“Reason for the higher ceiling price was the increase in parity bushel. The season average price in 1943-44 was $2.83 per bushel. Price for flaxseed from $2.75 per bushel on June 15, 1943, to $2.87 per bushel on June 15, 1944. The United States average price received by farmers for flaxseed on June 15, 1944, was $2.85 per bushel. The bulk of the flaxseed grown in the United States is in the Northwestern area and will be sold in the markets where the ceiling prices were raised.”—[H.L.W.]

Attempts to secure satisfactory stands of blue grama and side-oats grama by late spring seeding at Fargo in the spring of 1942 resulted in failure, according to T. E. Stoa, agronomist.—[H.L.W.]

In a 13-year trial at Fargo, 1930-1943 (omitting 1931), T. E. Stoa, agronomist, reports that from a comparable series of plots seeded in 1929, the average annual yields of a brome-alfalfa mixture has been 2.28 tons per acre (little alfalfa present in recent years), 2.20 tons per acre of bromegrass seeded alone, and 1.83 tons per acre of alfalfa seeded alone; 1.98 tons per acre of crested wheatgrass and 1.19 tons per acre of reed canarygrass. These are probably the longest continuous tests of crested wheatgrass and reed canarygrass under Red River Valley conditions. The old alfalfa field is beginning to get thinner, yet it produced 1.85 tons per acre in 1943, outyielding all the grasses that year.—[H.L.W.]