

Technical Advisory Group Summary for Policy Group Appendix B

Fargo Moorhead Metropolitan Area Flood Risk Management Project

> Supplemental Environmental Assessment Document

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TAG Summary for Policy Group

March 8, 2018

A Technical Advisory Group (TAG) was created as an advisory group to the Fargo-Moorhead Area Flood Diversion Task Force to assess components and alternatives as well as to provide technical guidance to the Task Force. After the conclusion of the Task Force, TAG continued to meet to refine, explore and study alternatives, including alignments not studied at the Task Force. TAG utilized the Task Force guidance

Task Force Guidance for TAG

The following is guidance from the Task Force discussions that TAG utilized during all these subsequent alignment studies:

- Full Period of Record (POR) hydrology for 1% annual chance (100yr) discharge flows, which is 33,000 CFS at the Fargo stream gage.
- Change project operation to allow a flow through town that results in a RS37' at the Fargo stream gage during the 100yr flood event.
- New Western Tie-back Levee alignment.
- Add an Eastern Tie-back Levee alignment in Minnesota.
- Allow up to 6-inches of downstream impacts but no increase water elevations at the Canadian border.
- Strive for balanced flood protection.
- Strive for equity in impacts ND/MN. Current Existing Conditions (POR) floodplain is approximately 77% ND and 23% MN within the Project area.
- Minimize acres removed from the floodplain.
- Minimize newly impacted acreage and structures.
- Minimize impacts in Wilkin County, MN and Richland County, ND with a goal of reducing the newly impacted acreage to 640 acres or less.
- Consider economics cost increases and reductions.

Eastern Tie Back Changes (Option 10D)

In an effort to satisfy these criteria, TAG developed a new alternative for the Eastern Tie-Back that turns the dam/embankment south at the Red River Control structure and follows an alignment between Wolverton Creek and the west side of U.S. Highway 75 and the Red River. This alignment has been referenced as Option 10D. The following are key benefits identified with this new alignment:

- Eliminates the need for a ring levee for the city of Comstock
- Eliminates grade raises for the BNSF Moorhead Subdivision rail line and U.S. Highway 75.
- Significantly reduces the number of organic farms impacted.
- Eliminates impacts to two (2) cemeteries.
 - Further reductions to cemeteries are also achieved with alignment shifts that will be discussed further in this document. This reduces the total cemetery impacts from 11 to 6 (reduction of 5).

- Reduces the newly impacted floodplain and residential structures impacted in Minnesota.
- Minimizes the disruption of local drainage in Minnesota.

TAG has recommended that this Option 10D alternative alignment be included as part of all Options going forward.

Southern Alignments

TAG has developed options for consideration by the Advisory Group as highlighted in the attached Figure. All of the options include RS37' through town; the Western Tie-back Levee; the Option 10D alignment in Minnesota; and were analyzed using the Full POR hydrology. The options are described below:

- Option 7A/10D (Red Line on Figure) This is the Option 7A alignment as presented in the TAG report to the Task Force.
- Option 7A'/10D (Green Line on Figure) This is similar to Option 7A, however it extends further north approximately 0.75 mile. This pushes the northern end of the alignment as far north as possible, while still allowing the Staging area to drain south by gravity. This option reduces Task Force Option 7B by approximately 2 square miles.
- Option 7A/7C Hybrid/10D (Blue Line on Figure) This is a hybrid option of Options 7A and 7C. Option 7C was proposed to match the benefits of Option 7B.
- Option 7A/10D/JPA-NW (Orange Line on Figure) This is Option 7A combined with the northwest alignment modifications proposed by the JPA.
- JPA Southern Alignment (Orange Line on Figure) This alignment was proposed by the JPA. It was not modeled in detail, but results have been extrapolated from other alternatives.

The following summary tables include comparisons for Option 7A/10D (Red Line on Figure) to the Pre-Task Force alignment (Black Line on Figure) and for the other options to Option 7A/10D for several criteria. For comparison purposes, preliminary cost estimates were developed by the FM Diversion Authority and USACE. The cost estimates account for changes in land costs as well as construction costs for the dam and diversion channel. This includes increases and reductions, depending on the alternative/features.

Talking Points – Pre-Task Force vs. Option 7A/10D Alignment:

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
Α	Staging Area Total Acres	20,676	14,780	58% ND / 42% MN	4,387	2,551
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	7,088	11,631	38% ND / 62% MN	1,124	1,391
С	Diversion Channel Footprint	6,800	0	100% ND	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	1,100	430	72% ND / 28% MN	0	0
Е	Total Acres & Footprint	28,576*	15,210*	65% ND / 35% MN	4,387*	2,551*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	44	25	64% ND / 36% MN	3	5
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	35	22	61% ND / 39% MN	3	3
Н	Protected Acres	47,145	10,992	81% ND / 19% MN	-	-

Pre-Task Force Alignment (Black Line)

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

Option 7A/10D (Red Line)

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
Α	Staging Area Total Acres	22,585	5,420	81% ND / 19% MN	2,783	1,407
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	7,751	3,286	70% ND / 30% MN	596	385
С	Diversion Channel Footprint	6,800	0	100% ND	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	1,100	420	72% ND / 28% MN	0	0
Ε	Total Acres & Footprint	30,485*	5,840*	84% ND / 16% MN	2,783*	1,407*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	60	11	85% ND / 15% MN	2	2
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	44	8	85% ND / 15% MN	2	0
Η	Protected Acres	41,187	9,456	81 ⁷ / ND / 19% MN	-	-

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
Α	Staging Area Total Acres	-1,909	-9,360	-	-1,604	-1,144
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	+663	-8,345	-	-528	-1,006
С	Diversion Channel Footprint	0	0	-	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	0	-10	-	0	0
Е	Total Acres & Footprint	-1,909*	-9,360*	-	-1,604*	-1,144*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	16	-14	-	-1	-3
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	9	-14	-	-1	-3
Н	Protected Acres	-5,958	-1,536	-	-	-

Difference Between Pre-Task Force (Black Line) and Option 7A/10D (Red Line) Alignment

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

Other key considerations between the Pre-Task Force & Option 7A/10D alignments:

- Additional cost of \$150M for RS37' and \$45M for Land and Construction Increases (\$195 M total increase).
- Dam length for Option 7A/10D is an additional 3.3 miles.
- Eliminates need for a ring levee around the City of Comstock.
- Eliminates need for grade raises for the BNSF Moorhead Subdivision rail line and U.S. Highway 75.
- Reduces the number of cemeteries impacted to 6 (current alignment is 11).
- Significantly reduces the organic farms impacted.
- Results in the closure of Cass County Highways 16 and 17 during project operation.
- Requires the relocation or raising of Cass County Rural Water wells and associated infrastructure.
- 20 Residential and 125 non-residential structures will be added to the staging area with the Option 7A alignment shift.
- Option 7A/10D removes 1,534 acres of additional floodplain impact from Richland and Wilkin County.

Talking Points - Option 7A/10D vs. Option 7A'/10D Alignment

Option 7A/10D (Red Line)

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
А	Staging Area Total Acres	22,585	5,420	81% ND / 19% MN	2,783	1,407
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	7,751	3,286	70% ND / 30% MN	596	385
С	Diversion Channel Footprint	6,800	0	100% ND	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	1,100	420	72% ND / 28% MN	0	0
Е	Total Acres & Footprint	30,485*	5,840*	84% ND / 16% MN	2,783*	1,407*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	60	11	85% ND / 15% MN	2	2
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	44	8	85% ND / 15% MN	2	0
Н	Protected Acres	41,187	9,456	81% ND / 19% MN	-	-

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

Option 7A'/10D (Green Line)

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
А	Staging Area Total Acres	22,531	5,112	81% ND / 19% MN	2,499	1,258
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	7,075	3,013	70% ND / 30% MN	478	270
С	Diversion Channel Footprint	6,800	0	100% ND	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	1,250	420	75% ND / 25% MN	0	0
Е	Total Acres & Footprint	30,581*	5,532*	85% ND / 15% MN	2,499*	1,258*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	61	10	86% ND / 14% MN	2	2
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	43	7	86% ND / 14% MN	2	0
Н	Protected Acres	40,320	9,456	81% ND / 19% MN	-	-

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
А	Staging Area Total Acres	-54	-308	-	-284	-149
В	Staging Area Additional	676	272		110	115
	Acres (newly inundated)	-070	-275	-	-110	-115
С	Diversion Channel	0	0		0	0
	Footprint	0	0	-	0	U
D	Southern Embankment	+150	0		0	0
	Footprint	+130	0	-	0	0
Ε	Total Acres & Footprint	+96*	-308*	-	-284*	-149*
F	Total Impacted Residential					
	Structures in the Staging	+1	-1	-	0	0
	Area					
G	Newly Impacted Staging					
	Area Residential	-1	-1	-	0	0
	Structures					
Н	Protected Acres	-867	-0	-	-	-

Difference Between Option 7A/10D (Red Line) and 7A'/10D (Green Line)

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

Other key considerations between Option 7A/10D and Option 7A'/10D Alignments:

- Additional cost of \$71M for Land and Construction.
- Dam length for Option 7A' is an additional 2.1 miles.
- Option 7A' results in 212 fewer acres being impacted (The sum of ND and MN Total Acres and Footprint (Line E) on the Difference Table above).
- 4 Residential and 22 non-residential structures will be added to the staging area with the Option 7A' alignment shift.
- Option 7A' requires closure of Cass County Highway 14 during project operation.
- Option 7A/10D removes 233 acres of additional floodplain impact from Richland and Wilkin County.

Talking Points – Option 7A/10D vs. Option 7A/C Hybrid/10D Alignment

Option 7A/10D (Red Line)

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
А	Staging Area Total Acres	22,585	5,420	81% ND / 19% MN	2,783	1,407
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	7,751	3,286	70% ND / 30% MN	596	385
С	Diversion Channel Footprint	6,800	0	100% ND	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	1,100	420	72% ND / 28% MN	0	0
Е	Total Acres & Footprint	30,485*	5,840*	84% ND / 16% MN	2,783*	1,407*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	60	11	85% ND / 15% MN	2	2
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	44	8	85% ND / 15% MN	2	0
Н	Protected Acres	41,187	9,456	81% ND / 19% MN	-	-

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

Option 7A/C Hybrid/10D (Blue Line)

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
А	Staging Area Total Acres	23,083	4,755	83% ND / 17% MN	2,239	1,061
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	6,250	2,753	69% ND / 31% MN	356	170
С	Diversion Channel Footprint	6,800	0	100% ND	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	900	420	68% ND / 32% MN	0	0
Е	Total Acres & Footprint	30,783*	5,175*	86% ND / 14% MN	2,239*	1,061*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	82	10	89% ND / 11% MN	2	2
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	59	7	89% ND / 11% MN	2	0
Н	Protected Acres	39,671	9,467	81% ND / 19% MN	-	-

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
А	Staging Area Total Acres	-498	-665	-	-544	-346
В	Staging Area Additional	1 5 0 1	E 2 2		240	215
	Acres (newly inundated)	-1,501	-555	-	-240	-215
С	Diversion Channel	0	0		0	0
	Footprint	0	0	-	0	0
D	Southern Embankment	200	0		0	0
	Footprint	-200	U	_	0	0
Е	Total Acres & Footprint	-698*	-665*	-	-544*	-346*
F	Total Impacted Residential					
	Structures in the Staging	+22	-1	-	0	0
	Area					
G	Newly Impacted Staging					
	Area Residential	+15	-1	-	0	0
	Structures					
Н	Protected Acres	-1516	-1	-	-	-

Difference Between Option 7A/10D (Red Line) and 7A/C Hybrid/10D (Blue Line)

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

Other key considerations between Option 7A/10D and Option 7A/C Hybrid/10D Alignments:

- Additional cost of \$188M for Land and Construction.
- Dam length for 7A/C Hybrid is 1.9 miles shorter.
- Option 7A/C Hybrid results in 1,363 fewer acres being impacted (The sum of ND and MN Total Acres and Footprint (Line E) on the Difference Table above).
- 31 Residential and 120 non-residential structures will be added to the staging area with the Option 7A/C Hybrid alignment shift.
- Option 7A/C Hybrid requires the reconstruction of the I-29/CH16 Interchange.
- More cultural resource impacts, including 3 farmsteads that are eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places.
- Adversely impacts the Historic St. Benedict Catholic Church and Cemetery (600 graves).
- Option 7A/10D removes 455 acres of additional floodplain impact from Richland and Wilkin County.

Talking Points – Option 7A/10D vs. Option 7A/10D/JPA-NW Alignment

Option 7A/10D (Red Line)

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
А	Staging Area Total Acres	22,585	5,420	81% ND / 19% MN	2,783	1,407
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	7,751	3,286	70% ND / 30% MN	596	385
С	Diversion Channel Footprint	6,800	0	100% ND	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	1,100	420	72% ND / 28% MN	0	0
Е	Total Acres & Footprint	30,485*	5,840*	84% ND / 16% MN	2,783*	1,407*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	60	11	85% ND / 15% MN	2	2
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	44	8	85% ND / 15% MN	2	0
Н	Protected Acres	41,187	9,456	81% ND / 19% MN	-	-

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

Option 7A/10D/JPA-NW (Orange Line)

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
А	Staging Area Total Acres	18,509	4,265	81% ND / 19% MN	1,224	728
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	5,146	2,644	66% ND / 34% MN	228	218
С	Diversion Channel Footprint	8,500	0	100% ND	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	1,100	420	72% ND / 28% MN	0	0
E	Total Acres & Footprint	28,109*	4,685*	86% ND / 14% MN	1,224*	728*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	51	7	88% ND / 12% MN	1	0
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	35	6	85% ND / 15% MN	1	0
Н	Protected Acres	39,263	9,069	81% ND / 19% MN	-	-

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

	Impacted Lands	ND	MN	Splits	Richland	Wilkin
Α	Staging Area Total Acres	-4,076	-1,155	-	-1,559	-679
В	Staging Area Additional Acres (newly inundated)	-2,605	-642	-	-368	-167
C	Diversion Channel Footprint	+1,700	0	-	0	0
D	Southern Embankment Footprint	0	0	-	0	0
Е	Total Acres & Footprint	-2,376*	-1,155*	-	-1,559*	-679*
F	Total Impacted Residential Structures in the Staging Area	-9	-4	-	-1	-2
G	Newly Impacted Staging Area Residential Structures	-1	-1	-	-1	0
Н	Protected Acres	-867	-0	-	_	-

Difference Between Option 7A/10D (Red Line) and 7A/10D/JPA-NW (Orange Line)

*Total acreage is sum of rows A+C+D.

Other key considerations between Option 7A/10D and Option 7A/10D/JPA-NW Alignments:

- Additional cost of \$112M for Land and Construction.
- There are 1381 structures (579 primary and 802 non-primary) located between the current diversion channel alignment and the JPA-NW alignment that will be unprotected. This includes approximately 1,500 people.
- The JPA-NW Diversion Alignment is 1.5 miles shorter which will decrease cost.
- Option 7A/10D/JPA-NW results in 3,531 fewer acres being impacted (The sum of ND and MN Total Acres and Footprint (Line E) on the Difference Table above).
- 52 Residential structures, 10 farmsteads, and 3 businesses will be added to the diversion channel footprint with the JPA-NW alignment shift.
- Stream stability concerns due to the at-grade crossing of the Sheyenne River and backup of water into the Diversion Channel from the Sheyenne River.
- Eliminates the need for the Maple River Aqueduct structure.
- Eliminates the Rush and Lower Rush River channel abandonments.
- Overbank excavation is included along the Red River downstream from the Diversion outlet to reduce tailwater effects in the protected area due to the Diversion Channel outlet being located further south.
- The flatter grade of the diversion channel as part of the JPA-NW alignment will result in a shallower but wider diversion channel, which will likely increase cost, including the need for longer bridges.
- Requires the reconstruction of Cass County Drain 40/45.
- May adversely impact overland flooding south of Harwood, ND. The potential for impact has not been determined.
- May impact local drainage from the west and the height of the embedded levee along the Diversion Channel due to a higher water surface profile along the Diversion Channel in some areas.
- Option 7A/10D removes 535 acres of additional floodplain impact from Richland and Wilkin County.

Talking Points – Option 7A/10D (Red Line) vs. JPA Southern Alignment (Orange Line)

The JPA southern alignment was presented, but has not been modeled in detail. The staging area elevation for an option that includes the JPA Southern Alignment was estimated to be 917.6 for the 100-year flood event, which is 4 feet lower than the pre-task force project and approximately 3.4 feet lower than Option 7A/10D.

Other key considerations between Option 7A/10D and Option 7A/10D/JPA Southern Alignments:

- JPA Southern Alignment is 3 miles longer than the Option 7A/10D Alignment.
- Additional cost of \$280M for Land and Construction for JPA Southern Alignment.
- 67 Residential and 204 non-residential structures will be added to the staging area with the JPA southern alignment shift.
- Utilizes more existing floodplain area.
- Requires the reconstruction of the I-29 interchanges at CH14 and CH16.
- Adversely impacts the Historic St. Benedict Catholic Church and Cemetery (600 graves).
- Will require reconstruction of a portion of Cass County Drain 27.
- Will require considerably more drainage improvements to accommodate local drainage within the staging area.
- The maximum pool elevation during the Probably Maximum Flood (PMF) event may still drive the top of dam elevation and the mitigation pool.
- North-South section of embankment/dam to the west of the Red River may increase the tailwater on the Red River Control Structure. This may result in higher peak WSEL in the staging area during project operation during the PMF event, or may require additional gates be added to the RRN or WRR control structures.
- Potential dam breach concerns by bringing the dam closer to existing developed areas, especially near the WRR control structure. Potential zoning restrictions downstream from the dam are being evaluated for all alignments as part of ongoing dam safety discussions with MN and ND.

<u>Talking Points – Option 7A/10D (Red Line) vs. JPA Southern Alignment + JPA-NW Diversion</u> <u>Alignment (Orange Lines)</u>

The JPA Southern Alignment + JPA NW Diversion was presented but not modeled in detail. The staging area elevation for an option that includes both the JPA Southern Alignment and the JPA-NW Diversion Alignment was estimated to be 916.2 for the 100-year flood event, which is approximately 5.4 feet lower than the pre-task force project and approximately 4.7 feet lower than Option 7A/10D.





Option 7A/10D





Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
Dam Length	• 12.8 miles	• 16.1 miles (+3.3	• 18.2 miles (+5.4	• 14.2 miles (+1.4	• 16.1 miles (+3.3
(measured from		miles)	miles)	miles)	miles)
Diversion Inlet to					
eastern end of dam;					
excludes Western					
Tie-Back – longer					
dam means greater					
dam safety risk)					
Staging Elevation	• 921.66	 920.98 (-0.68') 	 920.55 (-1.11') 	 919.97 (-1.69') 	 919.61 (-2.05')
Upstream from Dam					
Total Staging Area	• 35,456 /	• 28,005 / 11,037	• 27,643 / 10,088	• 27,839 / 9,003	• 22,774 / 7,790
Floodplain Impacts	18,720	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly
(Total		Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage
Acres/Additional		by 7,683 acres	by 8,632 acres	by 9,717 acres	by 10,930 acres
Acres)					
Minnesota Staging	• 14,780 /	• 5,420 / 3,286	• 5,112 / 3,013	• 4,755 / 2,753	• 4,265 / 2,644
Area Floodplain	11,631	 Reduces Newly 	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly	 Reduces Newly
Impacts (Total		Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage
Acres/Additional		by 8,345 acres	by 8,618 acres	by acres 8,878	by acres 8,987
Acres)					
Wilkin County	• 2,551/	• 1,407 / 385	• 1,258 / 270	• 1,061 / 170	• 728 / 218
Staging Area	1,391	 Reduces Newly 	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly
Floodplain Impacts		Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage
(Total		by 1,006 acres	by 1,121 acres	by 1,221 acres	by 1,173 acres
Acres/Additional					
Acres)					

Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
Clay County Staging	• 12,229 /	• 4,013 / 2,902	• 3,854 / 2,743	• 3,694 / 2,583	• 3,537 / 2,426
Area Floodplain	10,240	 Reduces Newly 	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly
Impacts (Total		Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage
Acres/Additional		by 7,338 acres	by 7,497 acres	by 7,657 acres	by 7,814 acres
Acres)					
North Dakota	• 20,676 /	• 22,585 / 7,751	• 22,531 / 7,075	• 23,083 / 6,250	• 18,509 / 5,146
Staging Area	7,088	 Increases Newly 	 Reduces Newly 	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly
Floodplain Impacts		Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage
(Total		by 663 acres	by 13 acres	by 838 acres	by 1,942 acres
Acres/Additional					
Acres)					
Richland County	• 4,387 /	• 2,783 / 596	• 2,499 / 478	• 2,239 / 356	• 1,224 / 228
Staging Area	1,124	 Reduces Newly 	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly
Floodplain Impacts		Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage
(Total		by 528 acres	by 646 acres	by 768 acres	by 896 acres
Acres/Additional					
Acres)					
Cass County Staging	• 16,290 /	• 19,802 / 7,155	• 20,032 / 6,597	• 20,845 / 5,895	• 17,285 / 4,918
Area Floodplain	5,964	 Increases Newly 	 Increases Newly 	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly
Impacts (Total		Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage	Impacted Acreage
Acres/Additional		by 1,191 acres	by 633 acres	by 69 acres	by 1,046 acres
Acres)					
Total Protected Area	• 79,188 /	• 76,812 / 26,169 /	• 75,959 / 26,183 /	• 74,334 / 25,196 /	• 76,697 / 28,365 /
Floodplain Impacts –	21,051 /	50,643	49,776	49,138	48,332
Acres (Existing	58,137	Reduces Protected	Reduces Protected	Reduces Protected	Reduces Protected
Conditions /With-		Area Floodplain by	Area Floodplain by	Area Floodplain by	Area Floodplain by
Project /Reduction)		7,494 acres	8,361 acres	8,999 acres	9,805 acres

Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
Minnesota	• 17,853 /	• 17,854 / 8,398 /	• 17,854 / 8,398 /	• 17,854 / 8,387 /	• 17,853 / 8,784 /
Protected Area	6,861 /	9,456	9,456	9,467	9,069
Floodplain Impacts –	10,992	Reduces Protected	Reduces Protected	Reduces Protected	Reduces Protected
Acres (Existing		Area Floodplain by	Area Floodplain by	Area Floodplain by	Area Floodplain by
Conditions /With-		1,536 acres	1,536 acres	1,525 acres	1,923 acres
Project /Reduction)					
North Dakota	• 61,335 /	• 58,958 / 17,771 /	• 58,105 / 17,785 /	• 56,480 / 16,809 /	• 58,844 / 19,581 /
Protected Area	14,190 /	41,187	40,320	39,671	39,263
Floodplain Impacts –	47,145	 Reduces Protected 	Reduces Protected	 Reduces Protected 	 Reduces Protected
Acres (Existing		Area Floodplain by	Area Floodplain by	Area Floodplain by	Area Floodplain by
Conditions /With-		5,958 acres	6,825 acres	7,474 acres	7,882 acres
Project /Reduction)					
Minnesota Staging	• 3/25	• 3/11	• 3 / 10	• 3/10	• 1/7
Area Residential		 Reduces Newly 	 Reduces Newly 	 Reduces Newly 	 Reduces Newly
Structure Impacts		Impacted	Impacted	Impacted	Impacted
(Existing/with-		Residential	Residential	Residential	Residential
Project)		Structures by 14	Structures by 15	Structures by 15	Structures by 18
Wilkin County	• 2/5	• 2/2	• 2/2	• 2/2	• 0/0
Staging Area		 Reduces Newly 	 Reduces Newly 	 Reduces Newly 	 Reduces Newly
Residential Structure		Impacted	Impacted	Impacted	Impacted
Impacts (Existing		Residential	Residential	Residential	Residential
/with-Project)		Structures by 3	Structures by 3	Structures by 3	Structures by 5
Clay County Staging	• 1/20	• 1/9	• 1/8	• 1/8	• 1/7
Area Residential		 Reduces Newly 	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly	 Reduces Newly
Structure Impacts		Impacted	Impacted	Impacted	Impacted
(Existing/with-		Residential	Residential	Residential	Residential
Project)		Structures by 11	Structures by 12	Structures by 12	Structures by 13

Торіс	Pre-Task Force Project	Option 7A/10D compared to Pre-Task	Option 7A'/10D compared to Pre-Task	Option 7A/7C Hybrid/10D compared	Option 7A/10D/JPA- NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	Project	Task Force Project
North Dakota	• 9/44	• 16/60	• 18/61	• 23 / 82	• 16/51
Staging Area		 Increases Newly 	Increases Newly	Increases Newly	Increases Newly
Residential Structure		Impacted	Impacted	Impacted	Impacted
Impacts		Residential	Residential	Residential	Residential
(Existing/with-		Structures by 16	Structures by 17	Structures by 38	Structures by 7
Project)					
Richland County	• 0/3	• 0/2	• 0/2	• 0/2	• 0/1
Staging Area		 Reduces Newly 	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly	Reduces Newly
Residential Structure		Impacted	Impacted	Impacted	Impacted
Impacts		Residential	Residential	Residential	Residential
(Existing/with-		Structures by 1	Structures by 1	Structures by 1	Structures by 2
Project)					
Cass County Staging	• 9/41	• 16 / 58	• 18/59	• 23 / 80	• 16/50
Area Residential		 Increases Newly 	 Increases Newly 	 Increases Newly 	 Increases Newly
Structure Impacts		Impacted	Impacted	Impacted	Impacted
(Existing/with-		Residential	Residential	Residential	Residential
Project)		Structures by 17	Structures by 18	Structures by 39	Structures by 9

Торіс	Pre-Task Force Project	Option 7A/10D compared to Pre-Task Force Project	Option 7A'/10D compared to Pre-Task Force Project	Option 7A/7C Hybrid/10D compared to Pre-Task Force Project	Option 7A/10D/JPA- NW compared to Pre- Task Force Project
Hydrology and Hydraulics	 Uses EOE (Wet Cycle) Hydrology (34,700 cfs for 100- year) Targets RS35' through protected area = 16,400 cfs (10-year flood event) 	 Uses full POR Hydrology (33,000 cfs for 100-year) Targets RS37' through protected area = 20,200 cfs (21-year flood event), which reduces the frequency of gate and staging area operation. 	 Uses full POR Hydrology (33,000 cfs for 100-year) Targets RS37' through protected area = 20,200 cfs (21-year flood event), which reduces the frequency of gate and staging area operation. 	 Uses full POR Hydrology (33,000 cfs for 100-year) Targets RS37' through protected area = 20,200 cfs (21-year flood event), which reduces the frequency of gate and staging area operation. 	 Uses full POR Hydrology (33,000 cfs for 100-year) Targets RS37' through protected area = 20,200 cfs (21-year flood event), which reduces the frequency of gate and staging area operation.
FEMA Regulations and the CLOMR Process	CLOMR has been issued	May require a CLOMR udpate	 May require a CLOMR update 	 May require a CLOMR update 	May require a CLOMR update

Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
					 a more stable channel. Overbank Excavation downstream from the diversion channel outlet associated with the JPA-NW alignment may have negative effects on the stability of the riverbanks along the Red River that would need to be designed to avoid impacts.

Wetlands	 Wetland Impacts have been quantified 	 Assume increased impacts to seasonally flooded wetland impact due to longer project footprint (+3.3 miles) 	 Assume Increased impacts to Seasonally flooded wetland impact due to longer project footprint (+5.4 miles) 	 Assume Increased impacts to Seasonally flooded wetland impact due to longer project footprint (+1.4 miles) Increased Forested Wetland Impacts due to Wild Rice River crossing location. 	 Assume increased impacts to seasonally flooded wetland impact due to longer project footprint for the dam. (+3.3 miles) JPA-NW alignment reduces the Diversion Channel length by approximately 1.5 miles but requires the diversion channel to be considerably wider for much of the Diversion Channel length. Given this, it is anticipated that wetland impacts will change. JPA-NW alignment may require additional/changed wetland mitigation because the diversion channel will have more water in it for longer periods of time. Overbank Excavation feature of the JPA-NW

Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
Cover Types	Impacts	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD
	have been			Would have more	 JPA-NW alignment
	quantified			impacts to	would have more
				Floodplain Forest at	impacts to
				Wild Rice River	floodplain forest at
				crossing.	the northern
					Sheyenne River
					crossing and the
					overbank
					excavation feature
					downstream from
					the Diversion
					channel outlet.
Potential	Impacts	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD
Environmental	have been				
Hazards	quantified				

					T1
Fish Passage and	Impacts	No identified	No identified	No identified	Elimination of the
Mortality	have been	changes	changes	changes	Maple, Rush, and
	quantified				Lower Rush River
					crossings with the
					JPA-NW alignment
					reduces potential
					impacts to Fish
					Passage and
					Mortality.
					At-Grade crossing of
					the Sheyenne River
					for the JPA-NW
					alignment may
					increase potential
					impacts to Fish
					Passage and
					Mortality.
					• Fish can follow their
					natural spawning
					path up the
					Sheyenne River
					more readily with
					the JPA-NW
					alignment.
					• For the JPA-NW
					alignment, if the
					channel is wider at
					the Sheyenne River
					Aqueduct, it will
					result in a longer
					structure that fish

Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
					will need to
					traverse.

		1	1				
Wildlife and Wildlife	Impacts	• TBD	• TBD	•	Would have more	•	The JPA-NW
Habitat	nave been				impacts to		alignment reduces
	quantified				floodplain forest at		impacts to
					Wild Rice River		floodplain forest by
					crossing.		eliminating the
							Maple Aqueduct.
						٠	Impacts from Rush
							and Lower Rush
							being cut off is
							removed.
						•	JPA-NW alignment
							increases impacts to
							floodplain forest at
							the Sheyenne River
							crossing and at the
							overbank
							excavation features
							downstream from
							the diversion
							channel outlet.
						•	The potential for
							wildlife and wildlife
							habitat may
							increase through
							the formation of
							newly created
							wetlands and other
							seasonally flooded
							areas along the
							overbank
							excavation features
							of the JPA-NW
							alignment.

Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
State Listed Species	 Impacts 	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD
and Special Status	have been				
Species	quantified				
Invasive Species	 Impacts 	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD
	have been				
	quantified				

		1	1		
Cultural Resources	 Impacts have been quantified or are being evaluated 	 Increased potential for impacts due to longer dam/embankment. Impacts a farmstead in Section 33, T138N, R49W that is eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Cultural resources survey, assessment, and determination for all additional impacted structures is required; mitigation required for any eligible historic properties. Also applies to additional flows through Town (RS37') 	 Increased potential for impacts due to longer dam/embankment. Impacts a farmstead in Section 33, T138N, R49W that is eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Cultural resources survey, assessment, and determination for all additional impacted structures is required; mitigation required for any eligible historic properties. Also applies to additional flows through Town (RS37') 	 Increased potential for impacts due to length of the dam/embankment in close proximity to the Red River and Wild Rice River. Adversely Impacts 3 farmsteads that are eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places (Sections 33 and 35, T138N, R49W and Section 2, T137N, R49W. Farm in Section 2 contains 7 controlling/eligible structures. Adversely impacts the Historic St. Benedict Catholic Church. Adversely impacts the St. Benedict Cemetery, which includes 600 graves. Cultural resources survey, assessment, and determination for all additional impacted structures 	 Increased potential for impacts due to longer dam/embankment. Reduced potential for impacts due to shorter diversion channel (1.5 miles) associated with JPA- NW alignment, however increased potential due to the required widening of the diversion channel. There is potential for cultural sites near the confluence of the Sheyenne and Red River, which is the proposed outlet for the JPA-NW alignment. The alignment would need to be screened and refined as needed to avoid such sites. Increased potential for impacts due to overbank excavation feature
				and determination for all additional impacted structures is required; mitigation required	for impacts due to overbank excavation feature downstream from the Diversion

Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
				for any eligible historic properties. Also applies to	channel for the JPA- NW alignment.Impacts a farmstead
				additional flows through Town (RS37')	 Impacts a familistead in Section 33, T138N, R49W that is eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Cultural resources survey, assessment, and determination for all additional impacted structures is required; mitigation required for any eligible historic properties. Also applies to additional flows through Town (RS37')
					 With the JPA-NW alignment it is estimated that 4 cemeteries will no
					longer be in the benefited area.

Infrastructure and Public Services	Impacts	Increased impacts due to longer	Increased impacts due to longer	Increased impacts due to longer	Increased impacts due to longer
Fublic Services	quantified	dam/embankment.	dam/embankment.	dam/embankment.	dam/embankment.
		Requires the	Requires the	Results in the	• JPA-NW alignment
		closure of Cass	closure of Cass	closure of an	may require up to
		County Highway 16	County Highway 14	additional portion of	two additional
		(Current ADT of 842) during project	1 175: Projected at	Highway 16 during	over the Diversion
		operation.	3.700 by 2040)	project operation.	Channel.
		Requires more	during Project	including the I-29	 JPA-NW alignment
		local drainage	operation. Traffic	interchange.	may create
		improvements	counts do not	 Could potentially 	transportation
		within the staging	include impacts	impact the I-29	impacts for both
		area for the	from closure of	interchange at Cass	Interstate 29 and
		additional area	Cass County	County Highway 14	the BNSF Hillsboro
		that is impacted,	Highway 16 (842	due to the close	Subdivision Railroad
		which increases	ADT), which will	proximity of the	line due to the close
		imported	also be closed as		of Harwood ND
		Requires the	 May require 	Requires more local drainage	■ IPA-NIW alignment
		raising or	transportation	improvements	will require the
		relocation of Cass	improvements to	within the staging	reconstruction and
		Rural Water wells	the CH14/I-29	area for the	relocation of the
		and associated	interchange due to	additional area that	lower portion of
		infrastructure.	the close proximity	is impacted, which	Cass County Drain
			of the dam.	increases	40/45 due to the
			Requires more local	agricultural land	Diversion Channel
			drainage	impacted.	cutting off the drain.
			improvements	Impacts the KFGO	JPA-NW alignment
			within the staging	Radio Iower.	will significantly
			area for the	Requires the raising	increase the length
			is impacted which	Or relocation of Cass	due to the wider
			increases		

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	1			
	•	agricultural land impacted. Requires the raising or relocation of Cass Rural Water wells and	and associated infrastructure.	•	channel that is required. The JPA-NW alignment may result in a higher
		associated infrastructure.			profile along the Diversion Channel. This could increase the required height of the embedded
					levee line of protection on the interior side of the diversion channel. A higher water surface profile
					would also adversely impact local drainage to the west, which may require the
					acquisition of property rights, or larger inlet structures or pumping to mitigate
				•	rt. Requires the closure of Cass County Highway 16 (Current ADT of 842) during project operation.

Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
					 Requires more local drainage improvements within the staging area for the additional area that is impacted, which increases agricultural land impacted. Requires the raising or relocation of Cass Rural Water wells and associated infrastructure. JPA-NW Alignment could cut off overland flow breakout corridors near Harwood, ND, which may increase the flood risk for the city of Harwood and rural residents in the area.
Land Use Plans and Regulations	 Impacts have been quantified 	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD	• TBD

Торіс	Pre-Task Force	Option 7A/10D	Option 7A'/10D	Option 7A/7C	Option 7A/10D/JPA-
	Project	compared to Pre-Task	compared to Pre-Task	Hybrid/10D compared	NW compared to Pre-
		Force Project	Force Project	to Pre-Task Force	Task Force Project
				Project	
Minnesota Dam	Minnesota	Minnesota Dam	Minnesota Dam	Minnesota Dam	Minnesota Dam
Safety and Work in	Dam Safety	Safety Permit	Safety Permit	Safety Permit	Safety Permit
Public Waters	Permit	Required	Required	Required	Required
Regulations and	Required				
Permitting					

Socioeconomics	• Impacts have been quantified	 Additional cost of \$45 million for changing the location of the dam (Lands and Construction). Cost of \$150 M for In-Town Levees to accommodate RS37' through town. Requires the acquisition of 20 Residential and 125 non- residential structures for the additional upstream area that is impacted. 	 Additional cost of \$116 million for changing the location of the dam (Lands and Construction). Cost of \$150 M for In-Town Levees to accommodate RS37' through town. Requires the acquisition of 24 Residential and 147 non-residential structures for the additional upstream area that is impacted. 	 Additional cost of \$233 million for changing the location of the dam (Lands and Construction). Cost of \$150 M for In-Town Levees to accommodate RS37' through town. Requires the acquisition of 51 Residential and 245 non-residential structures for the additional upstream area that is impacted. 	 Additional cost of \$157 million for changing the location of the dam and the diversion channel (Lands and Construction). Cost of \$150 M for In-Town Levees to accommodate RS37' through town. Requires the acquisition of 20 Residential and 125 non-residential structures for the additional upstream area that is impacted. JPA-NW alignment footprint impacts 69 more primary and 103 more non- primary structures under the project footprint than the proposed project alignment. JPA-NW alignment may increase the flood risk for the City of Harwood and
					City of Harwood and rural subdivisions located between

			the current Project
			alignment and the
			JPA-NW alignment
			due to blocking
			overland flows from
			the Sheyenne River.
		•	At-grade crossing of
			the Sheyenne River
			for the JPA-NW
			alignment may
			increase O&M costs
			for the Diversion
			Channel due to
			frequent water back
			up into the channel
			from the Sheyenne
			River.
		•	There are 1381
			structures (579
			primary and 802
			non-primary)
			located between
			the proposed
			Project Diversion
			Alignment and the
			JPA-NW alignment
			that will be
			unprotected. This
			includes a
			population of
			approximately 1,500
			people.



— Existing Conditions 100yr ☐ Floodplain

★ 6 Inch Impact Locations

Upstream Mitigation Structures

Structure

- Residential
- Non-Residential

Western Tie-Back

Source: Phase 8.1 CLOMR

Option 7A/10D Alignment Depth Difference Map

Created By: enelson Date Created: 12/06/2017 Date Exported: 2/23/2018 Image: 2016 County NAIP Elevation Data: -Coordinate System: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 14N Datum: North American 1983 H:\Fargo\JBN/7400/7438/13_7438_015\Minnesota Dam Safety Permit\Small Team/2017-11-13 Tech Advisory Com\GIS\H7A_10DE_DD.mxd



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, MEN, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, Mapmylindia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Abercrombie



0.375 0.75

Miles

0









Upstream Mitigation Structures

- Residential
- Non-Residential



- Organic Farms (No Longer Imacted)
 - **Diversion Channel and Southern** Embankment
- Western Tie-Back
- Pre-Task Force Southern Embankment Alignment

Levee i...

River

Alternative 7A/10D 100yr Floodplain

Created By: enelson Date Created: 01/19/2018 Date Exported: 37/2018 Image: 2012 County NAIP Elevation Data: -Coordinate System: NAD 1963 UTM Zone 14N Datum: North American 1963 Ht/FargoJBN/74007/43813_7438_015/Minnesota Dam Safety Permit(Small Team/2017-11-13 Tech Advisory Com/GIS/Mapping_BlueGreen_011918.m



Miles

		Pre-Task Fo	rce Project	e Project Alternative 7A/1				
	Criteria	(acr	es)	s) (acres		Chang	hange (acres)	
	Upstream Floodplain							
	Impact	Total	Additional	Total	Additional	Total	Additional	
	Total (ND/MN)	35,456	18,720	28,005	11,037	-7,451	-7,683	
	Minnesota	14,780	11,631	5,420	3,286	-9,360	-8,345	
	Clay County	12,229	10,240	4,013	2,902	-8,216	-7,338	
	Wilkin County	2,551	1,391	1,407	385	-1,144	-1,006	
	North Dakota	20,676	7,088	22,585	7,751	1,909	663	
	Cass County	16,290	5,964	19,802	7,155	3,512	1,191	
	Richland County	4,387	1,124	2,783	596	-1,604	-528	
-								
	Upstream Impacted							
ŀ	Residential Structures	Existing	With-Project	Existing	With-Project	Existing	With-Proje	
۲	Total (ND/MN)	12	69	19	71	7	2	
	Minnesota	3	25	3	11	0	-14	
	Clay County	1	20	1	9	0	-11	
	Wilkin County	2	5	2	2	0	-3	
	North Dakota	9	44	16	60	7	16	
	Case County	9	41	16	58	7	17	
	Cass County	-						

