MIND THE GAP

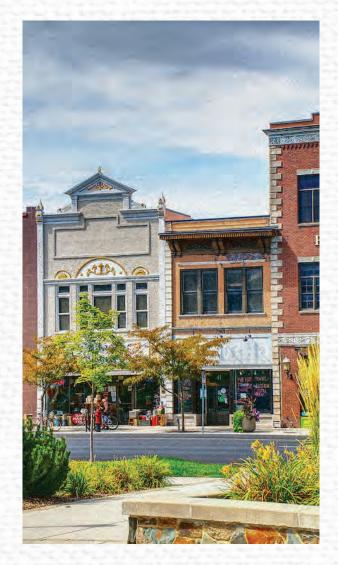
Bridging a Community Bisected by an Interstate



Why landscape architecture?



COMMUNITY DESIGN



Mixed Land Use



Connectivity

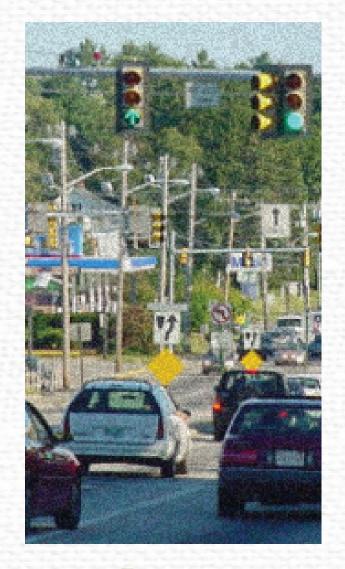


Public Spaces



Green Spaces

COMMUNITY DESIGN



Poor Connectivity



Lack of Amenities



Lack of Greenery



Neglected Areas

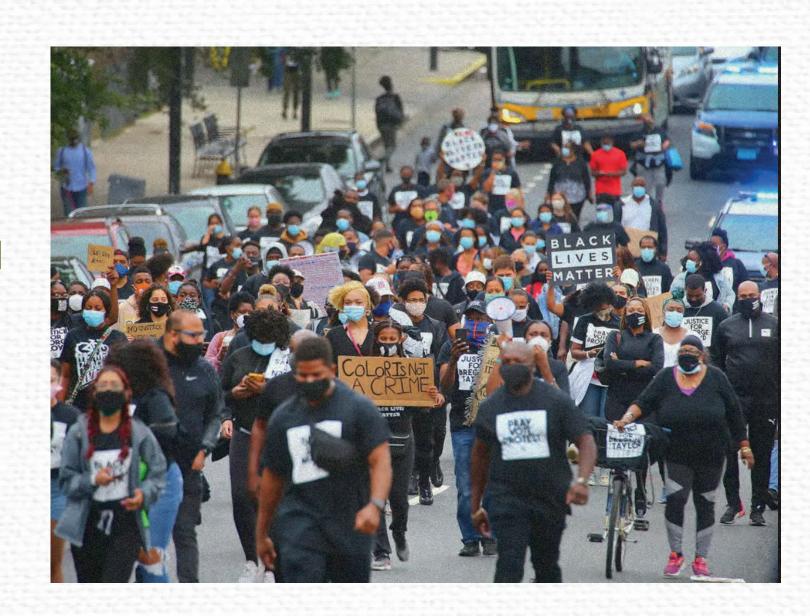
COMMUNITY RESEARCH

What communities are under served

People of color (POC) communities are some of the most under served communities in the United States.

Areas like the Mississippi Delta, the Cotton Belt, Appalachia, Tribal Nation Lands, areas near the Texas-Mexico border, and the Rust-belt cities like Cleveland (OH), Detroit (MI), Flint (MI), Gary (IN) and Milwaukee (WI).

A common theme across these areas of disadvantage is a long history of racial and environmental exploitation; historical context is important.



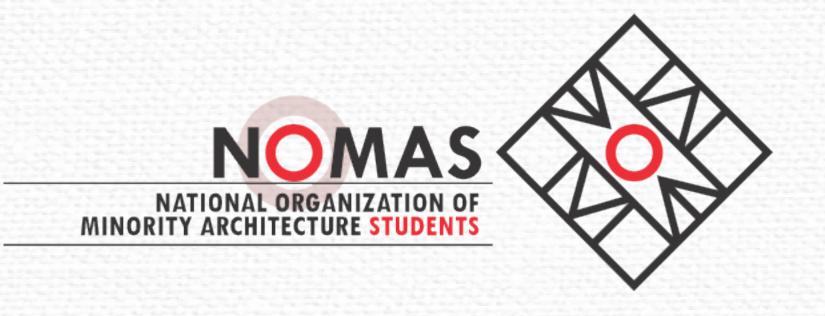
BACKGROUND

How did I pick my topic?

Fall of 2022, NOMAS competition

Competition Outline:

The 2022 NOMA Barbara G. Laurie Student Design Competition, sponsored by SOM, was focused on a project that serves to address the gentrification and displacement of North Nashville community members as the result of the Dwight D. Eisenhower's Interstate Highway System in the 1960s. Specifically, show how design and architectural strategies can rebuild a community. Students were asked to envision a complex that serves as a cultural center to preserve the history of North Nashville and a new bridge to serve as a landmark and monument for the community.

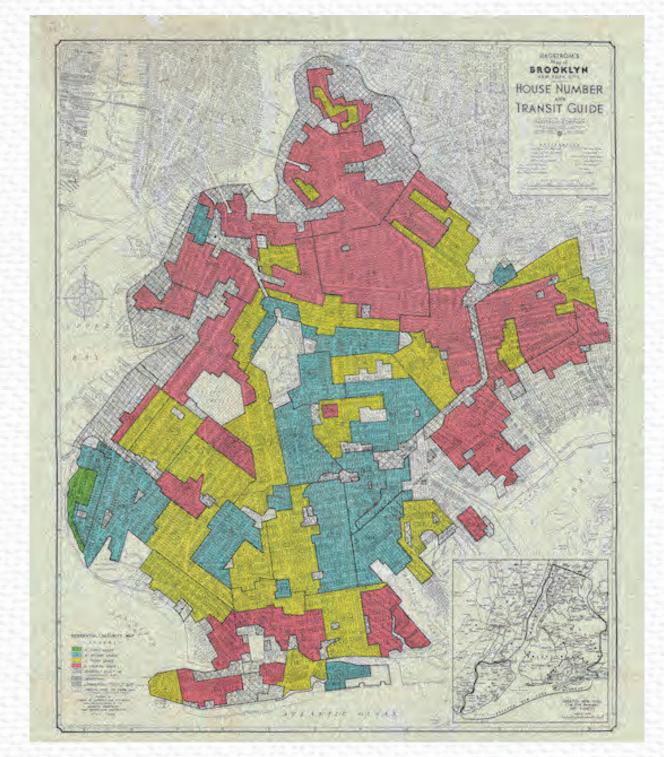




Racism and its effects on urban development

Redlining - In the 1930s New Deal era, internal documents containing maps outlining property values were created. Areas ranked in red were considered "not worthy of inclusion in home ownership and lending programs" (Jackson. 2021).

Subsequently, many, if not all, of the neighborhoods were home to Black residents.



Jackson, Candace. "What Is Redlining?" The New York Times, The New York Times, 17 Aug. 2021, www.nytimes.com/2021/08/17/realestate/what-is-redlining.html.

Racism and its effects on urban development

Due to the aftermath of redlining and the disregard to Black communities, many were destroyed during the 1956 Federal Aid Highway Act.

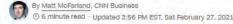
What It Looks Like to Reconnect Black Communities Torn Apart by Highways

By Rachael Dottle, Laura Bliss and Pablo Robles
July 28, 2021



Take any major American city and you're likely to find a historically Black neighborhood demolished, gashed in two, or cut off from the rest of the city by a highway. This legacy of racist federal transportation policies continues to define the landscapes of urban spaces.

Highways that destroyed Black neighborhoods are crumbling. Some want to undo that legacy



Motorists drive their vehicles along Interstate 20 in Shreveport, Louisiana, in a file photo from 200

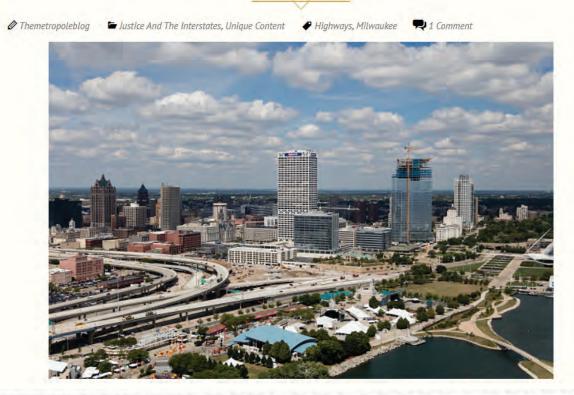
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More vital ceto/Ricombord/Softy Imposs

(CNN) — Njeri Camara, 61, can't visit the Shreveport, Louisiana home where she was born. Like many Black homes and neighborhoods across the country in the 1960s, it was bulldozed to clear space for highways.

Harnessing The Memory Of Freeway Displacement In The Cream City



How can the establishment of a freeway cap park effectively restore and reconnect a community to its former vitality?

CASE STUDIES

KLYDE WARREN PARK

Location: Dallas, TX (Highway 366)

Size: 5.2 acres

Designers: Office of James Burnett

Jacobs Engineering Group

Typology: Tunnel

Benefits:

- Spurred in excess of \$1 billion in new development
- Reconnected districts
- Improved accessibility in/out of downtown CBD
- Air quality improvement through reduced traffic congestion
- Additional lids being proposed in other parts of Texas

































JIM ELLIS FREEWAY PARK

Location: Seattle, WA (Interstate 5)

Size: 5.2 acres

Designers: Lawrence Halprin

& Associates

Typology: Tunnel

Benefits:

- Value addition for the residents and local businesses
- Municipal parking garage benefits
- Provision of a passive space for users while providing value to the Park Place building
- increase in property tax revenues
- First freeway cap in the United States

THE STITCH

Location: Atlanta, GA (I-75/I-85 Downtown Connector

Size: 35 acres (+/-) of re imagined

downtown space

3 acre green

14 acres of new urban green space

Designers: Jacobs Engineering Group

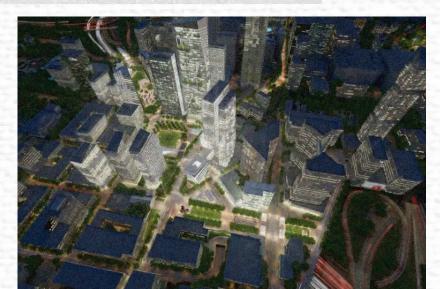
Typology: Tunnel

Benefits:

The aim of the Stitch is to advance the equitable revitalization of north Downtown through enhanced access to affordable housing, low-cost transportation, jobs, and community resources.



























RECONNECT RONDO

Location: Saint Paul, MN (Interstate 94)



Size: 60 acres

Designers: TBD

Typology: Tunnel

Benefits:

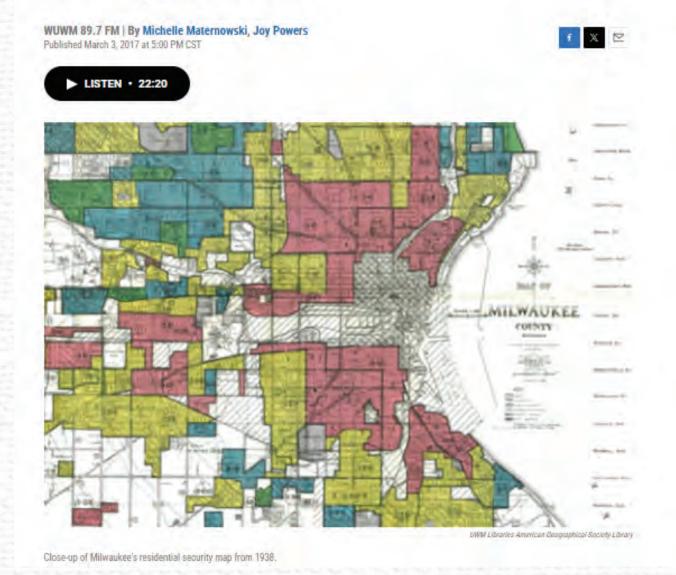
- Neighborhood reconnection
- Affordable housing
- Equitable development
- Public health/Green space
- Community leadership



SITE

How did I choose my site?

How Did Metro Milwaukee Become So Segregated?





Eight-lane highway expansion could harm Black neighborhood, statewide environment, advocates say

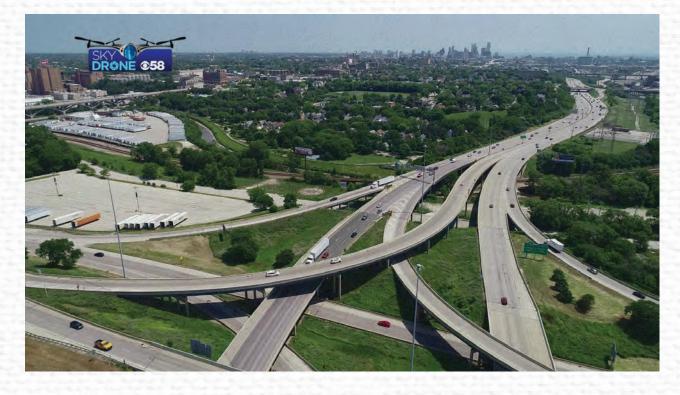
Gabriella Hartlaub - Dec 15, 2022















SITE ANALYSIS

OBJECTIVES

OBJECTIVE I

Provide safe and clear pedestrian circulation over the interstate.



OBJECTIVE II

Provide public amenities not found within the outerlying community.



OBJECTIVE III

Provide new housing to address housing shortages, improve living conditions and foster ecomonic revitilazation.



ROAD CONDITIONS STREETS New Good Okay Bad Overall, the streets are in poor conditions, with the exception of 12 am 12 pm 12 am 6 am 6 pm Sw I 8th St N, which has recently been repaved. The sidewalks are also in very poor conditions. High Average Low

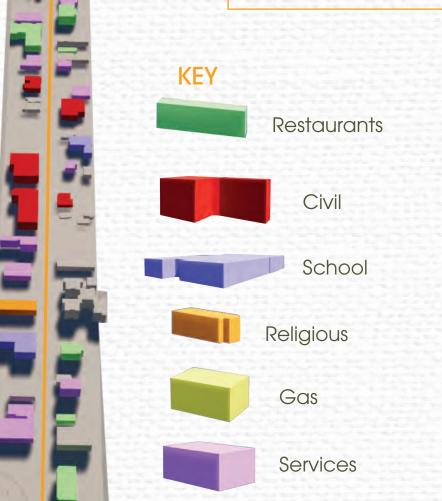
ANALYSIS

BUILDINGS

MLK DRIVE

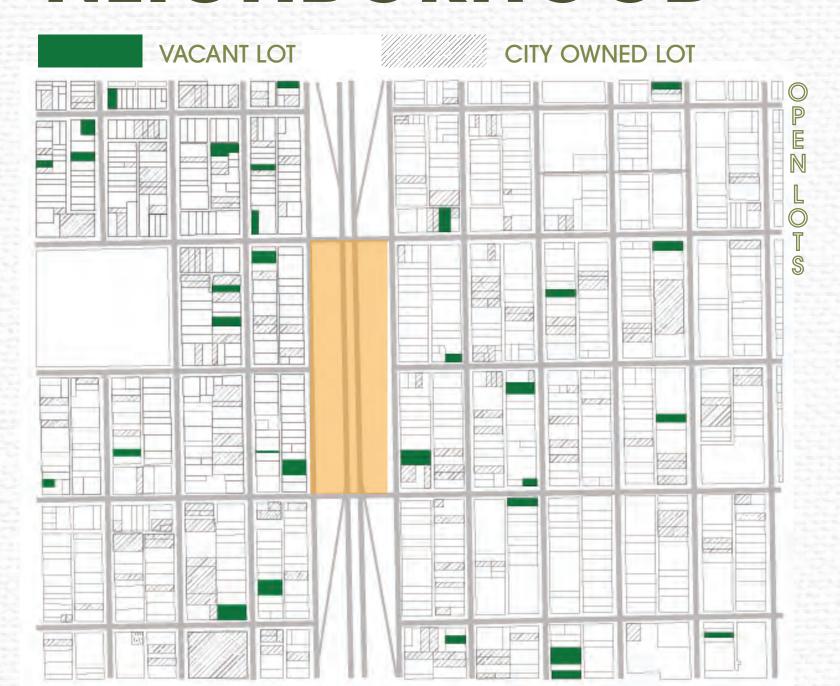
The site itself has a few amenities within a mile distance. However, a few streets over (10 min walk), on N Dr. M.L.K. Jr. Drive, there is a current economic boom with plenty of amenities.

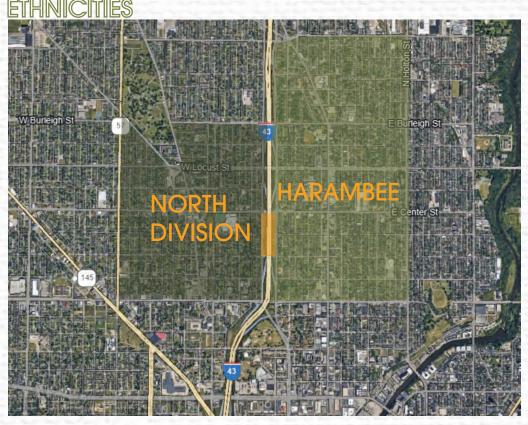






NEIGHBORHOOD





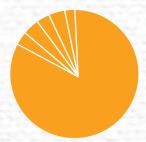




93.4 % BLACK 2.78 % MIXED 2.10 % HISPANIC 1.10 % WHITE 0.50 % ASIAN 0.29 % OTHER

HARAMBEE

BLACK	81.1 %
HISPANIC	7.50 %
WHITE	6.40 %
MIXED	3.92 %
ASIAN	0.70 %
OTHER	0.38 %







SUMMARY

ANALYSIS I

Street Condition

- Road conditions were poor.
- Sidewalk conditions were poor to mid.
- Lack of safe crossings.
- Protected crossings were only found at the intersections near the bus stops.
- The area has a high concentration of people traveling via walking.

ANALYSIS II

Public Amenities

- Most of the economic opportunities are located a few blocks away on N Doctor M.L.K. Jr Dr.
- There is an abundance of daycares in the area.
- A high school is located two blocks west of the site.
- Lack of easy accessible food

ANALYSIS III

Neighborhood

- Many empty lots.
- Need for new housing.
- Need for housing restoration or demolition.
- Predominately black community.
- Walking community, fewer amenities than other parts of the city but everything is within a 20 min walk.
- Many of the houses are broken down into individual apartments.
 Multiple apartments in one small home.



PLAN

MAJOR ELEMENTS

GROCERY STORE

LIBRARY + EXTENSION

LIBRARY PLAZA

NATURAL PLAYGROUND

TOWN HOME DEVELOPMENT

MINOR ELEMENTS

WILD FLOWER GARDEN

(10) RESIDENTIAL WALKWAYS

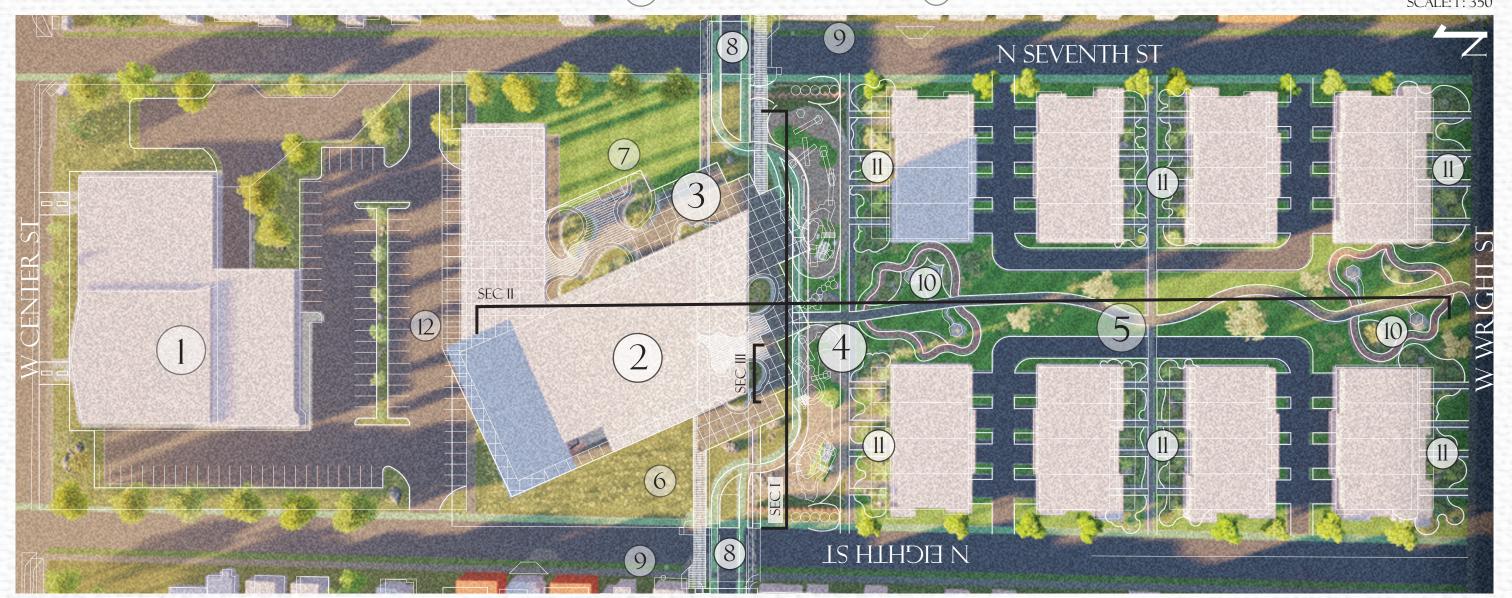
LIBRARY LAWN

RESIDENTIAL GARDENS

PEDESTRIAN CROSSING LIBRARY + GROCERY PARKING

Bus Stop

SCALE: 1:350

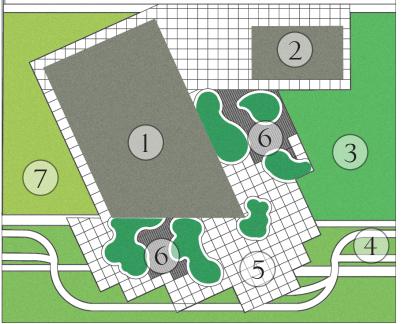


SITE DETAILS

ZONE ONE | LIBRARY + PLAZA

AERIAL OVERVIEW I | LIBRARY





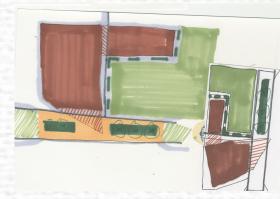
LIBRARY DETAILS KEY

- (1) MAIN LIBRARY
- (2) LIBRARY EXTENSION
- (3) LIBRARY LAWN
- 4) BIKE PATHS
- (5) LIBRARY PLAZA
- 6 OUTDOOR READING AREA
- (7) Wildflower garden

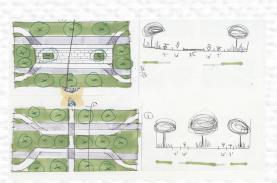
ZONE ONE | LIBRARY + PLAZA

LIBRARY DETAILS KEY

SECTION I | LIBRARY







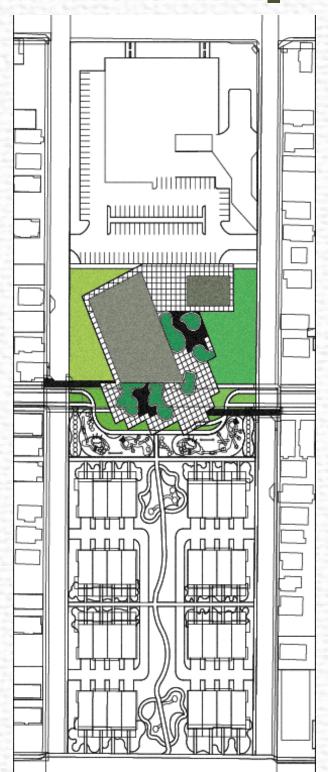
- 1 MAIN LIBRARY
- 2 LIBRARY EXTENSION
- (3) LIBRARY LAWN
- (4) BIKE PATHS
- (5) LIBRARY PLAZA
- (6) OUTDOOR READING AREA
- (7) WILDFLOWER GARDEN

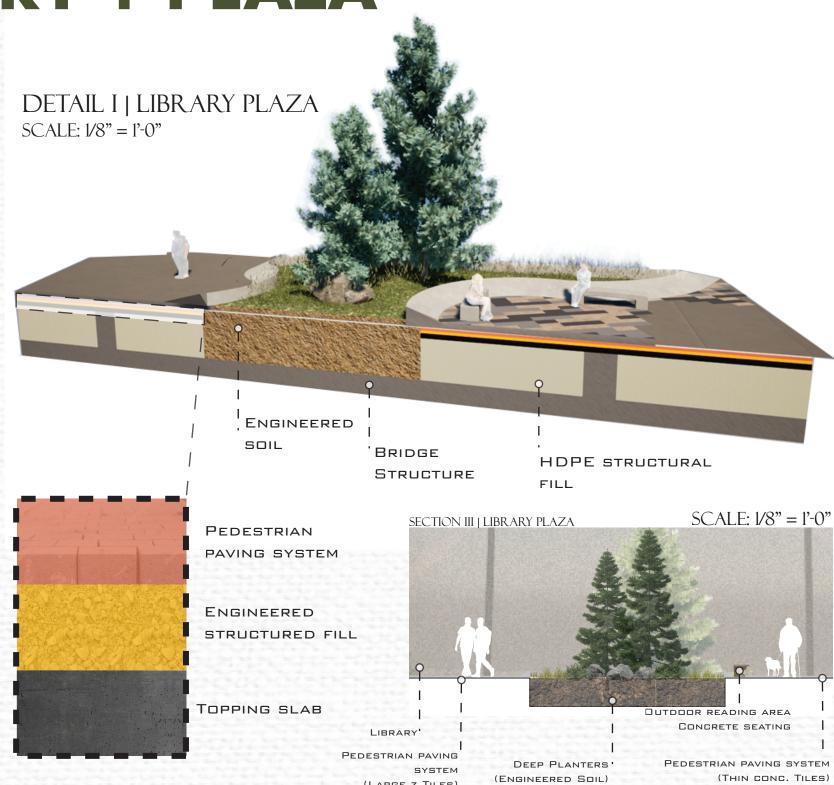


INTERSTATE 43 TUNNEL



ZONE ONE | LIBRARY + PLAZA





ZONETWO | GROCERY STORE

Inspiration:





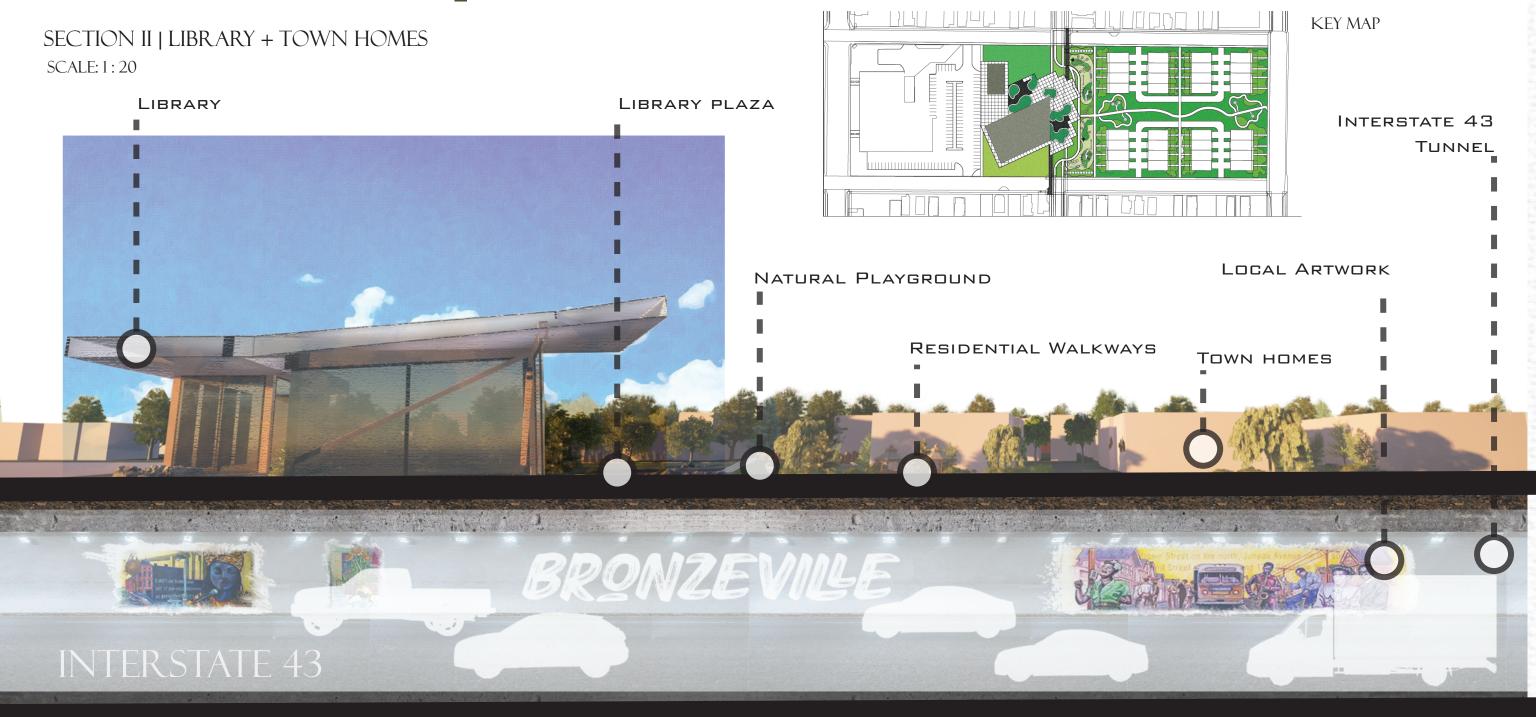




AERIAL OVERVIEW IV | GROCERY STORE



ZONE THREE! TOWN HOMES + RESIDENTIAL CORRIDOR





ZONE THREE TOWN HOMES + RESIDENTIAL CORRIDOR



How can the establishment of a freeway cap park effectively restore and reconnect a community to its former vitality?

THANKYOU Any Questions?

