FARM FLY CONTROL

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KNOW THESE DIFFERENT KINDS OF FLIES AND THEIR HABITS

**HOUSE FLY**

Breeds in manure.  
Does not bite. Has lapping mouth parts.  
Spreads filth. Contaminates food.  
Pesters humans and livestock.  
Lays from 2 to 21 egg masses with about 130 eggs per mass.  
Eggs develop into adult flies in 8 to 20 days.

**STABLE FLY**

Breeds in wet straw, hay or manure.  
Blood sucking mouth parts. Bites livestock.  
Feeds on livestock. Lives in barnyard.  
Each female lays from 400 to 600 egg masses. Up to 25 eggs per mass.  
Eggs develop into adult flies in 21 to 25 days.

**HORN FLY**

Breeds in fresh cattle droppings.  
Blood sucking mouth parts.  
Lives and feeds entirely upon livestock.  
About half the size of house fly.  
Eggs develop into adult flies in 10 to 14 days.

Haul Manure Frequently
SANITY ON IS THE KEY TO A SUCCESSFUL PIG PRODUCTION

IMPORTANT: When applying residual insecticides like DDT, use either knapsack sprayer or power sprayer. When spraying buildings, use not over 100 pounds pressure. On livestock, not over 200 pounds pressure. A lanette sprayer nozzle is best. Be sure

you sprayer is operating properly.

With livestock and poultry covered at all times.

1. Keep barn doors closed as much as possible. (2) Keep barn windows. (3) Screen barn doors if possible. (3) Keep animals from rear to front. Spray livestock early and repeat applications as necessary. (3) Mix each animal until spray runs off. Spray evenly. (1) Use wettable powders. When liquid insecticides are used, mix in water only. (2) Spray your

spray livestock to control the horn fly. Breeding takes place not only around the teat area but also in the

udder. Avoid spraying early in the spring before flies start to breed.

hay and feed sanitization

Spray livestock with insecticides.

Spray all buildings with insecticides.

- Weed control. There is also helpful when applied inside the barn.
- Good control is best but does not need to be perfect. Reapply insecticides 4 to 5 weeks.
- Remove all breeding places early in the spring before flies start to breed.
- Keep barn doors clean and dry, (2) Keep barns and feeding areas clean. (2) Keep barns and feeding areas clean.

Spray all buildings to help control stable and house flies. These are the ones that breed and live around farm

hay and feed sanitization

Feeding the pigs is also helpful when applied inside the barns.
Spray livestock thoroughly or until spray begins to run off the animals. Use approximately 1 quart of spray per

**DOt-BH COMBINATION**

- 1/4 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water or 110 gallons to 100,000 gallons of water.
- 1/8 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water or 110 gallons to 100,000 gallons of water.

**BHC**

- 1/4 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.
- 1/8 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.

**Lindane**

- 1/8 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.

**For Dairy Animals**

- Same as for methoxychlor in section above.

**METHOXYCHLOR**

- 1/4 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.
- 1/8 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.

**Dairy Animals**

- Use approximately 1 gallon of spray to each 500 square feet of wall surface.

**DOt-BH COMBINATION**

- 1 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water or 40 pounds to 100,000 gallons of water.
- 1/4 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water or 40 pounds to 100,000 gallons of water.

**BHC**

- 1/4 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.
- 1/8 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.

**Lindane**

- 1/8 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.
- 1/4 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.

**METHOXYCHLOR**

- 1/4 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.
- 1/8 pound to 2-1/2 gallons of water.

For dairy barns other than dairy

**Lindane**

- 1 pound 50 percent wettable powder to 2-1/2 gallons of water or 40 pounds to 100,000 gallons of water.
- 1/4 pound 50 percent wettable powder to 2-1/2 gallons of water or 40 pounds to 100,000 gallons of water.

**METHOXYCHLOR**

- 1 pound 50 percent wettable powder to 2-1/2 gallons of water or 40 pounds to 100,000 gallons of water.
- 1/4 pound 25 percent wettable powder to 2-1/2 gallons of water or 40 pounds to 100,000 gallons of water.

**Recommended Insecticides for Fly Control**

- 1 pound 25 percent wettable powder to 2-1/2 gallons of water or 40 pounds to 100,000 gallons of water.