



"NOT WILLING THAT ANY SHOULD PERISH."

VOL. 9. NO. 2.

FARGO, N. D., MARCH, 1907.

Monthly—25 Cts. a Year.

A Petition.

Henry Van Dyke.

These are the gifts I ask of thee. Spirit serene:
Strength for the daily task,
Courage to face the road,
Good cheer to help me bear the traveler's load.
And for the hours of rest, that come between,
An inward joy in all things heard and seen.
These are the sins I fain
Would have thee take away:
Malice and cold disdain,
Hot anger, sullen hate,
Scorn of the lowly, envy of the great,
And discontent that casts a shadow gray
On all the brightness of the common day.

Medical Temperance.

Last year instead of sending out leaflets on the subject of Medical Temperance I found sale for twelve copies of Mrs. Allen's book "Alcohol a Dangerous and Unnecessary Remedy" by offering them at forty-five cents each. I was enabled to do this through Mrs. Allen's offer of the books at eighty-six cents each if a number were sold. The usual price being \$1.25. Out of five dollars appropriation by the state union for this work I supplied forty-one cents, leaving forty-five cents to be supplied by each person who bought a book. I renew the offer this year but to a smaller number. The first seven orders received by me this year will be filled at forty-five cents apiece. I am anxious to have this book owned by every Union in the State and I wish every member of each union would make an effort to secure one for her library. I consider this a more judicious expenditure of our small appropriation (than leaflet could possibly be) altho they are good) until a very large number of the books are owned by our several unions throughout the state. In addition to this offer I will send to each county supt. or president the following leaflets: Alcohol in the Treatment of Tuberculosis of the Lungs," (for which I pay seventy-five cents per hundred) "Alcohol in medicines and liquors," (a descriptive leaflet, and the usual "Plan of Work" leaflet. I will not write a personal letter but will ask thro the Bulletin at this time that each county supt. or president on receipt of these leaflets write to each local supt. or president promptly sending a copy of each leaflet and asking that two meetings at least shall be devoted during the year to the subject of Medical Temperance. Mentioning also the offer in regard to Mrs. Allen's book.

Trusting this will meet with a ready response. I am yours sincerely,
NETTIE E. MOTT,
State Supt. Medical Temperance.

I forgot to mention that "An appeal to Publishers of Newspapers" was sent out by this department last year: over one hundred copies were distributed in this state. I have some left which I will enclose with "leaflet package" this year.
N. E. M.

The Alcohol Patent Medicine Menace.

Patent Medicines may be divided into three classes:
1. Those which are frauds but are not specially dangerous, except in delaying proper treatment, or to the pocket book.
2. Those which are more or less dan-

gerous to health but form no drug habit. In this class may be placed hair restorers, most of which contain sugar of lead or some other active lead compound. Cases of serious poisoning are reported from the use of such articles.
3. Those medicines which are dangerous to life, and most of which may and often do cause drug habits. These include the medicines containing alcohol of which we are about to speak.

Of those containing varying amounts of alcohol there are 67 with contents of alcohol ranging from 5.24 per cent. to 47.5 per cent. and averaging 16.4. Only 8 of these contain as little as 5 per cent. so about 6 out of 7 of them contain more alcohol than the average French Cognac or American wines. Each of 42 out of the 67 contain a larger per cent. of alcohol than the strongest wine sherry—17.5 per cent. and five contained more alcohol than whiskey (35 per cent.). The best known and most widely sold of these are Peruna 28.59 per cent. of alcohol, Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound 20.61 per cent., Hood's Sarsaparilla 18.8 per cent., and Paines' Celery Compound 21 per cent. Duffy's Pure Malt Medicinal whiskey which has been praised by its manufacturers as a remedy for lung and throat disease is, of course, just common whiskey. It is of cheap grade too, for it is sold over the bar of saloons for only 35¢ per quart.

Another sort of the preparations, the malt extracts, properly belong with the medicines or so called tonics which may produce alcoholic appetite. These are largely advertised as the most nourishing of liquid foods when really they are the dregs of the beer and do not contain nearly so much nourishment as the barley. An example of 35 samples of malt extracts bought in original packages in open market showed from 4.27 per cent. to 9.86 per cent. alcohol and averaged 6.23 per cent. This is about 2 per cent. more alcohol than is in ordinary beers. When it is remembered that alcohol, even in small quantities has the power to create an appetite which may become uncontrollable it is apparent that taking these alcoholic panaceas as directed in doses "varying from one to four times a day," "increased as needed," may make and often has made drunkards of its victims.

There are a very few papers which refuse to advertise the sale of patent medicines but this can readily be accounted because there is so much money in it. Some publishers of religious papers even when asked to discontinue advertising medicines which make drunkards and criminals and idiots while pretending to cure almost every known disease, have said that they could not run their paper without this advertising. The volume of the traffic in these medicines must be something enormous when one firm can boast of spending \$5,000 a day in advertising, nearly \$2,000,000 a year. Methods of advertising must be considered in studying the popularity of these methods. A new medicine is seen before the eyes everywhere—on bill boards, chimneys, bars and fences and in newspapers and magazines. Then the testimonials from people who were cured completely captivate the thought of the ailing one longing for the return of health and strength. He does not know that these testimonials are often purchased nor that some of these "cured" persons have died of the very diseases of which they claimed to be cured almost as soon as their testimonials appeared in print. The only thing to be done is to try to reach newspaper publishers with the

facts. Let them know the dangerous nature of the medicines which they advertise and they will help shame the others from making money out of the robbery of the sick and weakly. It is only fair to the public that they should know what they are taking. People who would not knowingly use alcoholic liquors should be protected against taking them unwillingly under delusive medicinal titles.

MRS. FRANCIS M. HILL,
Absaraka.

Systematic Giving.

Dear Co. Workers:—Another New Year has begun. The Old Year with its records of thoughts, words and deeds, whether good or bad, has past into history. How can we better spend this New Year? I find it so difficult to obtain the time for the good works that are needing your and my help, as I am sure do many others. Now, I am going to give you a plan whereby we may all more effectually help along the cause of right, viz: to lay by each week a tenth of all money received, of all income, but not excepting any debt, to be used in helping any worthy object or cause. The W. C. T. U. or other temperance work to have its share. We plan and work but we can accomplish little without means, and how can we more easily obtain the required means than by a willing, systematic giving of our Tenth.

But my tenth is so small, I seem to hear some say. A dime from every dollar if rightly used may accomplish a great deal. But we may also give a tenth of our time by encouraging others, lending a helping hand, giving sympathy, a smile and a kind word here and there. We spend, I think too much time on fancy articles, embroidery work and the like for our Church Fairs. Let us plan for more good social times, Mothers and Parlor meetings, Musical and Literary entertainments, contests for old and young and less time and money and hard work as hereto if we decide to give our tenth.

Have a separate purse for the tenth (the Lord's money) and plan to spend the best possible. Of course that will not debar us from giving quarters and dollars even during the tenth, for as we give, our desire for giving will increase as also will our income. For God's commands fulfilled are always followed by temporal as well as spiritual blessings. I ask each union to help in this by appointing a supt. of Systematic Giving, or at least have the pres. or Sec. write to me for Leaflets to be carefully distributed also to request the pastors to give attention to the subject in at least one sermon. Please read—Mal. 3:10.

Let us work, pray, and give that more may be accomplished in all lines of W. C. T. U. work than ever before.

Yours Sincerely,
ALICE MAY GOEHEN,
Sherwood, N. D.
State Supt., S. and P. Giving.

Our National Organ.

Dear White Ribbon Sisters:—It was a great disappointment to me when the Union Signal for Feb. 14th arrived to discover that there were no names of North Dakota Unions on the Honor List. I have been wondering since why this is and if the unions then on the Honor List at this place on the 1907 Honor List at state convention have forgotten their promise? I feel certain that it is only neglect for I know that many unions deserve to have their names on this roll of honor still and I want you to get to work at once

and see to it that your name is sent in to The Union Signal before the publication of the next Honor List. In order to have your name on this list, you must of course have a list of subscribers equal to one-fourth of your membership with the following requirements are also necessary: Have a statement from the local union treasurer signed by the president of the number of members paying dues in the union and also a list of your subscriptions to the Union Signal with post office address of each, signed by your Union Signal representative. Send this information to The Union Signal, Evanston, Ill. I will give you here a list of the unions that were entitled to a place on the Honor List at last State convention: Cando, Cooperdale, Ellendale, Lisbon, Thompson, Leal, Amana, Wyndmere, Harlem, Stirum, Cogswell, Oakes, Dwight, Fairmount, Hankinson, Valley City, Laramie, Niagara, Tower City, Hope, Cray, Maville, Underwood, Dawson and Sherbrooke Y. Will these unions and many others please see to it that your names appear on the Honor List at the next publication. If you have not a Union Signal representative please have one appointed at once to look after this work. I believe you already know that I have been requested to look after renewals and new subscriptions for the Union Signal this year and many among you have received personal letters from me regarding this work. I ask you once more to please send all renewals and new subscriptions to me and I will send them on to Evanston for you. If I can secure two hundred and fifty subscriptions during the year—and renewals count the same as new subscriptions—I will receive for our State treasury a check for \$25.00. With your help I might receive two checks for at the present time we have three hundred and ninety-five subscribers and it would take only one hundred and five new subscriptions to secure \$50.00. Will you not do your best to help? Before this reaches you I trust that many new subscriptions have been sent to help celebrate the birthday of our National President. We have won the Union Signal banner two years in succession at National Conventions, and I am sure we all wish to win it again and with a large increase in membership and subscriptions this year. Let us all arouse ourselves to greater activity in this very important work and success will surely be ours at the close of the year. Faithfully,

Your co-worker,
MAE HALCROW,
Bowesmount, N. D.
Feb. 20th, 1907.

WORK

Let me but do my work from day to day;
In field or forest, at the desk or loom,
In roaring market-place, or tranquil room.
Let me but find it in my heart to say,
When my vagrant wishes beckon me astray—
"This is my work; my blessing, not my doom;
Of all who live, I am the one by whom
This work can best be done, in the right way."
Then shall I see it not too great, nor small,
To suit my spirit and to prove my powers;
Then shall I cheerful greet the laboring hours,
And cheerful turn, when the long shadows fall
At eventide, to play and love and rest,
Because I know for me my work is best.
—Henry Van Dyke.

White Ribbon Bulletin

PUBLISHED MONTHLY.

Mrs. Elizabeth Preston Anderson,

Mrs. E. M. Pollock,
MANAGING EDITOR.

OFFICIAL ORGAN N. D. W. C. T. U.

MARCH, 1907.

Entered in the postoffice at Fargo, N. D., as second class matter.

Subscription price, per annum, 25¢
Extra Copies of The Bulletin, 2 Cents Each

OBJECT: To promote the advancement of the W. C. T. U. work of North Dakota in all its departments, and to do all in our power to bring the triumph of Christ's Golden Rule in custom and in law.

STATE MOTTO: I am but one, but I am one; I can not do everything, but I can do something; what I can do, I ought to do, and what I ought to do, by the grace of God I will do.

All manuscript for publication must be in my hands by the 15th of each month. Send all communications, subscriptions and money to
Mrs. E. M. POLLOCK,
FARGO, N. DAK.

STATE OFFICERS.

President—Mrs. Elizabeth Preston Anderson
Vice President—Mrs. Mac Hewitt Tousey,
Fargo.
Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Barbara Wylie Drayton.
Recording Secretary—Miss Bertha Ferguson, Grand Forks.
Treasurer—Mrs. Lizzie Schlosser, Mayville.

DEPARTMENT SUPERINTENDENTS.

Secretary Young Woman's Branch—Mrs. L. M. Brown, Coopers' own.
Assistant Secretary—Miss Emir Best, Hunter.
General Secretary Loyal Temperance Legion—Mrs. Ella C. Boise, Sherbrooke.
Assistant Secretary L. T. L.—Mrs. Estelle Taylor, Lisbon.
State Organizers—Mrs. Mattie Meacham, Absaraka; Mrs. Ida Sparks Clark, Fairmount.
Supt. Lecture Bureau—Mrs. Florence Connor, Minot.
Work Among Foreigners—Mrs. Julia Nelson, Fargo.
Work Among Indians—Mrs. C. I. Ha 11, Elbowoods.
Hereditally and Hygiene—Mrs. E. A. Morcy, Ojata.
Purity and Mothers' Meetings—Mrs. Blanche Marcellus, Forman.
Medical Temperance—Mrs. Nellie Mott, Lisbon.
Sunday School Work—Mrs. Edna F. Salmous, Cando.
Union Signal and Temperance Literature—Miss Mae Conroy, Bismarck.
Physical Education—Mrs. Elva Jackson, Grandin.
Press Work—Mrs. Muriel J. Hovey, Park River.
Anti-Narcotics—Miss Mary Carey, Bottineau.
School Savings Banks—Mrs. Margaret Hovey, Park River.
Scientific Temperance Instruction—Mrs. J. E. McCarty, Bismarck.
Medal Contests—Mrs. Lulu L. Mack, Dwight.
Evangelistic—Mrs. Lydia M. Northup, Hope.
Evangelistic Work and Unfermented Wine, Mrs. Ida Shields, Andler.
Penal and Reforming Work—Mrs. Katherine V. King, McKenzie.
Sabbath Observance—Mrs. S. M. Woolsey, Hankinson.
Social Meetings and Red Letter Days—Mrs. Kate Ransler, Cando.
Flower Mission—Miss Hazel Kneeshaw, Pembina.
State, County and Local Fairs—Mrs. Ida Sparks Clark, Bismarck.
Legislation and Enforcement—Mrs. Mattie M. Meacham, Absaraka.
Franchise—Mrs. Lotta Barnes.
Christian Citizenship—Mrs. Carrie E. Madison, Cando.
Peace and Arbitration—Mrs. Emma Clarke, Fargo.
Historian—Mrs. R. W. Pollock, Fargo.
Statistician—Mrs. Mae Hewitt Tousey, Fargo.
Proportionate Giving—Mrs. Alice May Goheen, Sherbrooke.
State Home Worker—Mrs. Emma Clark, Fargo.

Glistening Advertisements.

To Whom It May Concern:
Through advertising matter I was induced to come to Fargo to enroll at one of the business colleges. After about two months trial I found that the school fell far short of its glittering advertisements, so I investigated Aaker's Business College and found that it would pay me to sacrifice tuition paid at the other school in order to get the advantages offered by the A. B. C. After a two months' trial I am pleased to say that I have found it a school in the real sense of that word. In building, in equipment, in quality of instruction, and in helpful textbooks, the A. B. C. excels, and the school seems to carry out every promise.

Respectfully,

A. M. KLEIN.

Washburn, N. D., March 13, 1906.

The editor of the White Ribbon Bulletin has been visiting a "Pleasure Excursion" like Samantha Allen. We spent a week in Washington and visited the law makers in the national capital.

We met Congressman Webber and listened to his talk on the Webber Bill to prohibit the sale and manufacture of intoxicants in the District of Columbia, and it was our privilege to join the army of supporters who thronged the corridors and sought by their presence to show the strength of the temperance forces. The advocates of the temperance began to gather early at the Capitol. By 10 o'clock it was estimated that 2,000 advocates of the bill were in the corridors, and in statutory hall they gathered in little groups. Everywhere the white ribbon was prominent. It was a quiet, orderly crowd.

In the rotunda the crowd was formed in twos and in impressive procession marched past the open door of the District Committee room. As they passed they bowed their heads in silent prayer. At the conclusion of the hearing a picture of the crowd was taken on the steps of the main entrance.

Above the heads of the crowd in statutory hall towered the beautiful white marble statue of Frances E. Willard, portrayed with a sad smile of peace and recognition on her face, she seemed to look out over the gathering with mute approval. At her feet was a bouquet of white roses and red carnations, tied with a white ribbon, a tribute from the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of the District.

The hearing was to have begun at 10 o'clock, and to have continued for two hours, but it was delayed until 10:30 and was not concluded until after 1 P. Representative Webber, the framer of the bill, had charge of the prohibition side of the argument, and apportioned the time among the several speakers. Robert Crane led the opposition.

Mr. Webber declared that the drink bill of the people of the District of Columbia is about \$2,000,000 a year, and quoted from statistics to show that crime, pauperism and other evils are due largely to the saloons.

The Baptists, the Methodists, the Presbyterians, the Catholics, all Christian denominations sent their delegates who, representing each his thousands and hundred thousands, prayed for the passage of the bill. The temperance organizations representing many thousands more sent their delegates and each in turn gave reasons why our national capital should do this righteous thing.

Opposed to them were the representative of the Bartenders' Union, the Brewers' Association, the Liquor Association, and a representative of a labor union of 4,000 men, and last but not least Miss Phebe Cousins, feeble and almost helpless, advocate of personal liberty. How we wish we could record a felicitous ending, but we will not acknowledge defeat for our cause is just and right and must triumph.

We also attended a mass meeting in Metropolitan Methodist Church—McKinley's church—addressed by Rev. Dr. Paden of Salt Lake City, Utah. He ironically showed how polygamy was dying out. Brigham Young had twenty wives and fifty-five children, whereas Joseph Smith has only a paltry six wives and forty-five children, of whom but twelve have been born since the manifesto. Margaret Dye Ellis also addressed the meeting, showing that the people of Utah have no representation in Senator Reed Smoot, he being simply a representative of the Mormon church.

The official figures of the War Department show that in 1900 there were 1645 court martials for drunkenness and in 1906 (with canteen closed) 504. Yet papers publish with startling headlines that the Anti-Canteen law has increased trials by court martial ninety-five per cent. And the newspapers furthermore say that the officers are no longer able to control their men; that they cannot keep them from going to dives and dens of infamy outside the posts; that discipline cannot be maintained without beer. It seems to us if colonels in charge of regiments with military law at their back are not able to maintain among their men the same amount of discipline that prevails in colleges, Masonic lodges, labor guilds, St. Patrick Societies and Sunday Schools, it is high time we should have a different lot of colonels.

Prior to the exclusion of beer from the post stations the sale of liquor to soldiers amounted to three and a quarter millions of dollars in a period of two years.

PRESIDENT'S CORNER.

Dear Comrades:—Never before in the history of our state have so many bills been introduced in any one session of the Legislative Assembly for the strengthening and better enforcement of the prohibition law. The House has passed every such bill with but few dissenting votes. The Senate has also originated and passed a number of important measures along this line. The usual resubmission bill has made its appearance, but has developed no strength as yet.

The enforcement commissioner bill passed the senate yesterday by a vote of thirty to ten.

The concurrent resolution memorializing Congress to provide for an amending polygamy has passed both houses.

A concurrent resolution memorializing Congress to forbid the Internal Revenue Department to issue liquor licenses in states where prohibition prevails, has also passed both houses.

Both houses have passed bills to prohibit the soliciting of orders for intoxicating liquors.

Three anti-cigarette bills have been introduced. A joint committee of both houses have agreed upon one which will probably come up in the senate today or tomorrow.

The initiative and referendum bill in the house was amended so as not to apply to the constitution and passed the house. The senate initiative and referendum bill has also passed that body. It did not apply to the constitution and the effort of the resubmissionists to amend it failed. We have great reason to be thankful that the initiative and referendum law which we shall have will not open the way for an attack on the prohibition clause of the constitution.

A bill providing for the seizure and confiscation of intoxicating liquors imported into the state in violation of law has passed the House.

A bill has passed the House which declares that all alcoholic drinks which may be used as a beverage and become a substitute for ordinary intoxicating drinks shall be held to be intoxicating liquor. No question of percent is involved provided the beverage retains the alcoholic principle or its intoxicating qualities as a distinctive force in the compound.

The House has passed a bill providing that all persons holding federal liquor licenses in the state must register the same with the county auditor, paying a fee of ten dollars, and also publish for three weeks, in official county and city papers, giving name of person to whom government tax receipt is issued, date, description of property, etc. If this becomes a law the way of the "blind pig" will be exceedingly hard in North Dakota.

Another bill has passed the house which provides that anyone letting a building for the unlawful sale of intoxicating liquors shall, upon conviction, pay a fine of not less than two hundred or more than one thousand dollars and imprisonment in the county jail not less than ninety days or more than one year.

Still another bill passed the House providing that a search warrant shall be issued upon the affidavit of any person that intoxicating liquors are being kept on any premises in unusual quantities or for the purpose of barter and sale.

All these bills are awaiting action in the Senate. From the vote on the Enforcement Commissioner bill and other indications we have reason to hope that such action will be favorable.

The Senate has passed a bill making it a felony for any public service corporation or liquor interest to contribute to political campaigns.

A bill has also passed the senate providing that fines and penalties for unlawful dealing in intoxicating liquor shall go into a permanent liquor prosecuting fund.

A law prohibiting child labor has passed the senate and will doubtless be passed by the house.

It is especially conceded that we have an unusually good Legislative Assembly this year. Hon. Arne P. Haugen, who introduced the present prohibition law in the First Legislative Assembly, is chairman of the temperance committee of the House. He is a veteran worker for prohibition. Hon. H. H. Strom, chairman of the temperance committee in the senate, has long been recognized as a leader among the workers for prohibition and is president of the Scandinavian Republican League.

Some of the unions have inquired why an equal suffrage bill has not been intro-

duced. Last August, through the White Ribbon Bulletin, I requested every union to circulate a petition for equal suffrage, when it came before the legislature. The circulation of petitions is also an excellent educational campaign. The Leal union, one of the most faithful in the state, sent in a fine petition, but that is the only one received! You will understand why a suffrage bill has not been introduced.

We believe there are many people who are helpful to the union Institutes, especially if directed by the county responding secretary officer. We have written and district president arrange for a series of or April, taking in every county president and invite her to come and hold an institute with your union, following the program given below.

The mid-year executive meeting will be held at the Home in Fargo Wednesday March 13th at 9:30 a. m. The board of directors for the Home will meet the same day at 1:30 p. m. The executive committee will meet the next day also.

Valley City union observed membership week with a membership contest which has added one hundred and twenty-one members to the union. We trust all unions have observed this week and Memorial Day. If for any reason these were not observed at the usual time, we earnestly urge that this may be done later.

The State Report should be in the hands of every local officer and superintendent. Order from Mrs. Lizzie Schlosser, Mayville.

Mrs. Mattie Meacham, our legislative superintendent, is here with me, and is a great help and comfort in the work.

Yours faithfully,
ELIZABETH PRESTON ANDERSON,
Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 27, 1907.

Later. Resubmission killed in the House by a vote of 61 to 30.

Local Institute Program.

- 2:00 Bible Reading, County President.
- Organization—Appointment of Committees—Press Reporter, Membership, Union Signal and Crusader Monthly.
- 2:20 The Aim of this Institute, County Corresponding Secretary.
- 2:30 Duties of Officers—President, Cor. Secretary, Rec. Sec., Treasurer, by Local Officers.
- 3:00 State and County Plans and Interests to be Emphasized this Year, County President.
- 3:15 Dues, When Paid, How Divided, County Cor. Secretary.
- 3:30 Plans for the Department of Scientific Temperance Instruction this Year, County President.
- 3:45 How Shall we Celebrate the Fourth of July?
General Discussion.
- 4:00 Question Box on Department Work
- 4:15 What We Owe to Our National Organ, The Union Signal.
- 4:30 Circulation of Membership Cards.

EVENING.

Medal Contest or Demonstration of Department Work.

We gratefully acknowledge the receipt of a copy of "A Brief History of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union." This little book is a sort of W. C. T. U. encyclopedia, a handy one which we hope every member of our organization will feel she cannot do without. In paper twenty-five cents, cloth fifty cents.

"No state can rise higher than the individual, and no church can be more influential than the firesides from which its members come. The warning that comes to us over the clicking wires and comes to us over the clicking wires and comes to us over the clicking wires. Have a jealous care of your boys and girls. Restriction is far better than unlicensed liberty, and a morsel with purity better than wealth with infamy."

A word with press superintendents: There are many people who read the secular papers and who pass our temperance publications by. Therefore it is of the utmost importance that our work be kept constantly before the public in the daily and weekly newspapers. To make and to keep sentiment is our aim. The medium of reaching the masses is through the press. Keep up a live connection.



Treasurer's Report.

Mayville, N. D., Feb. 18, 1907.

Dear Sisters:—As our treasury is very low I would ask all who have not sent in State and Home pledges to do this as soon as possible; our Home is especially in need of this, as we have not enough in to pay our February bills.

Sincerely yours,
Mrs. SCHLOSSER, Treas.

Thompson, state dues 70c, state minutes \$1.80	\$ 2 50
Wahpton state dues	2 10
Wyndmere state minutes	40
Bisbee state dues	1 40
Cooperstown state \$10. Leg. \$5. L. T. L. \$5.	20 00
Hamilton state dues	4 20
Grand Forks state dues \$5.00, state \$10.	15 60
Grand Forks Home \$10. L. T. L. \$5. Chau \$2.	17 00
Grand Forks Leg. \$2. Memorial \$2.	4 00
Grand Forks state minutes	45
Minto state dues	9 80
Mrs. A. D. Cleveland, Whittier, Cal. state dues	1 00
Park River Home	11 25
Antler Home \$5. State personal pledges \$5.	10 00
Bay Centre state dues	5 20
Ladies Guild Luth. church, Northwood Home	5 00
Fargo Scan. state \$10. Leg. \$5.	15 00
Leah Home \$5. state dues \$5.00, state minutes 15c	10 75
Mrs. Emma Miller Home inmates	2 00
Kolla, through Mrs. Miller, Home	2 55
Tyner state dues	5 60
Edgeley state dues	8 40
Cooperstown state dues	6 30
Lisbon state dues	18 90
Lathrop Union, Grafton, state dues \$6.30, state minutes 17c	6 47
Enderlin state dues	6 30
Amenia state dues	1 40
Sherbrooke Y. state \$10. Home \$5.	15 00
Mrs. Kate B. Haynes, Cleveland, Bulletin	25
Valley City state minutes	75
Miss Emilie Ballack, Forest River state dues	1 40
Miss Emilie Ballack, Forest River Home	1 20
Sherwood state dues	70
Mooreton state dues \$2.10, Home \$4.	6 10
Leal Sailors and Soldiers barracks	2 40
Valley City state dues \$4.20, Home \$10.50	14 70
Leal state \$5. state minutes 15c	5 15
Leal memorial \$2. Mrs. Flewell Home \$5.	7 00
Leal state dues	1 40

British Suffragists Demand Right to Vote.

London, Feb. 9.—Titled women clad in silk and velvet, women with university degrees, girl graduates in caps and gowns, women artists, members of the Lyceum and other women's clubs, temperance advocates and women textile workers, gathered from all parts of the country this afternoon and marched in procession through the rain and muddy streets of London in support of the movement in favor of woman suffrage. The participants in the procession were marshalled in Hyde Park, and with bands and banners marched through Piccadilly, Regent Street and Pall Mall to Trafalgar Square and Ereter Hall, where a public meeting was held. The speakers demanded the early attention of parliament to the bill providing for the enfranchisement of women. The demonstrators included such well known persons as Lady Frances Balfour, sister of the ex-premier, Lady Maud Parry and other titled women, Mrs. Fawcett, widow of the former postmaster general, and most of the leaders of the more important suffrage societies, who are utterly opposed to the militant methods of the so called "suffragettes," who recently were carried out of the house of commons by policemen and committed to prison for disturbing the peace. There were several thousand women in the procession, which was half a mile long.

Tell the unions for me to send in their subscriptions to American Motherhood "quick" while they are going at such splendid offers. Push that work this winter; 'tis the parents that need the training! Mrs. B. L. Marcellus, Forman, N. D.

In the Meetings of the Legion.

It goes without saying that every member of the Union should visit the Legion frequently; that teachers should be furnished as needed; that cordial sympathy should be given its Leader; that earnest prayer should be offered at every meeting of the Union for the Legion, its Leader and members; that frequent reports of the Legion, its work and its needs, should be required. Never allow the Legion Leader to feel that she is working alone, carrying the entire burden, a burden which you, in electing her, have coolly thrown off your shoulders. "Can a mother forget her child?"

Sunday School Department.

Every White Ribboner is earnestly asked to become interested in the plans for the observance of each Quarterly Temperance Sunday of 1907. The list of temperance lessons with the temperance topics and program points should be given to all Sunday School teachers and officers. This will announce the lesson. Let our workers remember the plan for each Quarterly Temperance Sunday, viz: The first Sunday, March 24, will be "Neal Dow Day" since it occurs so near his birthday. We will aim to cherish the memory of the Father of Prohibition. The second Sunday is named by our National Superintendent of Anti Narcotics, as Anti Cigaret Day, and we will lend our energies to making it memorable as an anti tobacco day in the Sunday Schools. The third Sunday will be the climax of a Sunday School Pledge signing crusade the plans of which will be carefully outlined. The fourth Sunday is World's Temperance Sunday and is our Sunday School Temperance Rally Day. Special helps and literature will be provided by our National Superintendent, Mrs. Stella B. Irvine, Riverside, Cal., for each Quarterly Temperance Sunday.

Instead of banners, prizes in literature will be awarded this year by the National Supt. Five dollars in literature to the State Supt. making the greatest percent of increase in local superintendents. Three dollars in literature for the best organized department, and two dollars in literature for model reports.

I ask the earnest co-operation of every union in our state in the work of securing some one of these prizes. And the first move is the appointment of a local superintendent for this work. Then send to Mrs. Irvine for the "Quarterly Budget" 15c a quarter or 50c a year. It contains samples of all helps. This department of Sunday School work affords a vast field of opportunity in which to sow temperance truths that will grow into Christian Citizenship, and it is for the unions to say what the harvest shall be. Our National Superintendent sends this greeting:

Now beloved to the work! Be strong in the Lord and very courageous! No day ever dawned so full of hope and opportunity for the Sunday School department as to day.
Yours for more local superintendents,
(Mrs.) EDNA F. SALMOSS,
State Supt.

School Banks and Banking.

From Thrift Tidings we take the following:—"In so far as we have aggregated statistics of the amount of money deposited by the scholars for their personal credit in the United States since the system was first established in the public schools of Long Island City, N. Y., in 1885 by Mr. J. H. Thiry, it is \$4,364,575 (this includes the savings through the Penny Provident, of New York City.) To-day we have record of \$1,223,560 standing to the credit of 334,587 scholars in 1,500 schools. These schools are in 28 states.

There is no more effective way to present this work than in public addresses and by talks in the schools.

The following resolution was passed at the World's W. C. T. U. Convention, held in Boston, October, 1906:

RESOLVED, That, recognizing the value of thrift teaching as a temperance measure, we encourage more actively the institution of the School Savings Banks system in the public schools and the economy of small amounts of money for useful purposes.

Fairs and Open Air Meetings.

Dear Sisters:—This department aims to carry the gospel of Temperance and Purity to the people. We seek to reach and interest men, women and children who are not in our organization, and to educate our own members through the open air work by means of the spoken word or printed page. Agricultural fairs are features of our national life. They bring people from all parts of the country together. Each one is eager to learn something new. This gives the W. C. T. U. an opportunity to spread a knowledge of our work, and to impress upon the people our principles, in order that this world may be a safe place for our children. Have written each county president in our state asking her to appoint a supt. in her county and send me her name.

I shall ask the county supt. to see that the W. C. T. U. keep house on the fair grounds. Provide a resting room of some sort, and put a cheerful, tactful woman in charge. Secure a booth and decorate it, making an exhibit of W. C. T. U. work. Distribute literature abundantly. Economic and christian citizenship leaflets will interest the men. Department leaflets, Union Signal and White Ribbon Bulletin will interest the women, and the Crusader Monthly for the young people. All department literature is useful and much knowledge of our aims and methods may in this way reach almost every home in the county. Let us get every W. C. T. U. woman in the county interested in an exhibit. Let people know what we are doing. Let us have barrels on the fair grounds marked W. C. T. U. and kept full of cold water. Secure the ice cream privilege. Serve lunches or dinner. In this way we can secure money to carry on our work. Be sure and keep plenty of pledge cards and white ribbon for the new members, and do not forget to pin the white ribbon on the old member who "forgot to wear it." Give a cordial welcome to everyone thus showing the spirit of comradeship which characterizes the Women's Christian Temperance Union.

If there should be a Camp meeting, Old Settlers picnic or an open air meeting of any kind in your county try and secure a place on the program for a W. C. T. U. speaker and have literature on hand for distribution. My wish is that each local union plan one or more open air meetings during the summer. Secure the best speakers and musicians possible, make the program good, interesting and not too long. In conclusion keep track of all work done. How many meetings? How much money raised? How many pages literature distributed? How many Union Signals? How many new members gained? Give an account of all work done in your county.

Yours for loyal service,
IDA SPARKS CLARK,
State Supt. of Fairs,
Feb. 12, 1907. Barwick, Ont., Can.

Brief History of W. C. T. U.

WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE ALWAYS AT HAND

Suggestions for papers and discussions and material for their preparation? A concise and accurate book of reference on matters of W. C. T. U. History?

These are a few hints as to what you will find in the new and timely book "A Brief History of the W. C. T. U.," being the Course of Study for 1906 carefully revised. Price, paper 25 cents, cloth 50 cents. Address and make all money orders payable to The Union Signal, Evanston, Ill.

Casselton Reporter

CASSELTON, N. D.

Neat Job Work for W. C.

T. U. on Short Notice,

AT REASONABLE PRICES

FIELD NOTES.

Dwight, N. D., Feb. 26th, 1907. Active and honorary members of the Dwight W. C. T. U. gathered at the Congregational parsonage on the evening of the 19th for a parents' meeting. The president conducted several exercises. A duet was sung. Mr. Mack read a paper upon a wife's duty to her husband. For most people health, happiness and usefulness lie in the marriage relation, hence the first duty of the woman to her husband is to consent to be his wife. A wife may help her husband to courage and industry, to wise plans and profitable labors, to high ideals and a quickened conscience. Her keen moral sense may detect wrong where he sees only a bargain. The wife's influence for good in the home depends somewhat upon her neatness and cheerfulness and grace of manner. Her gracious womanhood should be the centre and atmosphere and inspiration of the home. Dr. Van Dyke says, "Woman's sphere is an atmosphere." The wife should be loved for spiritual value, not merely for physical being or housekeeping talent. She may help to keep spiritual facts and ideals and motives to the fore in the home. The wife should be reverent toward sacred things and maintain a religious life, for in this she has a duty to her husband as to other friends. Mrs. John Beattie furnished a paper upon the duty of a husband to his wife. Mrs. Beattie protested that not alone the wife should be cheerful and neat in the home and helpful, but that the husband should dust his clothes and clean his shoes and shave his face and help maintain cheerfulness and neatness. Nor should the wife be responsible for arousing the household to an early breakfast prepared while her husband took a second nap, but he should be up and build the fire and share the household burdens in sickness, not laying all the night vigils upon his wife but doing his part in the care of sick. It is the husband's duty to escort his wife to places of entertainment. She is not a machine to grind continuously with nothing pleasant to look forward to. If the husband will perform the duty of going to church with his wife, that one good deed will over-balance many neglects. Especially is it the duty of the husband to live a sober, up-right, God-fearing life, to support the wife in the moral training of the children and to live so nobly that his wife and children can look upon him with respect and pride. Principal Bairdon of the public school furnished a paper upon the subject, co-operation of parents with teachers. The principal of co-operation is recognized as essential to success in whatever line of work. Cooperation of parents with the teacher encourages him and incites the pupils to do their best. Parents should visit the school, share with the teacher such knowledge of the child's disposition as will help him to do best for the child, and give the teacher their confidence, frankly discussing with him the conduct and interests of the child. The teacher should have support in his efforts at discipline and in his efforts to inculcate the habit of regularity and punctuality in attendance, so important in school work and so essential in the work of after-life. And, most important of all, parents and teachers should cooperate in the moral training of the children and the developing of right characters. Mr. John Larson furnished some valuable ideas upon the duty of fathers in the home. Refreshments were served and the company dispersed rejoicing in the fellowship of friends. Correspondent.

Pembina, N. D., Feb. 26, 1907. Dear White Ribbon Bulletin:—We thought you would like to know what we are doing in Pembina. Of course you know our situation on the Red River with a small town on the other side of the river. We have a strong Union of twenty-five members beside several honorary members, a Y and a Loyal Legion. In our canvass for signers to the petition for the Littlefield bill, we found only four legal voters who refused to sign the petition and they were not among our good business men. We hold our meetings the last Friday in each month. Under the leadership of our faithful president who is an untiring leader, we do our best to further the good cause of purity and temperance in everything—to further God's Kingdom on earth. Our last Mothers' meeting held at the home of our county President, Mrs. W. J. Kneeshaw, was well attended, over 90 invitations were sent out to mothers and teachers in our town. The program consisting of readings on the "Physical

and Mental Development of the Child," "The Child in the Home," "God's Typical Woman," etc., and hymns with appropriate solos and hymns. "Speak Gently," a solo by our County Treasurer was very much enjoyed by all present. Our President of Mothers' meeting secured the names of all present as cooperators in the "Child's Labor Federation of America," after which dainty refreshments were served by the hostess. We held a Valentine social in the City Hall to get means to carry on our work. We decorated the hall with white ribbon bows, cupid darts and hearts and arranged a very pretty table from which we sold home-made candy and realized over five dollars. Part of the evening was spent in playing games after which a short program was rendered and refreshments served. We realized over twenty-eight dollars from the social. We held our Willard meeting in the M. E. church after the usual Sunday evening services. Rev. Karr stated the purpose of the meeting and a short program consisting of reading on the life and work of our departed leader, Frances Willard, was given. The collection amounted to over three dollars.

Cooperstown, N. D., Feb. 16th, 1907. Though we had better let the other Unions of the state know that we are not so drifted in but what the beautiful weather we have had this winter, easily thawed us out, and we were able to have a very interesting and profitable Willard meeting. The W. C. T. U. held a Willard Memorial meeting, Thursday afternoon, Feb. 14th. The program was in charge of Mrs. Cooper, at whose home the meeting was held. There is no meeting of the union so sure to be full of interest as a Willard meeting, and our meeting this year was no exception to the rule. Our President, Mrs. Blackwell, presided, and the program consisted of several very beautiful vocal selections, with several readings on the different phases of Miss Willard's life. Roll call was answered by each one giving a selection from Miss Gordon's book, "What Frances E. Willard said." A collection was taken, two dollars of which is for the Memorial Fund. At the close Mrs. Cooper served a very delicious lunch. Cor. Sec.

Richland county is still alive tho report has been sent to the Bulletin for some time. Dwight union has held a very successful Parents' meeting also a Mothers' meeting these young women have recently joined their union, stormy weather has interfered with their regular meetings. Fairmont Union is having interesting meetings and keeping the work before the public thru the press. Wahpeton union is gaining interest, tho they miss very much their long-time Pres. Mrs. Woolsey, who has removed to Hankinson. They are to give a Willard social on the evening of Feb. 18th. On Feb. 15th Hankinson union held a successful Silver Medal contest with Misses as contestants, twice well received and gave the union a nice after convention treat. Immediately after organized a Senior L. T. L. and they are doing well, especially in physical culture. I feel sure that Wyndmere and Mooreton unions have something good to say of themselves if they only would take time to say it.

Asaraka, N. D., Feb. 11, 1907. Our union recently held a successful meeting at the residence of Mrs. Nils Nilson, the topic, Medical Temperance. Frances M. Hill read a paper on "The Alcoholic Patent Medicine Menace." We are using a printed program this year and find it very satisfactory. We have held three meetings since Jan. 1st. The "weather man" smiled on the dates set so we felt we were specially favored.

Lisbon Union held a Frances Willard Memorial meeting Friday evening at which husbands and honoraries were invited. An interesting program was given, refreshments were served, and a generous free will offering was received followed by a delightful social hour. Four new members were secured. We are glad to be in direct communication with Fargo and the rest of the world once more.

Englevale, N. D., Feb. 14, 1907. Dear White Ribbon Sisters:—At our last meeting we packed a box of clothing and provisions valued at \$12.50 to send to the W. C. T. U. Home at Fargo. We also sent \$12.50 cash, \$2.50 of it being a collection from our honorary members at the meeting. The remaining \$10 from our treasury. We have planned a double contest for Feb. 22. The silver medal contestants being a class of eight young men and the L. T. L. contestants eight little girls. Press Supt.

The Amenia Union spent three afternoons in the fall sewing for a needy family. They have also re-furnished their Home crib. Meetings have been held regularly all winter in spite of the severe weather. A parlor meeting was held on Thursday evening, Feb. 14th, at the home of Mrs. R. B. Reed, to which the husbands of the members were invited, and also a number of other friends. A pleasant evening was spent.

The Drayton W. C. T. U. held a reception for their honoraries, new members and other friends on the evening of Feb. 8th. The spacious home of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. McCrea was well filled and the workers felt encouraged to see the interest that was manifest. A program of vocal and instrumental music, interspersed with short addresses was given, closing with an old-fashioned shelling match in which two gentlemen acted as captains. Dainty refreshments were served, after which a social time was enjoyed by all. Through the personal solicitation of the faithful treasurer, Mrs. G. A. McCrea, 20 new actives and honoraries have lately been added to the Drayton union.

DRINKING FOUNTAINS

FOR MAN AND BEAST

Manufactured by

THE J. L. MOTT IRON WORKS

118-120 Fifth Ave. New York



Copyright, 1907, by The J. L. Mott Iron Works

Catalogue mailed on request and Special Prices given to all Charitable and Temperance Societies

The Course of Study for Local Unions which has been so popular during 1906 is to be continued in

THE UNION SIGNAL

during 1907, taking up present day phases of reform and the part of the W. C. T. U. therein. Send in your name for enrollment at once (no fee required). Address COURSE OF STUDY DEPT., The Union Signal, Evanston, Ill.

Address and make money orders payable to THE UNION SIGNAL, Evanston, Ill. Do not send personal checks or drafts except on New York or Chicago banks.

THE CRUSADER MONTHLY

In addition to its regular L. T. L. features, will give two pages each month of just the helps public school teachers need in presenting to their pupils the principles of Scientific Temperance Instruction. These papers will be so interesting that Seniors, Juniors, fathers, mothers, teachers and pupils will all enjoy them together. Each union should see that every teacher in the public schools is a subscriber.

Yearly subscription to THE UNION SIGNAL \$1.00, THE CRUSADER MONTHLY 25 cents. Send subscriptions at once. Fine premiums offered for clubs. Sample copies and premium announcements of either paper free. Address

THE UNION SIGNAL, Evanston, Ill.

DR. J. E. CAVANAGH,

Magnepraction Physician.

Specialist in Chronic Diseases.

All Diseases treated by a muscle and nerve adjustment of the spinal column and without the use of drug or knife.

The X-Ray is used in assisting the Magnepraction diagnosis of the spine.

Descriptive Literature mailed upon application. Address

DR. J. E. CAVANAGH,

Fargo Sanitarium, - Fargo, N. D., 1329 Third Ave. South. Phone 630L.

MAIL ORDERS Which require taste and careful selection should be sent to
MISS A. G. MABEE,
PURCHASING AGENT,
704 Lumber Exchange,
MINNEAPOLIS, - - - MINN.
Ten years experience in filling mail orders. No commission charged.

ROBT M. POLLOCK

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Morris Block, Fargo, N. D.

WILLIAM J. CLAPP,

Attorney at Law.

Rooms 5 and 6, First National Bank Building

FARGO, - NORTH DAKOTA.

OFFICE HOURS: - Graduate University of Pennsylvania.
Morning, 9 to 12.
Afternoon, 1:30 to 5:30.



Telephone Office 133L House 123K

FARGO, N. Dak.

Fargo Carpet and Rug Co.

Make Rugs, Clean Carpets, Clean Sewing Machines, Repair Sewing Machines, Sell Repairs, Oil and Needles for all Machines. . . .

107 Eighth St. S. 'Phone 319

Real Estate Bought and Sold. First Mortgage Loans Negotiated.

Frank Bynch,

Dealer in All Kinds of **Farm Machinery**

Wagons, and Carriages, Deering Harvesting Machines, John Deere Plows. Agent for Advance Thresher Co.

CASSELTON NORTH DAK.

DR. H. A. BEAUDOUX

Practice Limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Office Hours: 9 to 12, 2 to 5; Sundays 10 to 1

Edwards Building, Over Alex Stern & Co.

FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA.

J. H. Rindlaub, M. D. Elizabeth Rindlaub, M. D.

DRS. RINDLAUB

—SPECIALISTS—

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
FARGO, N. D.

de Landreelle block, Opposite N. P. Depot

HEADQUARTERS FOR

W. C. T. U. Supplies

Miss Ruby I. Gilbert,

131 Wash Ave. Chicago. Ill.