3
Proso millet	1	0.9	250	0.4
Foxtail barley	1	0.9	245	0.4
Northharvest				
Lambsquarters	89	50.9	42,961	52.4
Redroot pigweed	65	37.1	30,983	37.8
Kochia	57	32.6	30,076	36.7
Nightshade	39	22.3	21,441	26.2
Ragweed	44	25.1	20,238	24.7
Biennial wormwood	36	20.6	18,846	23
Wild mustard	27	15.4	14,855	18.1
Wild buckwheat	16	9.1	11,124	13.6
Canada thistle	26	14.9	10,569	12.9
Cocklebur	20	11.4	9,254	11.3
Waterhemp	28	16	7,070	8.6
Volunteer grain	11	6.3	5,717	7
Foxtail	10	5.7	3,284	4
Curly dock	1	0.6	1,693	2.1
Sunflower	5	2.9	1,569	1.9
False chamomile	2	1.1	1,160	1.4
None	6	3.4	1,159	1.4
Lanceleaf sage	2	1.1	1,002	1.2
Mallow	2	1.1	996	1.2
Black medic	1	0.6	740	0.9
Proso millet	2	1.1	600	0.7
Foxtail barley	1	0.6	245	0.3
Velvetleaf	1	0.6	79	0.1

^aRanked as No. 1, 2 or 3 weed by respondents.

^bRespondents' acres only.

^cWeed problem may not have been present across all reported acres.

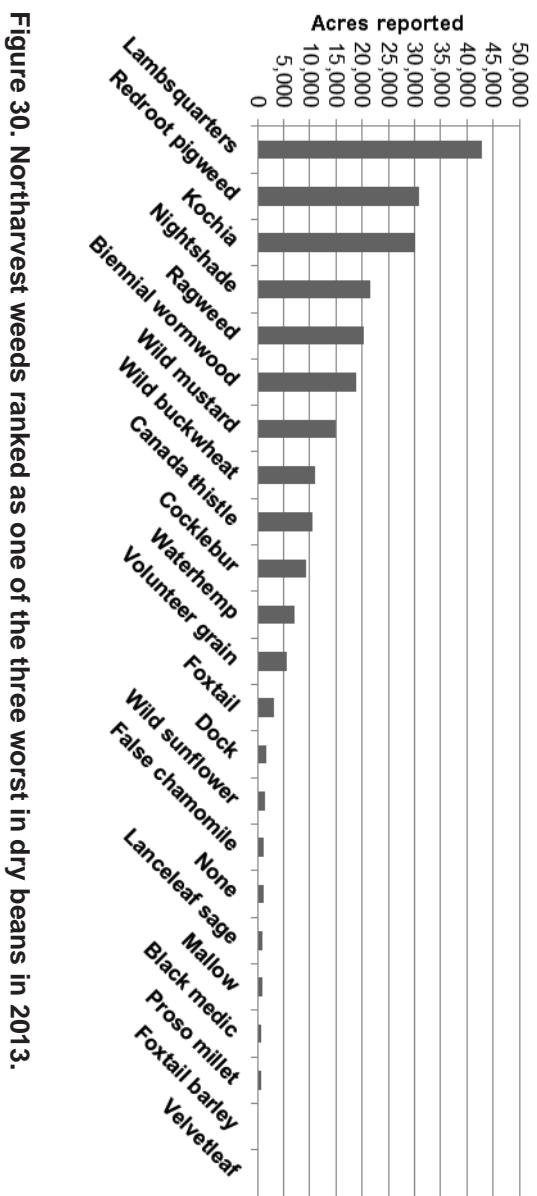


Figure 30. Northharvest weeds ranked as one of the three worst in dry beans in 2013.

Table 29. Weed control practices used in dry beans in 2013.

Herbicide or other practice	Acres reported (no.) ^a	Acres reported (%) ^b	Herbicide or other practice	Acres reported (no.) ^a	Acres reported (%) ^b	
Minnesota			Northarvest			
Raptor	18,000	78.4	Raptor	64,176	78.3	
Rezult	17,633	76.8	Rezult	60,003	73.2	
Cultivation	14,364	62.5	Cultivation	42,160	51.4	
Reflex	9,606	41.8	Reflex	33,974	41.4	
Sonalan (spring)	8,127	35.4	Select	25,858	31.5	
Select	7,023	30.6	Basagran	25,003	30.5	
Basagran	6,765	29.4	Sonalan (spring)	24,189	29.5	
Outlook	5,894	25.7	Spartan	12,566	15.3	
Prowl	5,879	25.6	Prowl	12,204	14.9	
Trifluralin (spring)	4,096	17.8	Trifluralin (spring)	11,081	13.5	
Dual	3,250	14.1	Glyphosate (preplant)	10,537	12.9	
Eptam (spring)	2,488	10.8	Outlook	9,361	11.4	
Manual labor	2,104	9.2	BroadAxe	6,337	7.7	
Glyphosate (preplant)	1,900	8.3	Permit	6,336	7.7	
Rotary hoe	1,360	5.9	Pursuit	6,135	7.5	
Sonalan (fall)	720	3.1	Assure II	5,945	7.3	
Permit	610	2.7	Rotary hoe	5,917	7.2	
Assure II	565	2.5	Manual labor	5,025	6.1	
IntRRo	482	2.1	Eptam (spring)	3,488	4.3	
BroadAxe	290	1.3	Dual	3,408	4.2	
Poast	227	1	Sonalan (fall)	2,788	3.4	
Pursuit	194	0.8	Poast	2,527	3.1	
Spartan	73	0.3	IntRRo	832	1	
Herbicide Total^c	93,822		Trifluralin (fall)	700	0.9	
North Dakota			Fusilade	190	0.2	
Raptor	46,176	78.3	Herbicide Total^c	327,638		
Rezult	42,370	71.8	^a Respondents' acres only. Includes acreage treated more than once with the same product.			
Cultivation	27,796	47.1	^b Percentages do not total 100 percent because some respondents treated more than once with the same product and/or treated the same acreage with more than one product.			
Reflex	24,368	41.3	^c Herbicide total does not include cultivation, rotary hoe or manual labor acres.			
Select	18,835	31.9				
Basagran	18,238	30.9				
Sonalan (spring)	16,062	27.2				
Spartan	12,493	21.2				
Glyphosate (preplant)	8,637	14.6				
Trifluralin (spring)	6,985	11.8				
Prowl	6,325	10.7				
BroadAxe	6,047	10.2				
Pursuit	5,941	10.1				
Permit	5,726	9.7				
Assure II	5,380	9.1				
Rotary hoe	4,557	7.7				
Outlook	3,467	5.9				
Manual labor	2,921	5				
Poast	2,300	3.9				
Sonalan (fall)	2,068	3.5				
Eptam (spring)	1,000	1.7				
Trifluralin (fall)	700	1.2				
IntRRo	350	0.6				
Fusilade	190	0.3				
Dual	158	0.3				
Herbicide Total^c	233,816					

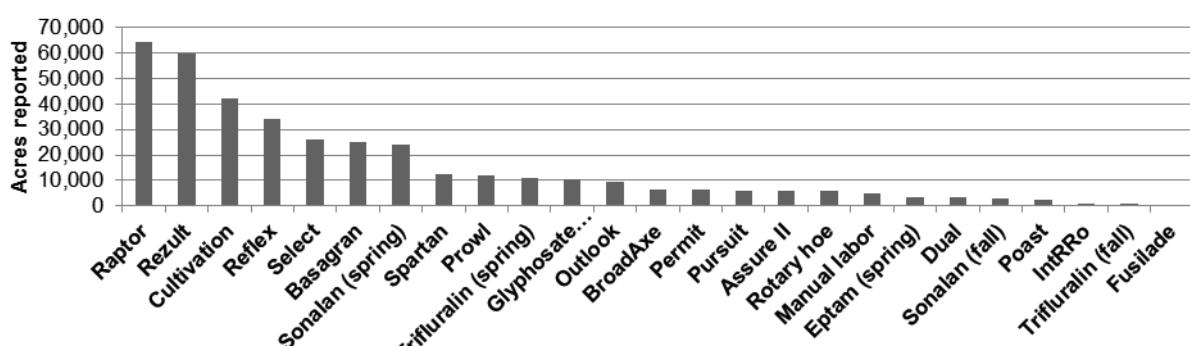


Figure 31. Northarvest weed control practices used in dry beans in 2013.

Herbicide or other practice	Black	Great Northern	Kidney	Navy	Pink	Pinto	Red
Trifluralin (fall)	0	0	0	0	0	1.6	0
Trifluralin (spring)	12.1	7.9	10.8	17.4	23.1	12.6	0
Cultivation	36.3	7.9	84.8	34.8	84.3	50.5	100
Rotary hoe	0	0	5.2	3.5	0	10.7	0
Manual labor	23.8	7.9	10.5	4.3	4.7	4.5	0

^aRespondents' acres only. Includes acreage treated more than once with the same product.

^bPercentages do not total 100 percent because some respondents treated more than once with the same product and/or treated the same acreage with more than one product.

Scouting and Threshold Practices

Table 31. Scouting practices in dry beans in 2013.

Minnesota	Insects		Diseases		Weeds	
	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)
Grower	32	48.5	30	45.5	31	47
Crop consultant	25	37.9	26	39.4	23	34.8
Both	9	13.6	9	13.6	12	18.2
Don't scout	0	0	1	1.5	0	0
Total	66	100	66	100	66	100
North Dakota						
Grower	55	50	57	51.8	56	50.9
Crop consultant	46	41.8	47	42.7	49	44.5
Both	6	5.5	5	4.5	5	4.5
Don't scout	3	2.7	1	0.9	0	0
Total	110	100	110	100	110	100
Northarvest						
Grower	87	49.4	87	49.4	87	49.4
Crop consultant	71	40.3	73	41.5	72	40.9
Both	15	8.5	14	8	17	9.7
Don't scout	3	1.7	2	1.1	0	0
Total	176	100	176	100	176	100

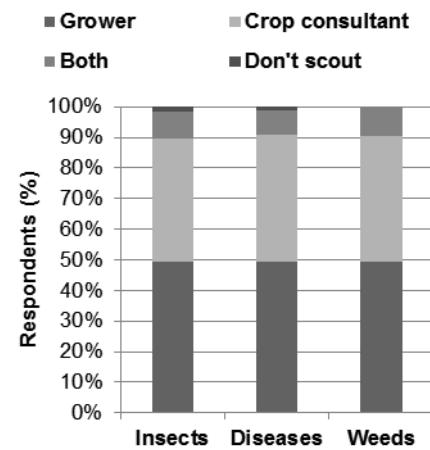


Figure 32. Northarvest scouting practices in dry beans in 2013.

Table 32. Use of economic thresholds for insects in dry beans in 2013.

	Respondents (no.)	Respondents (%)
Minnesota		
Economic thresholds used	63	95.5
Economic thresholds not used	3	4.5
Total	66	100
North Dakota		
Economic thresholds used	100	90.9
Economic thresholds not used	10	9.1
Total	110	100
Northarvest		
Economic thresholds used	163	92.6
Economic thresholds not used	13	7.4
Total	176	100

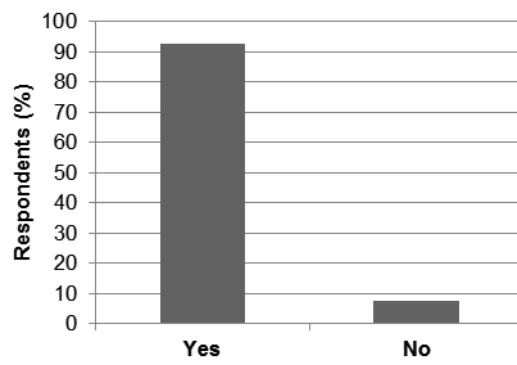


Figure 33. Northarvest use of economic thresholds for insects in dry beans in 2013.

References

1. Bradley, C.A., and Luecke, J.L. 2004. 2002 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. PP-1265.
2. Knodel, J.J., Beauzay, P.B., Franzen, D.W., Kandel, H.J., Markell, S.G., Osorno, J.M., and Zollinger, R.K. 2013. 2012 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. E-1640.
3. Knodel, J.J., Beauzay, P.B., Franzen, D.W., Kandel, H.J., Markell, S.G., Osorno, J.M., and Zollinger, R.K. 2012. 2011 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. E-1602.
4. Knodel, J.J., Luecke, J.L., Beauzay, P.B., Franzen, D.W., Kandel, H.J., Markell, S.G., Osorno, J.M., and Zollinger, R.K. 2011. 2010 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. E-1522 (revised).
5. Knodel, J.J., Luecke, J.L., Beauzay, P.B., Franzen, D.W., Kandel, H.J., Markell, S.G., Osorno, J.M., and Zollinger, R.K. 2010. 2009 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. E-1421 (revised).
6. Knodel, J.J., Luecke, J.L., Beauzay, P.B., Franzen, D.W., Kandel, H.J., Markell, S.G., Osorno, J.M., and Zollinger, R.K. 2009. 2008 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. E-1421 (revised).
7. Knodel, J.J., Luecke, J.L., Beauzay, P.B., Franzen, D.W., Kandel, H.J., Markell, S.G., Osorno, J.M., and Zollinger, R.K. 2008. 2007 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. PP-1392.
8. Knodel, J.J., Luecke, J.L., Beauzay, P.B., Franzen, D.W., Kandel, H.J., Markell, S.G., Osorno, J.M., and Zollinger, R.K. 2008. 2006 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. PP-1265 (revised).
9. Knodel, J.J., Bradley, C.A., Luecke, J.L., and Mars, G.A. 2008. 2004 and 2005 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. PP-1265 (revised).
10. Lamey, H.A., Berglund, D.R., McMullen, M.P., Luecke, J.L., Venette, J.R., McBride, D.K., Zollinger, R.K., and Grafton, K.F. 1993. 1991 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 13.
11. Lamey, H.A., Berglund, D.R., McMullen, M.P., Luecke, J.L., Zollinger, R.K., Glogoza, P.A., Venette, J.R., McBride, D.K., and Grafton, K.F. 1994. 1992 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 19.
12. Lamey, H.A., Berglund, D.R., McMullen, M.P., Zollinger, R.K., Venette, J.R., McBride, D.K., Venette, S.J., and Venette, R.C. 1992. 1990 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 10.
13. Lamey, H.A., Dexter, A.G., McBride, D.K., Venette, R.C., and Venette, J.R. 1990. Problems and Practices of Northharvest Dry Bean Growers in 1988. N.D. Farm Res. 48(20):6-11, 14.
14. Lamey, H.A., McMullen, M.P., Glogoza, P.A., Zollinger, R.K., Luecke, J.L., Berglund, D.R., Venette, J.R., and Grafton, K.F. 1998. 1996 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 44.
15. Lamey, H.A., Zollinger, R.K., Luecke, J.L., Berglund, D.R., Glogoza, P.A., and Grafton, K.F. 2001. 2000 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 72.
16. Lamey, H.A., Zollinger, R.K., McBride, D.K., Venette, R.C., and Venette, J.R. 1991. Production Problems and Practices of Northharvest Dry Bean Growers in 1989. N.D. Farm Res. 29(2):17-24.
17. Lamey, H.A., Zollinger, R.K., McMullen, M.P., Luecke, J.L., Grafton, K.F., Berglund, D.R., Venette, J.R., and Glogoza, P.A. 1996. 1994 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 28.
18. Lamey, H.A., Zollinger, R.K., Venette, J.R., Berglund, D.R., Luecke, J.L., Grafton, K.F., and Glogoza, P.A. 1997. 1995 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 33.
19. Lamey, H.A., Zollinger, R.K., Venette, J.R., McMullen, M.P., Luecke, J.L., Glogoza, P.A., Grafton, K.F., and Berglund, D.R. 1999. 1997 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 47.
20. Lamey, H.A., Zollinger, R.K., McMullen, M.P., Luecke, J.L., Venette, J.R., Berglund, D.R., Grafton, K.F., and Glogoza, P.A. 1999. 1998 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 58.
21. Lamey, H.A., Zollinger, R.K., McMullen, M.P., Luecke, J.L., Venette, J.R., Berglund, D.R., Grafton, K.F., and Glogoza, P.A. 2000. 1999 Dry Bean Grower Survey of Pest Problems and Pesticide Use in Minnesota and North Dakota. NDSU Extension Rpt. 64.
22. Venette, J.R., Lamey, H.A., Peterson, D.E., and Venette, R.C. 1989. Problems and Practices of Dry Edible Bean Production in North Dakota and Minnesota, 1987. N.D. Farm Res. 46(5):25-31.

APPENDIX I.

Please complete all requested information on practices, pest problems and pesticide use for your 2013 dry bean crop.

State	County	Acres
Minnesota	1.	
	2.	
	3.	
North Dakota	1.	
	2.	
	3.	
South Dakota	1.	
	2.	

Dry Bean Production in 2013	Acres
Total dry bean acres planted in 2013	
Total dry bean acres harvested	
Total irrigated acres	
Total dry bean acres on tile-drained ground	
Dry bean acres with hail damage	
Dry bean acres with frost damage	
Dry bean acres with water damage	

Dry Bean Production Problems in 2013 (please complete the table)		
Problem	Acres Affected	Bean Class
1. Applied herbicide injury		
*List herbicide in no. 1		
2. Herbicide drift injury		
3. Delayed planting		
4. Emergence/stand		
5. Harvest		
6. Disease		
7. Insects		
8. Weeds		
9. Micronutrient deficiency		
10. Excess water		
11. Hail damage		
12. Frost damage		
13. Drought		
14. Soil salinity		
15. Other (specify)		
Dry Beans Grown in 2013		
Bean Class	Variety	Acres
Black	Bandit	
	Condor	

	Eclipse	
	Jaguar	
	Loreto	
	Shania	
	T39	
	Zorro	
	Other (specify)	
Great Northern	Beryl	
	Orion	
	Other (specify)	
Kidney	Beluga	
	Cabernet	
	Cal Early LRK	
	Chinook 2000	
	Clouseau	
	Foxfire	
	Montcalm	
	Pink Panther	
	Red Hawk	
	Red Rover	
	Other (specify)	
	Avalanche	
	Ensign	
	HMS Medalist	
	Indi	
Navy	Merlin	
	Navigator	
	Norstar	
	T9905	
	Vista	
	Other (specify)	
	Sedona	
	Floyd	
	ISB 473	
	Viva	
Pinto	Other (specify)	
	Buster	
	GTS 904	
	GTS 907	
	La Paz	
	Lariat	
	Mariah	
	Maverick	
	Medicine Hat	
	ND 307	
	Othello	
	Pintoba	
	Sequoia	
	Sinaloa	
	Sonora	
	Stampede	
	Topaz	
	Windbreaker	
	Other (specify)	
Red	Merlot	
	Ryder	
	Other (specify)	
Other	Other (specify)	

Agronomy

Please list row spacing and plants per acre for each bean class that you planted in 2013.		
Class	Row Spacing (inches)	Plants Per Acre

Please list crops in your dry bean crop rotation program for up to three fields planted to dry bean in 2013.			
Year	Field 1	Field 2	Field 3
2012			
2011			
2010			
2009			

Please list acreage for each tillage type listed below for your dry bean fields in 2013..	
Tillage Type	Acreage
Conventional	
Minimum	
Strip-till	
No-till	

Fertilizer Program for Dry Beans in 2013. Please indicate pounds per acre for fertilizer components, and answer the questions.				
Nitrogen	Phosphate	Potash	Zinc	Sulfur
Did you inoculate with Rhizobium?	Yes	No		
Soil test prior to fertilizer application?	Yes	No		
Did you use site-specific nutrient management for any fertilizers?	Yes	No		

Harvest. Please circle one answer for each question.					
What percentage of your dry bean crop was harvested using direct combining in 2013?					
0%	1-25%	26-50%	51-75%	76-100%	
Your estimated yield loss using direct combining?					
0%	1-5%	6-10%	11-15%	16-20%	N/A
Your estimated yield loss using conventional combining?					
0%	1-5%	6-10%	11-15%	16-20%	N/A

Insecticides and Insect Pests

Foliar Insecticide (write in name or number from the list below)	Acres Treated	No. of Sprays

Foliar Insecticide Products

- 1. Adjourn
- 2. Asana XL
- 3. Baythroid XL
- 4. Brigade 2 EC
- 5. Dimethoate
- 6. Grizzly Z
- 7. Hero
- 8. Lambda-Cy
- 9. Mustang Max
- 10. Silencer
- 11. Tombstone Helios
- 12. Warrior II
- 13. Other (please specify)
- 14. None used

Seed Treatment Insecticides Used on Dry Beans in 2013. If you did not use a seed treatment insecticide, please write "0" for acres treated.

Seed Treatment Insecticide (write in name or number from the list below)	Acres Treated

Seed Treatment Insecticide Products

- 1. Attendant 600
- 2. Cruiser 5FS
- 3. Cruiser Maxx
- 4. Dyna-Shield Imidacloprid 5
- 5. Gaucho
- 6. Lorsban
- 7. Senator 600
- 8. None used
- 9. Other (please specify)
- 10. Don't know

Worst Insect/Mite Problem in 2013. Please rank 1-3, with 1 = worst. Please mark ONLY three.

Insect/Mite Pest	Rank
Armyworms	
Aphids	
Cutworms	
Bean Leaf Beetle	
Foliage Caterpillars	
Grasshoppers	
Leafhoppers	
Seed corn maggots	
Spider mites	
Wireworms	
None	

Fungicides and Disease Problems

Foliar Fungicides Used on Dry Beans in 2013. If you did not use a foliar fungicide, please write "0" for acres treated.

Foliar Fungicide (write in name or number from the list below)	Acres Treated	No. of Sprays	Application Method (circle one)	
			air	ground

Foliar Fungicide Products

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Cannonball | 8. Omega | 15. Quadris Opti |
| 2. Champion | 9. Priaxor | 16. Serenade |
| 3. Contans | 10. Proline | 17. Tebuconazole/generics |
| 4. Endura | 11. Proline (band) | 18. Topsin (banded) |
| 5. Headline | 12. Proline (broad) | 19. Topsin (broadcast) |
| 6. Incognito | 13. ProPulse | 20. Other (please specify) |
| 7. Microthiol | 14. Quadris/Amstar | 21. None used |

Seed Treatment Fungicides Used on Dry Beans in 2013. If you did not use a seed treatment fungicide, please write "0" for acres treated.

Seed Treatment Fungicide (write in name or number from the list below)	Acres Treated

Seed Treatment Fungicide Products

- | | |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Apron | 6. Rancona |
| 2. Maxim | 7. Captan |
| 3. Dynasty | 8. None used |
| 4. Headline | 9. Other (please specify) |
| 5. Kodiak | 10. Don't know |

Worst Disease Problem. Please rank 1-3, with 1 = worst. Please mark ONLY three.

Disease	Rank
Anthracnose	
Bacterial blights	
Bacterial brown spot	
Bacterial wilt	
Bean common mosaic virus	
Other viruses (general)	
Root rot	
Rust	
White mold	
None	

Herbicides and Weed Problems

Weed Control Practices Used on Dry Beans in 2013. Count double herbicide applications, double cultivation, etc. as double acres.

Weed Control Used (write in name or number from the list below)	Bean Class	Acres Treated

Weed Control Products and Practices

- | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Assure | 11. Intro/generics | 21. Sonalan (fall) |
| 2. Basagran/generics | 12. Outlook | 22. Sonalan (spring) |
| 3. BroadAxe | 13. Permit | 23. Spartan/Charge |
| 4. Dual/generics | 14. Poast | 24. Trifluralin (fall) |
| 5. Eptam (fall) | 15. Prowl | 25. Trifluralin (spring) |
| 6. Eptam (spring) | 16. Pursuit | 26. Cultivation |
| 7. Fusilade DX | 17. Raptor | 27. Rotary hoe |
| 8. Glyphosate (preplant) | 18. Reflex | 28. Manual labor |
| 9. Glyphosate (preharvest) | 19. Rezult | 29. Other |
| 10. Glyphosate (postharvest) | 20. Select/generics | 30. None used |

Worst Weed Problem. Please rank 1-3, with 1 = worst. Please mark ONLY three.

Weed	Rank	Weed	Rank
Biennial wormwood		Sandbur	
Canada thistle		Velvetleaf	
Cocklebur		Venice mallow	
False chamomile		Volunteer canola	
Foxtail		Volunteer grain	
Kochia		Waterhemp	
Lambsquarters		Wild buckwheat	
Lanceleaf sage		Wild mustard	
Nightshade		Wild oat	
Proso millet		Wild sunflower	
Ragweed		Other	
Redroot pigweed		None	

Dessicants Used on Dry Beans in 2013.
Count double applications as double acres.

Dessicant Used (write in name or number from the list below)	Bean Class	Acres Treated

Dessicant Products

1. Glyphosate
2. Paraquat
3. Sharpen
4. Sodium chlorate (Leafex, Defol)
5. Valor

Field Scouting

**Field Scouting in Dry Beans in 2013. For each question,
please circle the best answer that applies to your
operation.**

How do you scout your dry bean fields for insects?

Myself Crop Consultant Don't scout

How do you scout your dry bean fields for diseases?

Myself Crop Consultant Don't scout

How do you scout your dry bean fields for weeds?

Myself Crop Consultant Don't scout

**Do you follow recommended economic thresholds when
making insect control decisions?**

Yes No

**Thank you for completing the 2013
Dry Bean Grower Survey!**

Acknowledgments

A grant from the Northarvest Bean Growers Association funded the survey.

Cover photos by J.J. Knodel, S.G. Markell and J.M. Osorno

For more information on this and other topics, see www.ag.ndsu.edu

NDSU encourages you to use and share this content, but please do so under the conditions of our Creative Commons license. You may copy, distribute, transmit and adapt this work as long as you give full attribution, don't use the work for commercial purposes and share your resulting work similarly. For more information, visit www.ag.ndsu.edu/agcomm/creative-commons.

North Dakota State University does not discriminate on the basis of age, color, disability, gender expression/identity, genetic information, marital status, national origin, public assistance status, sex, sexual orientation, status as a U.S. veteran, race or religion. Direct inquiries to the Vice President for Equity, Diversity and Global Outreach, 205 Old Main, (701) 231-7708.

County Commissions, NDSU and U.S. Department of Agriculture Cooperating. This publication will be made available in alternative formats for people with disabilities upon request, (701) 231-7881.