## September 2009

## Precipitation:

The majority of the September daily rainfall fell on the $8^{\text {th }}$ through the $11^{\text {th }}$ and on the $21^{\text {st }}$. The North Dakota Agricultural Weather Network (NDAWN) total September rainfall ranged from 5.68 inches at Britton SD to 0.07 inches at Crosby. Areas with above normal precipitation included the central northwest and the eastern part of the State. Most of
 the above normal values were between $150 \%$ and $300 \%$ of normal precipitation (Figure 1. High Plains Regional Climate Center). The majority of the below normal precipitation areas had less than $50 \%$ with the driest areas falling in the northwest corner.

## Temperature:

The monthly departure from normal air temperatures were above normal across the State with a range of 2 to $10^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ (Figure 2. High Plains Regional Climate Center). The daily average temperatures were above normal for the majority of the month and primarily ranged from approximately 60 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Daily temperatures did drop to below normal during the last three days of September. Other than January 2009, when the southwest corner had above normal monthly average air temperatures, the last time there was State wide above normal air temperatures was November 2008.
September's monthly average temperatures were some of the warmest or near warmest on record at several locations across the State. Williston with $64.3^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and Minot with $64.8^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ranked $1^{\text {st }}$ of the past 62 years. Bismarck with $65.0^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ranked $2^{\text {nd }}$ in the past 136 years. Fargo with $65.1^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ also ranked $2^{\text {nd }}$ in the past 129 years.

