



THE INVESTIGATION INTO HOW THE INTERCONNECTION OF CONTRASTING BUILDING TYPOLOGIES IN AN EVER-DENSIFYING WORLD CAN REVITALIZE AND PROMOTE A HIGHER QUALITY OF LIFE POST PANDEMIC.

SINCE 2020, COVID-19 HAS PUSHED PEOPLE AWAY FROM PUBLIC LOCATIONS, IN-PERSON EDUCATIONAL SETTINGS, AND FACE TO FACE WORK ENVIRONMENTS AND HAS HINDERED OUR ABILITY TO PERSONALLY INTERACT WITH ONE ANOTHER. AS THE PANDEMIC CONTINUED, WE LEARNED TO LIVE, WORK, AND PERFORM ESSENTIAL EVERYDAY ACTIVITIES FROM THE SINGULAR LOCATION OF OUR HOMES, AVOIDING COMMUNITY ACTIVITIES.

ARCHITECTURE HAS THE CAPACITY TO IMPACT THE WAY PEOPLE INTERACT WITHIN THEIR BUILT ENVIRONMENTS. IN AN EVER-DENSIFYING WORLD, OUR BUILT ENVIRONMENTS ARE STARTING TO ALSO DENSIFY AND CONNECT VERTICALLY RATHER THAN ONLY EXPANDING HORIZONTALLY. ARCHITECTURALLY, THE INTERCONNECTION OF INDIVIDUAL SPACE TYPOLOGIES IS BECOMING MORE COMPLEX AND NEW SOLUTIONS ARE CRITICAL FOR INCREASING QUALITY OF LIFE FOR BUILDING USERS.

THE MOTIVATION BEHIND THIS THESIS WAS TO ENCOURAGE PEOPLE TO GRASP THE IMPORTANCE OF HEALTHY INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENTS AND DETERMINE HOW CONTRASTING SPACE TYPOLOGIES CAN INTERACT WITH ONE ANOTHER. ADDITIONALLY, THIS THESIS EXPOUNDS ON HOW SYNCHRONIZING DISTINCTIVE TYPOLOGIES OF A MULTIPURPOSE SKYSCRAPER CAN REVITALIZE AND PROMOTE A HIGHER QUALITY OF LIFE FOR ITS VISITORS/USERS IN A POST-COVID WORLD.





AXONOMETRIC PROJECTION

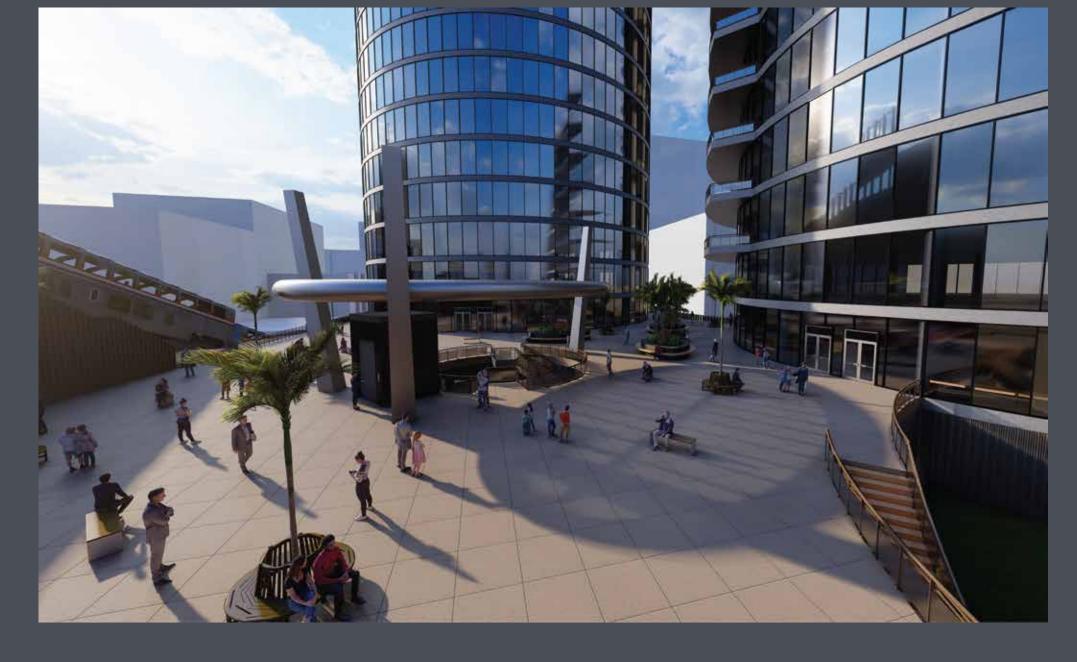
PERSPECTIVES







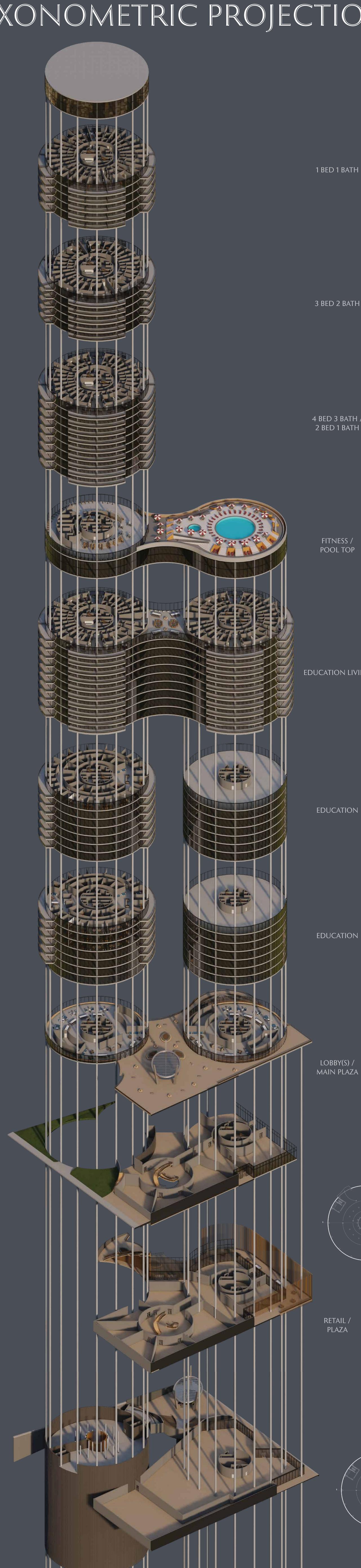












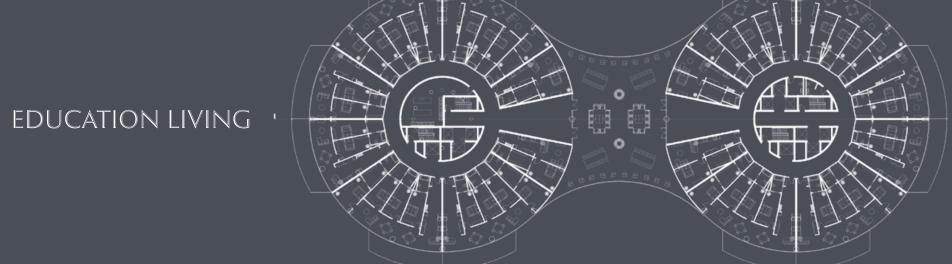
FLOOR PLANS





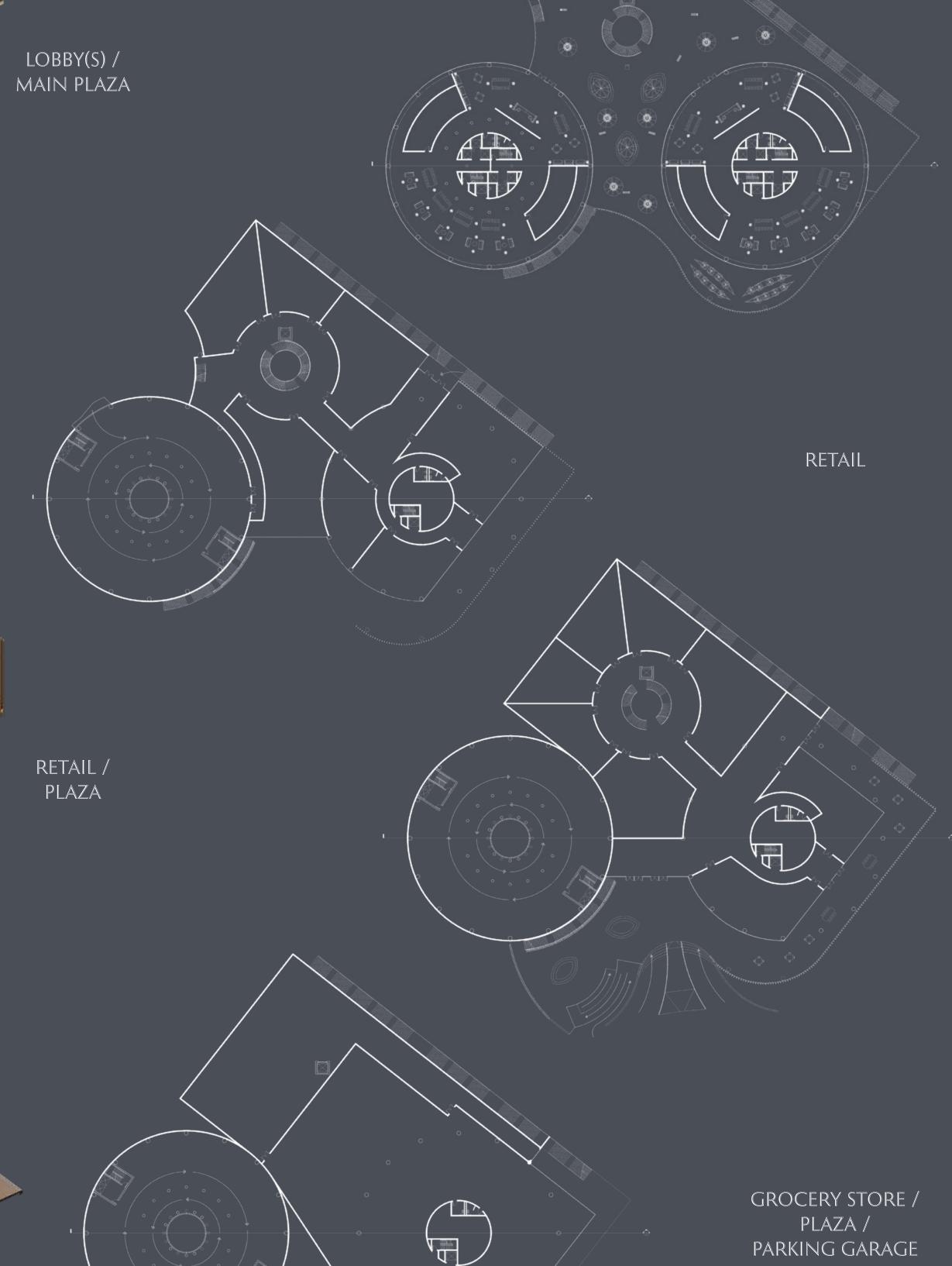












SCALE