

APPENDIX A.

COURSES OF GLACIAL STRIÆ.

The following table of glacial striae in the region of Hudson Bay and Lake Superior and westward shows the directions of the currents of the ice-sheet within the basin of Lake Agassiz and upon the country where it lay as the barrier or dam of this lake. The notes are derived chiefly from the reports of the geological and natural history surveys of Canada and of Minnesota, and are all reduced to refer to the true or astronomic meridians. Unless they are otherwise credited, the observations in British America are by Dr. Robert Bell, and in Minnesota and North Dakota by the present writer.

The location of the ice-sheet in this basin, its diverse and prolonged courses of transportation of drift, which depended on the glacial currents producing the striae, and the intersection, in some localities, of two or more sets of striation, have been considered on pages 129-131. Besides the citations on these subjects there given, reference may be made to my recent papers on remarkably deflected striation in Somerville, Mass.,¹ and in the vicinity of Two Harbors, Duluth, and Carlton, Minn.²

Hudson Strait and Bay.

Hudson Strait:

Port Burwell, 10 miles southwest from Cape Chudleigh	S. 85° E.
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Ashes Inlet, on the north side of the strait, about.....	S. 65° E.
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Cape Prince of Wales, on the south side, opposite to the last	E. to N. 70° E.
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South part of Nottingham Island	S. 80° E.
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Diggs Island, off Cape Wolstenholme	N. 55°-75° E.
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Ottawa Islands, in the northeast part of Hudson Bay	N. 75° E., N. 40°-20° E., and N. 5° W.
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East coast of Hudson Bay:

Northern part, successively, proceeding southward.....	NE., N., and NW.
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From Cape Dufferin southward to Hopewell Head and the most northern of the Nas-	
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tapoka Islands, in latitude 58° to 57° N., near the middle of the east side of Hudson	
Bay, numerous localities	S. 70°, 60°, and 35° W.

[It is probable that the first two of these courses record the direction of the ice-flow during the time of maximum depth and area of the ice-sheet, or during a somewhat later stage; and that the last belongs to the time of final melting of the ice.]

Thence southward to the entrance of Richmond Gulf, numerous localities, mostly	
between.....	S. 65°-75° W. and N. 75° W.

But in two localities, probably a later glaciation	S. 35°-45° W.
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Cairn Mountain Island, Richmond Gulf, several localities, mostly	N. 60°-70° W.
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But in one place varying from this to	S. 45° W.
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¹ Proc. Boston Soc. Nat. Hist., Vol. XXVI, pp. 33-42, March 15, 1893.

² Geol. and Nat. Hist. Survey of Minnesota, Twenty-second Annual Report, for 1893, pp. 31-43, with map of the glacial geology (striae, retreatal moraines, etc.) of northern Minnesota.

East coast of Hudson Bay—Continued.

From Richmond Gulf and Little Whale River southward to Esquimaux Harbor, many localities	N. 80° W. to W.
Thence to Red Head, 57 miles northeast of Cape Jones, eight localities	W. to S. 75° W.
And one locality	S. 55° W.
Red Head Island	N. 70° W.
Thence southward to 40 miles south of Big River, many localities	S. 40°-60° and 70 W.
But on the southwest extremity of Long Island, near Cape Jones, striae bear in every direction from	S. 70° W., around by SW. and S., to S. 40° E.
The two prevailing directions are about	S. 45° W. and S. 15° E.
The former seems probably the older, but perhaps deflected to the south from the direction of the glacial current when the ice-sheet was thickest; and the latter, with further deflection southeastward, may belong to the closing stages of the Glacial period. An island off the southwest point of Long Island has three sets of glacial striae	S. 60° W., S. 40° W., and S. 20° E.
From 40 miles south of Big River southward along the east coast of the south half of James Bay, many localities	S. 30°-55° W.
But in one locality, about 3 miles northwest of the Paint Hills, three sets of glacial striae occur, bearing	N. 75° W., S. 55° W., and S. 30° W.
The first probably records approximately the course of glaciation here when the ice attained its greatest area, belonging thus to a striae which was chiefly effaced by a later glacial movement to the southwest during the departure of the ice-sheet.	
Again, at the Paint Hills two sets of glacial striae are found, bearing	S. 75° W. and S. 35° W.
And on Governors Island, at the mouth of Eastmain River, the course is	S. 75° W.
In the country east of Hudson Bay, extending from Richmond Gulf southward and drained by the Clearwater, Great Whale, and Big rivers, forty-nine localities (A. P. Low).	S. 50° W. to N. 60. W.
Excepting two places which have intersecting striae, namely—	
For the first	N. 80° W. and N. 35° W.
For the second	N. 68° W. and N. 50° W.
But in a majority (thirty-six) of the localities in Mr. Low's list the bearings range between	S. 60° W. and W.
Marble Island, northwest part of Hudson Bay	S. 15°-25° E.
West coast of Hudson Bay:	
East side of the mouth of Churchill River	S. 5° E.
Two and a half miles east from the last	S. 20° W.
Five miles east from the mouth of Churchill River	S. 15° E.

Region of the Churchill and Nelson rivers, Lake Winnipeg, and southwest to the Assiniboine.

Churchill River:

At Fort Churchill	S. 30°-40° W.
Four miles below the mouth of the Little Churchill River	S. 20° W. and S. 80° W.
Six and 11 miles above the mouth of the Little Churchill River	S. 10°-15° W.

Little Churchill River:

Three localities, 4, 13, and 18 miles below Waskaiowaka Lake, respectively	S. 40° W., S. 80° W., and N. 85° W.
Outlet of Lower Recluse Lake, various directions from	S. 15° W. to S. 50° W.
Also	W.
Eagle Rapid, 2 miles in a straight line below the last, two sets, both distinct	S. 20° W. and W.
[The courses to the west, or nearly so, probably mark the motion of this part of the ice-sheet during the time of its greatest depth and extent, while the southerly courses show its deflected motion during the final melting.]	

Along the Nelson River:

Third Limestone Rapid, 100 miles by the course of the river above its mouth	S. 30°-50° E.
Broad Rapid, 5 miles long, 11 to 16 miles above the last, mostly	S. 50° W.
Also	S. 15° W. and S. 55°-75° W.
Thence to Middle Gull Rapid, numerous localities	S. 55°-80° W.

Along the Nelson River—Continued.

Upper Gull Rapid, and thence to the middle portion of Split Lake, numerous localities.....	N. 85°-75° W.
Southwestern part of Split Lake, two localities.....	S. 85° W.
Chain of Rocks Rapid, 3 miles above Split Lake, one set, probably the older.....	S. 85° W.
The other.....	S. 10° E.
On Grass River, tributary to the Nelson River from the west, a few miles above Split Lake, numerous localities.....	S. 85° W. to W.
But in one place, at the outlet of Witchai (Stinking) Lake.....	N. 75° W.
Between Split Lake and Sipi-wesk Lake, numerous localities, mainly.....	S. 55°-75° W.
And occasionally.....	W.
Sipi-wesk Lake, outlet and northeastern part, mostly.....	S. 70°-75° W.
Also, in numerous localities.....	S. 45°-65° W.
Sipi-wesk Lake, average course throughout the southwestern half of the lake.....	S. 55°-60° W.
But in some places.....	N. 85° W.
Southwest extremity of Sipi-wesk Lake.....	S. 65° W.
From Sipi-wesk Lake to the outlet of Pipestone Lake, six localities.....	S. 55°-65° W.
Pipestone and Big Reed Lakes and vicinity, five localities.....	S. 40°-55° W.
Along the usual boat route from Hudson Bay, by Hayes and Hill rivers, to Lake Winnipeg:	
Six miles below The Rock, Hill River.....	S. 12° E.
The Rock, Hill River.....	S. 10° E.
Dr. Bell reports also at this locality another and older set of striae.....	N. 79° W.
Borwick's Fall, and 1 mile above White Mud Fall, Hill River, both within a few miles southwest from The Rock, respectively.....	S. 18° W. and S. 28° W.
Knee Lake, numerous localities.....	S. 35°-60° W.
From Knee Lake to Pine Lake, seven localities.....	S. 45°-60° W.
From Pine Lake and Molsons Lake to Great Playgreen Lake, many localities.....	S. 35°-60° W.
Around Gods Lake, southeast of the foregoing route, 140 to 180 miles east-northeast from the north end of Lake Winnipeg, many localities (Cochrane).....	S. to S. 52° W., mostly S. 15°-40° W.
But in two localities.....	S. 80° W.
Between Jackson Bay, on Oxford Lake, and the southern part of Gods Lake, seven localities (Cochrane).....	S. 28°-40° W.
Around Island Lake, about 40 miles south of Gods Lake, many localities (Cochrane).....	S. 10°-36° W.
Between Hudson Bay and Lake Winnipeg, along the Severn, Fawn, Poplar, and Berens rivers, on almost all exposed surfaces (A. P. Low), generally.....	SW.
[The variations are only a few degrees from this on either side.]	
Mouth of Lake Winnipeg and its vicinity, several localities.....	S. 40°-45° W.
East shore of Lake Winnipeg:	
Spider Islands, on the adjacent mainland, and at the Shoal Islands, about 30 and 45 miles south from the north end of the lake.....	S. 30°-40° W.
Poplar Point, 4 miles southeast of Poplar Point, and opposite to Georges Island, a few miles farther southeast.....	S. 30°-35° W.
Four localities near the mouth of Berens River, halfway from the north to the south end of the lake.....	S. 57°-60° W.
Near the mouth of Berens River (Panton).....	SW. and SSW.
East side of Berens or Swampy Island (Panton).....	SW.
Of this island Mr. J. B. Tyrrell writes: "The general direction of striation is.....	S. 52° W.
"While another set of striae was found to occur under a mass of pebbles and boulders, bearing.....	S. 13° E."
Rabbit Point, near the Narrows.....	S. 48° W.
Black Bear Island, also near the Narrows (Panton).....	SSW.
Intersected by other glacial striae, bearing.....	SSE.
[The latter, agreeing nearly in direction with striae observed on Swampy Island, on the Winnipeg River above Lac du Bonnet, around the south end of Lake Winnipegosis, on lakes Manitoba and St. Martin, at Stonewall, Stony Mountain, and Little Stony Mountain, near Winnipeg, and on the Assiniboine River, appear to belong to the basal portion of the divergent glacial current which continued south and southeast in the Minnesota and Dakota lobes of the ice-sheet.]	

East shore of Lake Winnipeg—Continued.

Between The Narrows and the mouth of Winnipeg River, numerous localities..... S. 40° - 45° W.
Winnipeg River, above Lac du Bonnet to the Whitemouth River (Tyrrell), approxi-
mately..... SSE. and SW.

The following, to Lake St. Martin, inclusive, are from a paper by Mr. J. B. Tyrrell,
of the Geological and Natural History Survey of Canada, entitled "Pleistocene of
the Winnipeg basin," Am. Geologist, Vol. VIII, pp. 19-28, July, 1891:

Lake Winnipeg:

Northwest shore, "from William River to the mouth of the Saskatchewan," average.... S. 2° W.
West shore, at mouths of St. Martin and Fisher rivers, probably about..... S.

Cedar Lake:

East side S. 18° W.
West side, near mouth of the Saskatchewan S. 39° W.

Lake Winnipegosis:

Northeastern angle S. 23° W.
A little farther down the east shore S. 9° W.
Around its south end S. 2° - 13° E.

Dawson Bay S. 42° - 58° W.

Red Deer River S. 68° - 78° W.

Swan Lake S. 48° - 53° W.

Lake Manitoba:

Northwest arm Southward.
East shore, near Steep Rock Point S. 8° - 13° E.

Lake St. Martin, granite islands S. 33° E.

Stonewall, in many places (Panton, Upham) S. 20° - 25° E.

Stony Mountain (Panton, Upham) S. 20° - 25° E.

Little Stony Mountain (Upham) S. 25° E.

Assiniboine River:

Section 36, township 8, range 11, in three places (Upham)..... S. 4° - 8° W.
And in one place S. 10° E.
Section 23, township 9, range 10 (Tyrrell) S. 38° E.

Athabasca River and Lake, Wollaston and Reindeer lakes, and southward to Cumberland House.

Mountain Portage, Athabasca River, 7 miles above the mouth of Clearwater River..... S. 54° E.

Or more probably N. 54° W.

Fort Chipewyan, near the mouth of Lake Athabasca, also 1 mile west and 8 miles southwest
of Fort Chipewyan S. 78° - 83° W.

The following observations, to Cumberland House, are by Mr. A. S. Cochrane, and
are communicated by Dr. Robert Bell:

North shore of Lake Athabasca:

Ten miles north from the Burntwood Islands..... S. 81° W.
Twenty miles west of Black Bay S. 61° W.

Halfway from the west to the east end of the lake S. 43° W.

Twenty miles west of the Hudson Bay Company's post at Fond du Lac ... S. 21° , 27° , and 31° W.

Hudson Bay Company's post, Fond du Lac, 50 miles west from the east end of the lake. S. 53° W.

On the western outlet of Wollaston (Hatchet) Lake, 15 miles east from its mouth at the
east end of Athabasca Lake S. 85° W.

Junction of Porcupine River with the western outlet of Wollaston Lake, 50 miles east of
Athabasca Lake S. 75° W.

North shore of Wollaston Lake, halfway between its western and eastern outlets..... S. 27° W.

Jackfish Lake, about halfway between Wollaston and Reindeer lakes, by way of Hatchet
Lake River S. 17° W.

North end of Reindeer Lake:	
Average of numerous observations.....	S. 31° W.
Mouth of Hatchet Lake River	S. 17° W.
East shore of Reindeer Lake:	
Porcupine Point.....	S. 24° W.
Halfway from the north to the south end of the lake.....	S. 18° W.
South end of Reindeer Lake, and on its outlet	S. 18° W.
Churchill River:	
Near Frog Portage, 110 miles north-northwest of Cumberland House.....	S. 40° W.
At a small lake 10 miles east from the mouth of Isle à la Crosse Lake	S. 18° W.
On the canoe route:	
Seventy miles north of Cumberland House	S. 16° and 26° W.
Fifty-five miles north of Cumberland House	S. 26° W.
[As on the lower part of Churchill River, before noted, the more westerly courses of this list are believed to indicate the glacial motion when the ice had its maximum depth, or nearly that, continuing probably through the greater part of the period of glaciation; and the southward currents seem referable to deflection during the recession of the boundary of the ice-sheet, most of the earlier westward striae being thereby effaced.]	

From Hudson Bay to Lake Superior and the Lake of the Woods.

On the route of Dr. Bell from James Bay to Lake Huron, commonly.....	S. 5° E. to S. 5° W.
Rarely varying to	S. 25° E.
Between James Bay and the east end of Lake Superior:	
From Long Portage of the Missinaibi River to Mattagami Lake, both belonging to the Moose River system, mostly.....	SSW.
Wasquagami Portage, Missinaibi River, two sets	S. 15° W. and S. 60° E.
[The last is doubtless a local deflection, belonging to the time when the ice-sheet was being melted away.]	
Missinaibi River, east of Brunswick Lake.....	S. 15° E.
Around Mattagami Lake.....	S. 30° - 65° W.
Lake Manitowick, on Michipicoten River	S. 30° W.
Long Portage of the Michipicoten River, 6 miles east of its mouth.....	S. 40° W.
North shore of Lake Superior:	
Falls of St. Mary, and thence 20 miles north (Agassiz)	SSE.
Twenty-five miles north of the Falls of St. Mary, and thence to the northeast angle of the lake, 75 miles east of St. Ignace Island, many localities (Agassiz).	S.
Fifty miles east of St. Ignace Island (Agassiz)	SSW.
St. Ignace Island, and the same 25 miles east (Agassiz)	S.
Southwest side of Nipigon Bay (Agassiz)	SSW.
Islands in Thunder Bay (Agassiz).....	SW.
Between Thunder Bay and Pigeon River (Agassiz)	S.
Isle Royale, Lake Superior, numerous localities (Desor).....	S. 20° - 75° W.
Along the Pic River, tributary to Lake Superior	S. 20° - 30° W.
Kenogami or Long Lake, at the head of the Kenogami River, tributary to Albany River, many localities.....	S. to S. 25° W.
[“The grooving is as well marked on the tops of the highest hills as in the lake valleys.”]	
In the country northwest of Kenogami or Long Lake, several localities.....	S. 30° - 40° W.
Along the Kenogami River, mostly.....	S. 30° - 50° W.
But varying to	S. and S. 60° W.
Lake St. Joseph, mostly	S. 30° - 45° W.
Also in two localities	S. 15° W. and S. 60° W.
Albany River, between Lake St. Joseph and Maminiska Lake, three localities..	S. 20° , 25° , and 40° W.
Maminiska Lake.....	S. 65° W.

Patawonga Lake.....	S. 75° W.
Eabamet Lake, two localities.....	S. 75° and 80° W.
Inlet of Sturgeon Lake, Boulder River.....	S. 70° W.
Attawapishkat River:	
Respectively 3, 13, 22, and 23 miles below the junction of the two channels from the lake of the same name	S. 60°, 42°, 22°, and 15° W.
Lowest exposure of Archean rocks	S. to S. 10° E.
On limestone about 75 miles from the southern mouth of the river.....	S. 18° W.
On limestone 9 miles below the last, two sets of striae, the older	S. 8°-12° W.
And the newer	S. 60°-70° E.
On limestone at the head of Lowasky Island, about 44 miles from the southern mouth of the river.....	S. 2° W.
Southern channel, or Lowasky River, 4 miles below the last, the older striae	S. 35° W.
And newer striae varying in course from the foregoing to	S. 80° W.
Around Lake Nipigon two sets of glacial striae are common, and are often found crossing each other on the same rock surface. The southward set, which is the older, varies from.....	S. 18° E. to S. 25° W.
And the westward and newer set varies from	S. 50° W. to due W.
Along and near Kaministiquia River.....	S. to SW., averaging SSW.
Dog Lake, mean of several localities (Hector).....	S. 10° W.
Lac des Milles Lacs, mean of several localities (Hector).....	S. 5° E.
Sturgeon Lake, 50 miles southeast of Lonely Lake, commonly.....	S. 20°-30° W.
But in one locality	S. 50° W.
Minnietakie Lake and vicinity, west of Sturgeon Lake, several localities.....	S. 20°-55° W.
Abrams Chute.....	S. 10° W.
Islands in the middle of Abrams Chute	S. 40° W.
Lonely Lake (Lac Seul):	
Three localities	S. 70° W., S. 85° W., and N. 80° W.
Three other localities, respectively 10, 13, and 16 miles east of the Hudson Bay Company's post.....	S. 60° W., S. 25° W., and S. 55° W.
East extremity of the lake	S. 45° W.
Root River, tributary to the east end of Lonely Lake, two localities.....	S. 50° and 45° W.
English River, below Lonely Lake, five localities.....	S. 30°-60° W.
And one locality	S. 80° W.
Winnipeg River, several localities (Bell).....	S. 20°-55° W.
Dr. A. C. Lawson reports the following many observations of glacial striae in the region about Rainy Lake, on canoe routes north of this lake, on the shores and islands of the lake itself, and on Rainy River:	
Kishkutena route, from Sabaskong Bay of the Lake of the Woods to the Northwest Bay of Rainy Lake, seven localities.....	S. 33°-58° W.
Pipestone Lake route, extending north from the Northwest Bay of Rainy Lake, nineteen localities.....	S. 20°-49° W.
Kiarisks route, several miles east of the last, six localities.....	S. 28°-53° W.
Manitou route, extending north from Manitou Sound, the most northern portion of Rainy Lake, twelve localities, also.....	S. 28°-53° W.
Little Canoe River route, a few miles east of the last, five localities.....	S. 26°-40° W.
Big Canoe route, a few miles farther east, five localities.....	S. 23°-43° W.
Redgut Bay of Rainy Lake, and the Turtle River route, extending thence northeastward, twenty localities	S. 23°-63° W.
Seine River route and Bad Vermilion Lake, fifteen localities.....	S. 36°-63° W.
Rainy Lake:	
East Arm, from its east-southeast extremity to Brûlé Narrows, twenty-four localities ..	S. 28°-73° W.
East Arm, from Brûlé Narrows and the Seine River to the mouth of the lake, forty localities.....	S. 28°-61° W.

Rainy Lake—Continued.

North Arm, thirty-seven localities	S. 18°-53° W.
Northwest Bay, eleven localities.....	S. 37°-50° W.
Rainy River:	
Island 4 miles above the Manitou Rapids.....	S. 38° W.
One mile below the Long Sault, and at the first and second rapids of Pine River, three localities, alike.....	S. 24° W.
One mile above the mouth of Rapid River	S. 38° W.
Around the Lake of the Woods, observations in about 180 localities by Dr. A. C. Lawson and assistants, and in about 60 localities reported by Dr. G. M. Dawson, "the great majority," i. e. 82 per cent, are.....	S. 35°-55° W.
But 13 per cent are.....	S. 10°-34° W.
And 5 per cent are.....	S. 56°-83° W.
Only four localities showed courses more westerly than S. 65° W.; one of these is on the southeast side of Big Island, where striae bearing.....	S. 75° W.
Intersect others bearing	S. 37° W.
On the west side of Biggsby Island, which, like the preceding, lies near the middle of Sand Hill Lake (the southern and largest part of the Lake of the Woods), double sets of striae were observed in two places, respectively	N. 80° W. and S. 20° W.
And.....	N. 83° W. and S. 33° W.
And on a joint projecting from the south shore in the southwestern part of this Sand Hill Lake, striae bear	S. 70° and 65° W.
With others	S. 35° and 33° W.; also, S. 10° E.
[Probably the bearings S. 10° E. to S. 20° or 30° W. belong to the time of the maximum depth and area of the ice-sheet; the prevailing southwestern courses, to later glaciation; and the more westerly deflections, to the time of final melting of the ice.]	

Minnesota.

North shore of Lake Superior southwesterly from Pigeon Point, numerous localities (Norwood and Whittlesey).....	S. 25°-45° W.
Duluth (N. H. Winchell)	WSW.
Otter Track, Sucker (or Carp), and Long lakes, in northeastern Minnesota, south of Hunters Island (Winchell)	SW.
Vermilion Lake, two places (Winchell), about	S. 20° W.
And in another place (Winchell).....	S. 40° W.
Vermilion Lake (Whittlesey)	S. 15° W.
Pike River, tributary to Vermilion Lake, two places (Winchell).....	S. 10° and 20° W.
In township 59, range 14, about 20 miles south-southeast of Vermilion Lake (Winchell), estimated	S. 30° W.

The following, to Knife Lake, inclusive, are observations by Prof. N. H. Winchell, noted in his Fifteenth Annual Report, Minnesota, for 1886, pp. 385, 386:

Vermilion Lake:

Twenty localities	S. 17°-24° W.
Three other localities.....	S. 28° W., S. 10° W., and S. 12° W. and S. 22 W.
Birch Lake.....	S. 8° E.
Section 30, township 63, range 8.....	S. 12° W.
Section 35, township 63, range 9.....	S. 15° W.
Section 27, township 63, range 10.....	S. 15° W.
Basswood Lake, Northeast Cape.....	S. 36° W. and S. 23° W.
Ima Lake, north shore.....	S. 25° W.
Island in Thomas Lake.....	S. 30° W.
Section 11, township 64, range 7.....	S. 48° W.
Knife Lake.....	

The two following are from Prof. N. H. Winchell, in his Sixteenth Annual Report, for 1887, p. 114:

East end of Delta Lake, west of Ogishke Muncie Lake.....	S. 25° W.
Island in Pseudo-Messer Lake.....	S. 40° W.

Mr. Horace V. Winchell, in the report last cited, pp. 395-478, notes the following glacial striae, to Trout Lake, inclusive, corrected by him for magnetic variation:

Little Fork of Rainy River, five localities	S. 10°-42° W.
Rainy River, 3½ miles below Fort Frances.....	S. 32° W.
Rainy Lake, nine localities	S. 32°-64° W.
North fall on outlet from Namekan Lake to Rainy Lake	S. 30° W.
Bowstring River (Big Fork of Rainy River):	
Probably in township 63, range 26, intersecting striae, mainly.....	S. 10° W. and S. 30° E.
A short distance above the last, very distinct glaciation.....	S. 60° E.
Deer River, at dam about a half mile above its junction with the Big Fork, probably in township 62, range 25.....	S. 80° E. to due E.
Big Fork :	
About 3 miles above the mouth of Deer River.....	Due E.
In or near section 35, township 150, range 25.....	S. 52° E.
[The southeastward and eastward striation on the Bowstring River or Big Fork belongs to the east part of the glacial current that moved to the south and southeast from the region of Lakes Winnipeg and Manitoba, carrying plentiful boulders and gravel of limestone from those lakes and the lower part of the Red River Valley southeast to this stream and to the mouth of Rainy Lake.]	
Lower Falls of Prairie River, section 34, township 56, range 25.....	S.
Elbow Lake, township 64, range 18, two localities.....	S. 26° W. and S. 28° W.
Pelican Lake, mostly in townships 64 and 65, range 20, four localities.....	S. 24°-36° W.
Net Lake, in the Bois Fort Indian Reservation	S. 20°-24° W.
Trout Lake, north of Vermilion Lake, two localities.....	S. 16° W. and S. 36° W.

In the Seventeenth Annual Report, Minnesota, for 1888, pp. 86-118, Mr. H. V. Winchell gives additional notes of glaciation as follows, to Disappointment Lake, inclusive:

Section 32, township 60, range 13, about	SSW.
Summit of the Giant's Range at Hinsdale.....	S. 22° W.
Section 35, township 61, range 12, south of Birch Lake, about.....	S. 12°-30° W.
Section 36, township 62, range 8, south of Lake Isabelle.....	S. 24° W.
Section 15, township 59, range 6, southwest of Crooked Lake.....	S. 6° W.
Section 10, township 64, range 8, north of Ensign Lake.....	S. 24° W.
Section 27, township 64, range 8, northeast end of Disappointment Lake.....	S. 34° W.
Sand Point Lake and Sturgeon or Namekan Lake (Whittlesey)	SW. to S. 55° W.
Rainy Lake (Whittlesey)	S. 40°-60° W., and WSW.
Big Fork of Rainy River, about 82 miles from its mouth (Whittlesey).....	S. 80° E.

[This seems to be near the locality noted by H. V. Winchell about 3 miles above the mouth of Deer River.]

The Twenty-second Annual Report, Minnesota, for 1893, on pages 35-40, makes extensive additions to the foregoing lists of glacial striae in the northeastern part of that State, including very abundant and exceptionally deflected courses at Duluth and elsewhere about the west end of Lake Superior. In this report (page 42) it is suggested that some of the courses noted on the Bowstring River or Big Fork may

really have been westward, rather than eastward, due to deflection during the late stage of the glacial recession when the expanding Lake Agassiz caused the ice in northwestern Minnesota to be melted away earlier than on the land area about the sources of the Big Fork and easterly, so that the previous glacial currents of that area might become reversed from eastward to westward courses.

The following striae are in central and southern Minnesota:

Hinckley, Pine County.....	S. and S. 5° W.
Watab, Benton County.....	S. 15° W.
Sauk Rapids, Benton County, numerous places.....	S. 45° - 55° W.
But in one place.....	S. 15° W.
Sauk Center, Stearns County, 40 miles west of the last.....	S. 40° E.
Minneapolis, several places.....	S. 5° - 28° E.
One to 7 miles southeast from Big Stone Lake, numerous places.....	SE.
Granite Falls, several places.....	S. 45° - 50° E.
Beaver Falls.....	S. 60° E.
In the valley of the Minnesota River, 2 miles below Birch Cooley.....	S. 60° E.
One and a half miles west of Fort Ridgely.....	S. 60° E.
Redstone, near New Ulm.....	S. 25° E.
Jordan, at mill of Foss, Wells & Co.....	SE.
Posen, Yellow Medicine County.....	S. 50° E.
Echo, Yellow Medicine County.....	S. 50° - 55° E.
Township 111, range 38, Redwood County.....	S. 50° - 60° E.
Stately, Brown County.....	S. 50° - 55° E.
Germantown, Cottonwood County.....	S. 30° E., S. 50° E., and 70° E.
Amboy, Cottonwood County, mostly.....	S. 35° - 50° E.
But also rarely deflected to.....	S. 70° E.
[In one place all these courses intersect on the same surface.]	
Delton, Cottonwood County, numerous localities, mostly.....	S. 15° - 40° E.
Also, in one place, all courses from.....	S. to S. 80° E.
[These intersect on the same surface.]	
Selma, Cottonwood County.....	S. 18° - 22° E.
Amo, Cottonwood County.....	S. 30° - 32° E.
Dale, Cottonwood County.....	S. 20° - 34° E.
Adrian, Watonwan County.....	S. 20° - 30° E.

The only glacial striae recorded in North Dakota are on outcrops of a bluish-gray sandstone, occupying the place of the Fox Hills sandstone, on the Willow River, in the southwest quarter of section 35, township 161, range 73, about 6 miles south from Dunseith and the southern base of Turtle Mountain. Distinct glacial furrows and striae, here observed in eight or ten places, bear mostly due west, but in two places S. 85° W. and S. 75° W. These striae belong to the closing stage of glaciation here, being directed normally toward the Fergus Falls and Leaf Hills moraines and the glacial Lake Souris, whose eastern shore coincided nearly with this part of the course of Willow River. During the maximum extension of the ice-sheet its current at this locality doubtless passed nearly due south.

Almost universally throughout North Dakota, eastern Montana, and a large area stretching thence northwestward to the Athabasca and Peace rivers, the bed-rocks

are shales of the Fort Pierre and Laramie formations, so soft and easily eroded wherever exposed to weathering that glacial marks are not preserved. The sandstone of Willow River, however, outcrops also in the same district on Turkey and Ox creeks, but does not there retain striated surfaces. Farther west, apparently this stratum of sandstone occurs in the bluffs of the Souris River, near its most southern bend, and in hills within the area of the loop formed by this river, where other glacial striae may probably be found.

APPENDIX B.

NOTES OF ABORIGINAL EARTHWORKS WITHIN AND NEAR THE AREA OF LAKE AGASSIZ.

Archeologists will be interested in the following brief notes of the localities of mounds in this district, to which reference has been made in Chapter XI, page 612.

Many mounds, probably not less than fifty in all, varying from 2 to 15 feet in height, are situated on the bluffs of both sides of Lake Traverse, Browns Valley, and Big Stone Lake.

Three isolated mounds, each about 5 feet high, were noted on the right bank of the Red River, in Wilkin County, Minn., one being about 12 miles east of Breckenridge, another about 4 miles north of that town, and a third in McCauleyville.

Close south of the Red River, near the mouth of Ottertail Lake, is a group of sixteen mounds, varying from 1 to 10 feet in height; and others, single or in groups, are found at many places in Ottertail County.

In Clay County, Minn., a small mound was noted near Muskoda, and another near the South Branch of the Wild Rice River.

(More detailed statements concerning these and the foregoing localities are given in the Geology of Minnesota, Vol. I, p. 631, and Vol. II, pp. 533, 558-561, and 671.)

Mounds and artificial embankments are situated on and near the beaches of Lake Agassiz in many places. In the greater part of these instances the earthworks have been already described, or at least mentioned, in this volume (pp. 284, 313, 347, 349, 354, 390, 412, 413, 431). Among all these localities the most notable is close north of the Forest River, about 6 miles northwest of Inkster (p. 349). According to a survey of this group of mounds by Mr. T. H. Lewis, they number about forty, ranging from 1½ feet to 13 feet in height, some of them being connected by low embankments.

In the south part of Crookston an aboriginal mound about 6 feet high and 100 feet in diameter lies on the south bluff of the Red Lake River, close east of Mr. Erskine's brickyard.

On the prairie, close west of the mouth of Red Lake and north of the Red Lake River, is a large mound about 15 feet high.

Beside the Roseau Lake trail, between 2 and 4 miles eastward from its crossing of the South Branch of Two Rivers, five oblong mounds or embankments, each about 3 feet high, are reported by Mr. Charles Hallock. These are on the crest of a beach ridge, probably the Tintah beach.

Two mounds, respectively 5 and 3 feet high, are situated about half way between Fort Pembina and the town of Pembina, being some three-fourths of a mile north of the fort and an eighth of a mile west of the Red River.

In the vicinity of Devils Lake, Sweetwater Lake, and Stump Lake are many mounds, mostly 3 to 6 feet high, very rarely rising to 10 feet, occurring singly, as on the tops of the hills near Fort Totten, and in groups of several, or sometimes forty or more, as at the southeast end of Devils Lake. Other lone mounds and series of mounds are seen here and there along the bluffs of the Sheyenne and James rivers.

The largest mound known in Minnesota is 45 feet high, being the central one of a group of three (the two others only 8 or 10 feet high) on the south side of the Rainy River, close east of the mouth of the Bowstring River or Big Fork. This mound, partially excavated under the direction of Prof. George Bryce, was found to contain many skeletons, and also skulls without other parts of the skeleton, as if they had been collected on a battlefield. There were also found very interesting stone and copper implements, ornaments made from seashells and others of fresh-water shells, broken pottery, and a complete pottery cup having a diameter of 3 inches. Professor Bryce states that twenty-one mounds are discovered along the whole course of the Rainy River, one (peculiar in containing a structure of charred logs some 10 feet square and 6 to 8 feet high) being at the mouth of Rainy Lake and several at the Long Sault. On the Red River, in Manitoba, he reports one mound as formerly existing at Winnipeg, and several still to be seen near the rapids about 16 miles below that city. (Historical and Scientific Society of Manitoba, Transaction 18, 1885.)

On the Souris River and its tributaries, the North and South Antler creeks, Professor Bryce surveyed twenty-one mounds within an area of 4 miles square, ranging from 4 to 7 feet in height. One of these mounds, containing a single skeleton, had with it nearly all the types of stone implements, copper and seashell ornaments, and pottery, which had been found in the large mound on the Rainy River, about 325 miles distant to the east, besides two pipes of red pipestone; but in each case no evidence of any intercourse with Europeans was found. (Historical and Scientific Society of Manitoba, Transaction 24, 1886.)

During my survey of the shore-lines of Lake Agassiz in Manitoba and examination of the adjoining country on the southwest, I observed mounds in many localities, of which the following are the most noteworthy:

In the northwestern edge of the village of Arden the crest of the Campbell beach bears a round mound 4 feet high and 75 feet in diameter, with an embankment 2 feet high and 30 feet wide extending from it 50 feet northward. A mile south of Arden, on this broad beach, a few rods east of its crest and about 1 foot lower, is an embankment 20 to 25 feet wide, about 200 feet long from north to south, parallel with the beach crest, and 1½ to 2 feet high. Along its northern two-thirds this earthwork is straight, but its southern third curves somewhat eastward and this end sinks gradually to the general surface.

The formerly famous Calf Mountain, which was visited by Palliser's expedition and appeared prominent on most of the early maps of Manitoba, is an aboriginal mound,

probably built over a slight natural mound of the glacial drift. This earthwork, rising only about 15 feet above the adjoining surface, is near the north line of the northeast quarter of section 32, township 2, range 7 west. Its top is about 40 feet above Darlingford railway station and 1,600 feet above the sea. From it the land descends fast eastward to Thornhill and Morden, overlooking farther east the vast valley plain of the Red River. The earthwork consists of till, inclosing frequent boulders up to 1 foot in diameter, with a considerable admixture of gravel, which was probably brought from the shores of a beautiful lakelet a few hundred feet distant to the north. The diameter of the principal mound, which is dome-shaped, is 95 feet, with a height of 15 feet. Thence an embankment about 2 feet high extends 10 rods southwest, and its farther portion, turning with a right angle, continues about 4 rods to the southeast. Excavation in the mound has brought to light human bones and many buffalo skulls, often much decayed and fragmentary. The name Calf Mountain, probably a translation from an aboriginal name, refers to this united sepulture of the remains of man and the buffalo.

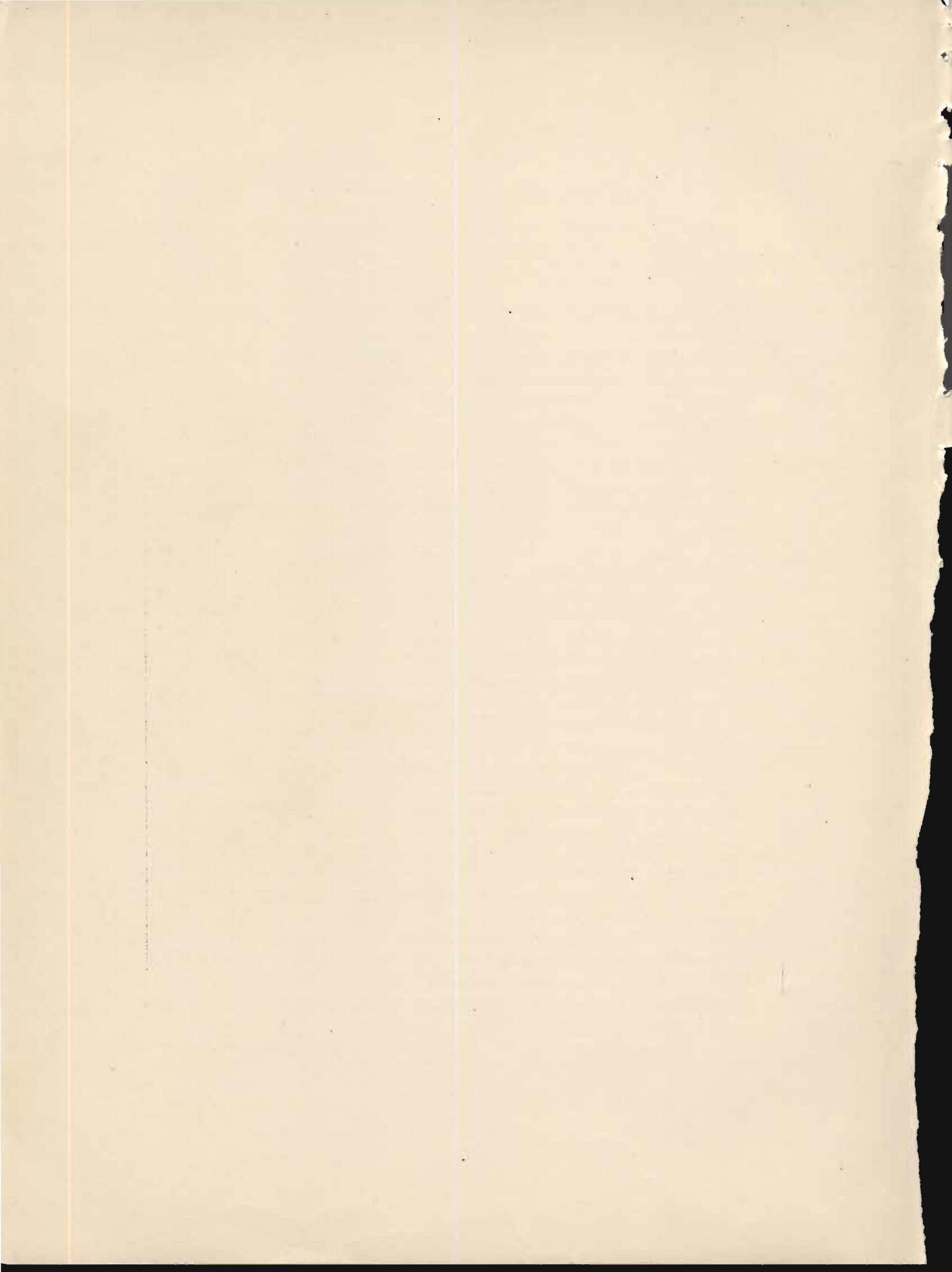
Several round mounds, 2 to 4 feet high, are situated on the bluffs of Mowbray and Snowflake creeks. Two of these, near the southeast corner of section 9, township 1, range 9 west, were found to contain in each four or five skeletons.

On the top of Star Mound (p. 99) an artificial mound, built of till, with boulders up to a foot in diameter, has a height of about 4 feet and diameter of 50 feet, with slight embankments extending beyond its circumference about 20 feet to the north and south. Similarly, the top of Pilot Mound (p. 99) has an earthwork about 2 feet high and 50 feet in diameter. The crests of a few of the Tiger Hills are also crowned with small mounds, some of which have been excavated and are found to have been built for purposes of burial.

On the southeast bluff of the Cypress River, close east of the mouth of Tiger Creek, are three mounds, of which the most northeastern and largest is 6 feet high. These are on land about 25 feet above the general level of the surrounding country and 1,260 feet above the sea.

Besides the foregoing, which I have examined, my assistant, Mr. Robert H. Young, noted a mound about 4 feet high and 60 feet in diameter on the crest of the southeastern end of a beach-like esker in the southeast quarter of section 30, township 12, range 1 east, near the Grosse Isle (p. 187).

A very large mound, said to be about 10 feet high, is reported on land of Mr. William Rhind beside the White Mud River, about a mile west from Westbourne. On its surface, or not far below it, stone pipes, pottery, and human skulls and other bones have been found; but at the time of this information no deep excavation had been made.



INDEX.

A.	Page.	B.	Page.
Abittibi, Lake.....	205, 233	Analyses of artesian well waters.....	536-540
Ablation	210	river and lake waters	540-544
Aboriginal earthworks.....	284,	Andrews, E., cited	238
313, 347, 349, 354, 390, 412, 413, 431, 611, 643-646		Angus, Minn.....	455, 459, 562
Ada, Minn.....	133, 159, 211, 557	Antelope moraine	139, 141
Adams, F. D., analyses.....	537	Antelope Valley, North Dakota.....	157
Adhemar, J., cited.....	489	Appalachian-Laurentide mountain belt.....	14, 104
Adirondack Mountains, glaciation of.....	116,	Archean boulders	120,
203, 260, 262, 263, 505		130, 131, 136, 152, 156, 174, 186, 393, 405, 469, 588, 626	
Aftonian stage of Glacial period.....	280, 554	Archean formations.....	16, 65, 76, 78, 89, 133, 556, 625, 631
Agassiz, Alexander, cited.....	513	area in Minnesota	66, 183, 583
Agassiz, J. Louis R., biographic notes.....	5	decomposition of	89
on glacial striae	637	Arctic archipelago.....	102, 112, 127, 503
on glaciation of Patagonia	509, 510	Arden, Manitoba.....	371, 424, 441, 580, 644
Agassiz, Lake, named for Louis Agassiz.....	5	Ardoch, N. Dak.....	466, 574, 585
altitude	14	Area of Lake Agassiz.....	1, 2, 14, 214, 216, 220, 479
area	2, 214, 216, 218, 220, 479	Arrow Hills.....	130, 140, 175, 177, 271, 406
area of its drainage basin	63, 64	Artesian water supply	523-581
depth	211, 213, 215, 218, 219, 470, 479	sources of fresh	526, 576
duration	198, 200, 225, 240, 242	sources of saline	527-536, 561, 576
extension with departure of the ice- sheet	208, 214	use for irrigation	545
islands	167, 288, 304, 345-352, 396	Artesian wells	2, 13, 74-80, 523-581
northeastern boundaries	11, 29, 62	notes of, on the Lake Agassiz area	548-581
northward uplift of basin	147,	section, Browns Valley, Minn	89
217, 224, 227, 267, 382, 474-483, 485		Deloraine, Manitoba	83, 529
outlet by the River Warren	7,	Devils Lake, N. Dak	529
15, 19, 222, 224, 250, 478		Grafton, N. Dak	74, 77
outlets northeastward	215,	Humboldt, Minn	74
216, 226, 231, 443, 479		Jamestown, N. Dak	529
stages	210, 250, 444, 474, 476	Morden, Manitoba	74, 81
succeeded by Lake Winnipeg	220, 226	Rosenfeld, Manitoba	74, 78
tabular list of beaches and their alti- tudes	476	Tower City, N. Dak	535
volume of water discharged from	252	Arthur, N. Dak	417
Agricultural resources	2, 582-625	Arvilla, N. Dak	165, 403, 418, 436, 573
Airy, G. B., cited	494	Assiniboine delta	27,
Alaska, epeirogenic movements	509	59, 178, 189, 202, 271, 307, 370-381, 424, 548, 587, 591	
mostly unglaciated	111, 128, 243, 247	Assiniboine River	42, 45, 56, 58, 98, 271, 380, 631
Alexander, Lake, Minnesota	159, 163	analyses of water	542
Algonkian formations	65, 76, 90	glacial striae	636
Algonquin, glacial lake	233	Athabasca, glacial lake	64, 205, 232, 274
Alkaline efflorescence	524, 590	Athabasca River	63, 205, 231, 636, 641
soils	588, 589, 590	Atherton, Minn	409, 429
waters	524, 546, 559	Attawapishkat River, glacial striae	638
Alluvium	166, 201, 208,	Attix Ridge	300
253, 265, 292, 317, 334, 354, 378, 380, 438, 583, 590, 597		Attraction of the ice-sheet	227,
Almasippi, Manitoba	453	228, 231, 484, 488-491, 498, 515, 522	
Alta Vista, Minn	90	B.	
Altamont moraine	36, 139, 141	Babbitt, Miss Franc E., cited	11
Altitudes of Lake Agassiz area	9, 14, 31, 43	Bald Hill, N. Dak	154
Amenia, N. Dak., artesian well	569	Baldwin, S. P., cited	243
Analyses of alkali efflorescence	524	Baltic Sea, Champlain subsidence and reelevation	511
		Barley, statistics of production	620

INDEX.

	Page.		Page.
Barnesville, Minn.....	287, 385, 400, 409, 554, 555	Boyne River, Manitoba.....	56, 97, 99, 371, 587
Bars, a variety of beach deposits.....	348	Brainerd, Minn.....	543, 544
Baseleveling of the Great Plains.....	102	Brandon, Manitoba.....	368, 370, 374, 580
Bathgate, N. Dak.....	463, 469, 576	Brandon glaciallake.....	271, 377
Beach ridges.....	3,	Brandon Hills.....	130, 140, 175, 176, 271, 368, 406
26, 147, 167, 196, 199, 217, 221, 261, 267, 276-473, 506		Breckenridge, Minn.....	22, 54, 211, 553, 613, 627
eastward ascent.....	237, 483-485	Brick making.....	625, 627
northward ascent.....	147,	Brine in wells.....	75, 78, 100, 537, 538, 629
218, 230, 234, 267, 382, 474-483, 485		British Columbia, epeirogenic movements.....	231, 505, 508
tabular list, with altitudes.....	476	glaciation	111, 119, 127, 128, 206
terrace deposits of beach gravel.....	344, 360, 365, 422	British North American Boundary Commission.....	6, 401, 433
wave action in formation of.....	348, 386, 421, 446	Broken Bone Lake, North Dakota.....	162, 172, 176, 209, 243
wells on.....	548	Browns Valley.....	15, 17, 89, 197, 265, 643
Beans station, North Dakota.....	452, 456	artesian wells.....	89, 539
Beautiful Plain	424, 425	Bryce, George, cited.....	48, 612, 644
Beavers.....	302, 327	Buffalo delta.....	27, 189, 212, 290-292, 410
Becker, G. F., cited.....	495	Buffalo River, Minnesota.....	56, 446, 631
Bell, Robert, cited.....	68, 112, 119, 128, 140, 204,	Buffaloees.....	139, 582, 601
216, 220, 232, 238, 239, 275, 505, 508, 542, 636, 637		Building stone.....	625, 626
Nelson River described by.....	29, 67	Burns Ridge, Manitoba.....	187
observations of glacial striae.....	633	Burnside, Manitoba.....	467
on transportation of boulders	131	Burnside beach.....	219, 226, 465-468, 479
Belle Plaine, Minn., deep well	17, 225	Butte Mashue.....	155, 170
Belly River formation.....	82, 83	Buxton, N. Dak.....	159, 165, 448, 452, 455
Belmont, N. Dak.....	166, 218, 462		
Belt, T., cited.....	511	C.	
Beltrami, J. C., cited.....	52, 305		
Beltrami Island, of Lake Agassiz.....	29, 178, 304, 388	Calciferous formations.....	75, 76
Beltrami, Minn.....	165, 559	Caledonia, N. Dak.....	159, 160, 211, 218, 460
Big Butte, North Dakota.....	162, 171, 209, 243	Calf Mountain, Manitoba.....	644
Big Couleé, North Dakota.....	268, 270, 317	Calgary, drift near.....	121
Big Fork of Rainy River.....	51, 178, 304, 305, 644	Call, R. E., determination of fossils.....	238
glacial striae.....	640, 641	Cambrian formations.....	17, 65, 76, 78
Big Grass Marsh and River.....	134, 425, 464, 467, 587	Campbell, Minn.....	133, 408, 532, 630
Big Slough, Manitoba.....	178, 377	Campbell beaches.....	216, 221, 224, 234, 237, 316, 407-426, 482, 644
Big Slough, North Dakota.....	149	fresh-water shells of	237
Big Stone Lake.....	15, 17, 18, 45, 141, 198, 208, 222, 265, 427, 643	Canadian Geological Survey, work on Lake Agassiz.....	8
analysis of water.....	543, 544	Canadian Pacific Railway.....	49, 52, 135, 187, 204,
Birds Hill, Manitoba.....	175, 181, 183-188, 210, 213, 243	205, 364, 369, 379, 424, 433, 442, 458, 464, 469	
Bismarck, N. Dak., weather records.....	592-600	Canadian part of Lake Agassiz	1, 213, 216
Black Bear Island, Lake Winnipeg.....	69, 137, 635	Canyon erosion.....	104, 105
Black Island, Lake Winnipeg, moraine.....	215, 220, 472	Carberry, Manitoba	376, 580
Blanchard, N. Dak.....	159, 448, 526, 534, 535	Carman, Manitoba.....	133, 464, 467, 580
Blanchard beaches.....	218, 222, 226, 445-449, 479	Carman, Minn., artesian wells.....	540, 544, 547, 560, 630
Blanford, W. T., cited.....	513, 547	Casselton, N. Dak.....	133, 448, 534, 568
Blooming Prairie, North Dakota.....	145	Catskill Mountains, glaciation of.....	117, 125
Blue Earth River, Minnesota.....	254, 264	Causes of the Glacial period.....	125, 504, 517
Blumenfeld, Manitoba.....	453	Cavalier, N. Dak.....	457, 627
Blumenort, Manitoba.....	464, 467	Cedar Lake, Saskatchewan River.....	46, 61, 636
Bois Brûlé River.....	256	Chains of lakes.....	145, 223, 265
Bois des Sioux River.....	20, 45, 56, 211, 212, 280, 306, 397, 408	Chalmers, R., cited	505
Bonanza farms.....	614	Chamberlin, T. C., cited	4, 7, 76,
Bonneville, Lake.....	1, 192, 228, 241, 494, 496, 595	109, 129, 132, 179, 234, 492, 498, 517, 518, 627	
Bottom-lands.....	20, 270, 292, 342, 665	alternative interpretations.....	244-251
Boutwell, W. T., cited.....	173	on glacial lakes	195, 208
Boulder-clay.....	46, 108, 119, 122, 134	on limestone detritus in drift.....	132
Bowdiers.....	136, 198	on stages of the Glacial period.....	110,
absent from beaches and deltas	188, 201, 290, 381, 627	280, 518	
abundant in front of beaches	386, 395	on terminal moraines	139
localities of, abundant and large	137,		
148, 149, 152, 153, 155, 159, 164, 165, 168,		Champion, Minn., artesian wells	551
171, 174, 186, 198, 287, 289, 304, 341, 343,		Champlain, Lake.....	127, 203, 231, 232, 255, 262, 264, 505
354, 355, 386, 393, 395, 405, 411, 469, 583		Champlain epoch.....	127, 128, 233, 255, 259, 263
on Pembina Mountain.....	41, 137, 404	marine beds	505, 508
transportation of	109, 115, 130, 191	subsidence	127,
worn by buffaloes.....	139	229, 233, 263, 505, 510, 511, 519, 521	
Bowstring Lake and River.....	32, 51, 178, 304, 305, 640, 644	uplift from the subsidence	234, 264, 507, 511

INDEX.

Page	Page
Changes in the levels of beaches..... 9, 10, 223, 229, 474-522	
Channels of preglacial or interglacial rivers..... 17,	
106, 145, 170, 172, 222, 223, 270, 280, 317, 554	
Chapman, E. J., cited..... 260	
Chater, Manitoba..... 369, 580	
Chazy formations..... 69, 70, 75, 76	
Chicago and Northwestern Railway..... 38	
Chicago outlet of Lake Warren..... 257, 260	
Chippewa River, Minnesota..... 19	
Churchill River..... 44, 63, 68, 128, 215, 231, 237, 275, 637	
glacial striae..... 634, 637	
Claypole, E. W., cited..... 119, 261, 494	
Clearwater River, Manitoba..... 58, 269	
Clearwater River, Minnesota..... 54, 303, 582, 631, 632	
Clifford, N. Dak..... 324, 389, 403	
Climatic changes..... 171	
conditions..... 592-601	
Cochrane, A. S., glacial striae..... 635, 636	
Colemans Valley, N. Dakota..... 146	
Colfax, N. Dak..... 434, 566	
Colorado Canyon..... 104, 105	
Colorado formation..... 82	
Colvin, V., cited..... 116	
Contoocook River, New Hampshire..... 202	
Contraction of the earth..... 518	
Conway, N. Dak..... 419, 437, 575	
Cooperstown, N. Dak..... 151, 154, 243	
Cope, E. D., cited..... 83	
Cordilleran mountain belt..... 14, 101, 119, 122, 242, 513, 514, 547	
outflow of ice-sheet..... 119	
Corn, statistics of production..... 620	
Coste, Eugene, cited..... 625	
Coteau des Prairies..... 10, 35, 36, 86, 91, 140, 149, 151, 308	
Head of the..... 39,	
111, 139, 143, 148, 150, 208, 266	
Coteau du Missonri..... 10, 35, 105, 137, 140, 206, 267	
Cottonwood River, Minnesota..... 86	
Couchiching series..... 67	
Crazy Mountains, Montana..... 103	
Cretaceous formations..... 17,	
38, 40, 41, 44, 60, 66, 74, 81-107, 137, 138, 151, 154,	
162, 169, 197, 198, 304, 306, 317, 340, 341, 349, 355, 393,	
422, 528, 548, 550, 553, 567, 572, 580, 589, 626, 629	
former eastward extent..... 87, 100, 101, 198	
Laramie brackish and fresh water series..... 84, 106	
marine series of Manitoba..... 83	
the South Saskatchewan..... 82	
the Upper Missouri..... 81	
sources of deposits..... 101	
Croll, James, cited..... 489, 517	
Crookston, Minn..... 53,	
133, 447, 454, 459, 526, 560, 613, 627, 628, 632, 643	
Crosby, W. O., cited..... 132, 494, 513, 517	
Crow Hills, North Dakota..... 157, 169	
Crow Wing River, Minnesota..... 163	
Crust deformation by the ice-sheet..... 497, 500, 517, 520	
Culver, G. E., cited..... 120, 530	
Cummings, N. Dak..... 159, 448, 452, 455, 631	
Cushing, H. P., cited..... 243	
Cycles of rainfall..... 595	
Cypress Hills, Assiniboria..... 85, 111, 117, 118, 205	
Cypress River, Manitoba..... 58, 98, 368, 371, 376, 580, 645	
D.	
Dairying..... 621, 624	
Dakota, glacial lake..... 148, 149, 150, 254, 266	
Dall, W. H., cited..... 509	
Dalles of Winnipeg River..... 51	
Dalrymple farm..... 614	
Dana, J. D., cited..... 114, 116, 127, 128, 263, 503, 505, 517, 518, 605	
Darwin, C., cited..... 509, 510, 513	
Darwin G. H., referred to..... 493	
Dauphin, Lake..... 47, 48, 61, 442, 449	
Davenport, N. Dak..... 448, 567	
Davenport beach ridge, Ontario..... 261	
Davidson, G., cited..... 504	
Davis, E. C., leveling..... 400, 412, 432	
Davis, W. M., cited..... 103, 263	
Dawson, George M., cited..... 6, 49, 71, 100,	
110, 111, 112, 118, 119, 120, 121, 183, 196, 198, 205, 207,	
238, 269, 274, 401, 504, 505, 506, 507, 509, 524, 595, 605	
Dawson, George M., Cretaceous series..... 82, 83, 97	
early observations of Lake Agassiz..... 6	
glacial striae..... 639	
Peace River silts..... 64	
Pembina Mountain escarpment..... 41	
rocks of Assiniboria..... 85	
rocks of Manitoba..... 72	
section of Rosenfeld well..... 79, 80	
Dawson, J. W., cited..... 83, 501, 505, 508	
Dawson, S. J., leveling..... 50	
Dawson Bay, Lake Winnipegosis..... 48, 73, 74	
De Geer, G., cited..... 263, 505, 511	
De Villo, N. Dak..... 414	
Dead Horse Creek, Manitoba..... 364	
Dead Lakes, Manitoba..... 464	
Decomposition of gneiss and granite..... 89, 107, 132	
Deloraine, Manitoba, deep well..... 83, 529, 534	
Deltas..... 27,	
199, 200, 208, 211, 215, 242, 246, 253, 290, 298,	
315, 333, 357, 367, 376, 390, 402, 438, 584, 590	
contemporaneous with the Herman beach..... 291,	
298, 316, 334, 362, 380	
proportion of modified drift..... 189, 291	
wells on..... 359, 548, 549	
Denudation of the Great Plains..... 102	
Departure of the ice-sheet..... 126, 521	
Desor, E., glacial striae..... 637	
Detroit, Minn..... 45	
Devils Heart Hill..... 156, 157	
Devils Lake .. 10, 40, 130, 151, 162, 169, 170, 175, 209, 243, 268, 534	
aboriginal mounds..... 644	
artesian well..... 96, 100, 528, 539, 546, 547	
fluctuations of level..... 595, 597	
Devonian formations..... 44, 72, 74, 79, 80, 588	
Diller, J. S., cited..... 103, 513	
Dodge, J. A., analyses..... 524, 536	
Dog Head, Lake Winnipeg..... 47, 69	
Dominion City, Manitoba..... 133, 466, 578	
Donaldson, Minn., flowing well..... 564	
Douglas, Manitoba..... 369, 371	
Dovre moraine..... 146, 147-158, 208, 210, 242, 243, 265, 311, 397	
Downer, Minn..... 430	
Drainage in Red River Valley..... 428, 459, 585, 586	
Dresbach formation..... 74, 78	
Drift..... 108, 132, 134, 534	
englacial..... 136, 101, 243, 249, 291, 298, 336, 341, 363	

INDEX.

	Page.		Page.
Drift, modified	127, 143, 155, 179-190, 210, 265	Eskers.....	35, 40, 105, 439
thickness of	16, 133, 136, 137, 151, 171	Fairford River, Manitoba	175, 179, 183-188, 201, 210, 243, 645
Driftless area of Wisconsin	141	Fargo, N. Dak.....	169, 459, 561
Droughts.....	545, 584, 594	Europe, epeirogenic movements	229
Drygalski, E. von, referred to	248	glacial lakes.....	5
Duck Mountain.....	1, 35,	ice-sheet.....	125
42, 45, 61, 83, 99, 105, 179,		postglacial period	239
198, 406, 426, 442, 477, 589		Everest, N. Dak.....	448, 567
northward ascent of beaches	235		
Duluth, Minn., glacial striae	639, 640	F.	
weather records	592-600	Fairford River, Manitoba	61
Duluth and Manitoba Railroad	432, 445, 447, 452, 462	Fargo, N. Dak.....	22, 55, 133, 211, 218, 556, 567, 613
Duluth and Winnipeg Railroad	49, 304	Fargo and Southwestern Railroad	39, 315, 389, 402
Dumont, Minn	383	Farm work in the Red River Valley	584, 598, 613, 614, 615
Dunes on deltas	28, 200, 298, 299, 309, 312, 315, 375, 376, 591	Farmhouses on beach ridges	3, 276
Souris River.....	158	Faults, absent in uplift of the Lake Agassiz area	483
Duration of Lake Agassiz	200, 210, 225, 240	Fauna, molluscan, of Lake Agassiz	4, 237
the Postglacial period	238, 516	Fergus Falls, Minn.....	33, 45, 54, 158, 632
Dutton, C. E., cited	104, 494	analysis of water of Red River	540, 544
Dwight, N. Dak., artesian wells	566	Fergus Falls moraine	146, 158-162, 163, 208, 211, 242, 329, 641
		First Pembina Mountain	27, 41, 57, 96, 360, 392, 420, 438
E.		Fish Trap Lake, Minnesota	163
East Selkirk, Manitoba	70, 72, 135, 626	Fisher, Minn., wells	561
Eckelson, N. Dak	144	Fisher, O., cited	494
Eckelson, Lake	144, 265	Fishing Banks, from Newfoundland to Cape Cod	112, 503
Economic resources	2, 582, 625-631	Fishing Lakes, Qu'Appelle River	197, 273
Eden, Manitoba	395	Fjords	102, 501, 507, 509, 510
Edinburg, N. Dak	167, 392	submarine	263, 502, 503
Edwards, B., analysis	542	Flaxseed, statistics of production	623
Eldridge, G. H., referred to	82	Fleming, S., cited	261
Elevations from railway profiles	8, 38, 39, 40, 49, 52	Flood stages of Lake Agassiz	252
Elk Valley, North Dakota	165, 167, 335, 337-353, 437	Floods of Assiniboine River	58, 380, 542
Elk Valley delta	27, 167, 189, 312, 333-336, 390, 403, 418	Lake Manitoba	58, 380
Elk Valley farm	614	Red River	55, 166, 254, 438, 542, 598
Elliott, C. G., on drainage	585	Flora of the Red River basin	582, 601-610
Elm Creek, Manitoba	467, 587	Flowers of prairies and beach ridges	284, 307, 425, 609, 610
Elm Grove, North Dakota	338	Flowing wells	523-581
Elm River, North Dakota	45, 56, 417	Fluctuations of lake levels	250, 252, 277
Elysian moraine	141, 147, 152, 208	Fluvial deposits	166, 201, 208, 253
Embarras River, Minnesota	32, 177	Forest bed, interglacial	554, 555
Emerado, N. Dak	456, 573	Forest, causes of limitation	604
Emerado beaches	217, 218, 222, 226, 227, 454-458, 479, 482	Forest part of Lake Agassiz area	1, 29,
Emerson, B. K., cited	238	30, 44, 279, 387, 413, 583, 586	
Emerson, Manitoba	135, 213, 578	Forest River, N. Dak	56, 340, 348, 437, 535, 585, 587, 631
Englacial drift	136, 191, 243, 249, 291, 298, 336, 341, 363	Forest trees, species of	45, 299, 304, 343, 389, 413, 602, 603
English River	52, 638	Fort Abercrombie, N. Dak	55, 429
Epeirogenic movements	3, 102, 104, 105, 118, 125, 126,	Fort Benton formation	81,
127, 199, 216, 224, 227-237, 245, 259,		82, 84, 86, 92, 96, 106, 550, 553, 556, 565, 567, 629	
329, 382, 386, 407, 427, 474-522, 596		Fort Frances, Ontario	50, 632, 640
dependent on glaciation	492-501,	Fort Pierre formation	81, 82, 83, 86, 90, 91, 94, 96, 98,
509, 520		153, 170, 173, 189, 269, 270, 333, 394, 405, 439, 581, 642	
independent of glaciation	512-515, 520	Fort Totten, N. Dak	156, 157, 169, 644
term proposed by G. K. Gilbert	103	Fossils, Cretaceous	82, 86, 92, 95
wavelike advance on area of		Baculites ovatus	91, 92, 94, 96
Lake Agassiz	481, 486, 522	Belemnitella manitobensis	98
Erie, N. Dak	323, 324	Inoceramus problematicus	91, 99
Erosion by lake waves	26, 198, 199, 242, 277, 316, 323, 344, 355,	sagensis	92, 94, 95
380, 389, 392, 394, 407, 410, 411, 415, 420, 422, 434		Lamna mudgei	94
by the River Warren	150, 222, 250	Nucula cancellata	91
glacial	89, 132, 588	Ostrea congesta	97, 98, 99
postglacial	127, 221, 226	Otodns appendiculatus	87
preglacial	17, 35, 38,	Pachyrhizodus latimentum	94
40, 44, 59, 89, 100, 102, 104, 107, 145, 198, 222, 501-504		Placenticeras placenta	91
Escarps of lake erosion	27, 277, 283,	Seaphites nicolletii	91, 95
316, 323, 389, 392, 394, 410, 411, 418, 420, 425, 428		nodosus	94
		Fossils, Pleistocene and Recent	202, 207,
		231, 237, 253, 259, 262, 264, 322, 505-508, 510, 554, 555	

INDEX.

651

Page.	Page.
Fossils, Pleistocene and Recent:	
<i>Gyraulus parvus</i>	238
<i>Litorina littorea</i>	512
<i>Sphaerium striatum</i>	237
<i>sulcatum</i>	238
<i>Unio ellipsis</i>	237
<i>Unio luteolus</i>	237
<i>Yoldia (Leda) arctica</i>	506
Fossils, Silurian:	
<i>Pycnostylus gneophensis</i>	73
Fox Hills formation.....	81, 82, 90, 97, 173, 641
Franklin, John, referred to.....	275
Frenchmans Bluff, Minnesota.....	159, 296
Frog Portage, Churchill River.....	275, 637
Frosts, earliest and latest.....	599, 620
Fruits.....	590, 624
G.	
Gabb, W. M., cited.....	513
Galena limestone.....	70, 71, 74, 76, 77, 79, 80
Galesburg, N. Dak.....	324, 326
Gardar, N. Dak.....	352, 354, 392, 419
Gary moraine.....	37, 139, 141
Gas, natural.....	563, 571, 631
in well water.....	553, 569
Geikie, A., referred to.....	493, 517
Geikie, James, cited.....	109, 125, 510, 517, 518
Geologic formations underlying the drift.....	65
Giants Range, Minnesota.....	30, 31, 32, 177
Gilbert, G. K., cited.....	4, 199, 227, 232, 238, 261, 492, 505, 598
defining epeirogeny.....	103
on Lake Bonneville.....	192, 194, 494, 496
Lake Iroquois.....	257-262
rhythmic stream erosion.....	224
Gilliland, J. A., cited.....	52, 54, 163, 173, 177, 535
Glacial currents.....	109, 126, 129, 167, 182, 243, 247, 262, 351, 640
Glacial erosion.....	89, 132, 588
Glacial lakes, defined.....	194
evidences of.....	195-202
in Europe.....	5
Sargent County, N. Dak.....	148, 149, 152, 266
influence on deposition of drift.....	190, 242
of the Peace and Athabasca basins.....	63,
206, 255, 274	
of the St. Lawrence basin.....	126, 202, 255-264
Glacial period.....	108, 128, 255, 512, 515, 517
causes of.....	125, 504, 517
stages of.....	110, 280, 554
Glacial rivers.....	149,
161, 167, 179, 182, 196, 205, 234, 292, 298, 336, 362, 418	
Glacial striae.....	108, 115, 129, 130, 132, 182, 239
deflected.....	633, 635, 637, 639, 641
table of.....	129, 633-642
Glacial watercourses.....	164, 165
Glaciers contemporaneous with Lake Bonneville.....	194
Gladstone, Manitoba.....	234, 236, 371, 464, 580
Gladstone beaches.....	218, 237, 462-465, 479, 483
fresh-water shells of.....	237
Glasston, N. Dak., wells.....	575
Glen Roy, parallel roads of.....	5
Glenboro, Manitoba.....	373, 580
Glenora prairie, Manitoba.....	269
Glyndon, Minn.....	253, 446, 555
Gneiss boulders.....	138
Gold mining.....	625
Golden Lake, N. Dak.....	168, 330
Golden Valley, North Dakota	165, 167, 336, 342-344, 349, 437
Goodchild, J. G., referred to.....	511
Goose Rapids, Red River.....	55, 159, 165, 166
Goose River, North Dakota.....	55, 56, 93, 327, 332, 336, 631
Graceville, Minn.....	281
Grafton, N. Dak., artesian wells.....	74, 77, 133, 536, 575, 627
beaches near.....	463
Grand Forks, N. Dak.....	23, 133, 219, 573, 627, 628
junction of rivers.....	52
Grand Marais, Minn.....	53, 463
Grandin, N. Dak.....	133, 451, 455, 525, 526, 569
Grandin Farming Company.....	614
Granite.....	66, 67, 75, 77, 89, 107, 157, 353, 359, 393, 469
Grant, U. S., cited.....	625
Grasses.....	601, 606-609, 621
Gravitation toward the ice-sheet.....	227,
231, 488-491, 498, 515, 522	
Gray, J. T., cited.....	556
Great Basin, Pleistocene lakes.....	192, 240, 242, 598
Great Bear Hills.....	44
Great Northern Railway.....	40, 148, 172, 267, 282, 286, 322,
324, 333, 346, 351, 387, 390, 397, 412, 418, 432, 450, 613	
Great Salt Lake.....	193
Greely, A. W., cited.....	506, 512
Green Mountains, glaciation of.....	115, 202
Green Ridge, Manitoba.....	466
Greene, N. Dak.....	450
Greenland ice-sheet.....	12, 123, 129, 195, 242, 506
its motion discussed by T. C. Cham-	
berlin.....	248
Greenland, oscillations of level.....	512
Greenleaf, J. L., cited.....	632
Gretna, Manitoba, wells.....	581
Griffiths Hill, Manitoba.....	185
Grindstone Point, Lake Winnipeg.....	69
Grinnell Land, Champlain marine submergence.....	506, 512
Griswold, Manitoba.....	376, 377
Grosse Isle, Manitoba.....	187, 645
Groves in prairie region.....	277, 336, 338, 342, 350
Guelph formation.....	73, 80
Gulf Stream, probable changes in Glacial period.....	513
Gypsum.....	94
H.	
Hague, N. Dak.....	571, 614
Hall, C. W., cited.....	530, 547, 556
Hall, James, referred to.....	497
Hallock, C., cited.....	401, 433, 630, 643
Hamilton, N. Dak.....	463, 468, 575
Hamlin, C. E., cited.....	113
Hand Hills.....	85, 117, 118
Hansen, A. H., cited.....	5
Harrison, J. B., cited.....	513
Hatchet Lake.....	231, 232, 636
Hatton, N. Dak.....	334, 390, 572
Havard, V., cited.....	608
Hay, statistics of production.....	621
Hayden, F. V., cited.....	81
Hayes River.....	67, 226, 635
Heart Mound.....	96
Hector, J., glacial striae.....	638
Heerman, E. E., on fluctuations of Devils Lake.....	595
Helgesen, H. T., valuation of horses and cattle.....	624
Helland, A., cited.....	243, 248
Herman, Minn.....	68, 133, 282
Herman beaches.....	7, 164, 209, 210, 213, 214,
216, 221, 234, 235, 243, 250, 276-281, 407, 475, 484, 498	

INDEX.

	Page.		Page.
Herschel, J., referred to.....	497	Interglacial stream channels.....	145, 222, 223, 270, 280, 554
Highwood Mountains, Montana.....	103	International boundary.....	401
Hilgard, E. W., cited.....	515	Iowa, eastward extent of Cretaceous formations.....	87
Hillsboro, N. Dak.....	211, 451, 455, 571, 631	Iowan stage of Glacial period.....	110, 141, 280, 554
Hillsboro beach.....	217, 218, 222, 226, 446, 447, 449-454, 479	Iroquois, glacial lake.....	263, 233, 254, 257-262
Himalaya Mountains.....	195, 513, 514	Iroquois beach.....	258
Hind, H. Y., cited... 48, 59, 60, 62, 100, 198, 221, 272, 357, 473, 629	early observations of Lake Agassiz..... 6	Irrigation by artesian water.....	545-547
on Tiger Hills.....	42	Irving, R. D., referred to.....	76
rocks of Lake Winnipeg.....	69	Islands of Lake Agassiz.....	167, 288, 304, 345-352, 396
Hinde, G. J., cited.....	261	Isle à la Crosse Lake.....	68, 275, 637
Hitchcock, C. H., cited.....	113, 114, 118, 505, 508	Isostasy	494, 497, 501, 512
on absence of Pliocene formations		Itasca, Lake.....	10, 32, 33, 173, 181, 210, 243
northward.....	504	Itasca moraine.....	32, 146, 173-177, 209, 212, 242
Hitchcock, E., limits of drift on White Mountains.....	113	Ives, Minn.....	432
Hobart, N. Dak.....	144, 154	J.	
Hoffman, G. C., analysis.....	537	James Bay	119,
Holecomb, S., lignite.....	630	131, 140, 205, 215, 217, 231, 233, 237, 254, 505, 506, 637	
Holland, Manitoba, wells.....	580	glacial lake.....	233
Homestead laws.....	613	terminal moraine in.....	140, 215
Hook beach deposits.....	318, 428	James River, North Dakota.....	134, 137, 149, 151, 197, 266
Hope, N. Dak.....	161	James River Valley, artesian wells.....	100, 208, 528-536
Hopkins, W., referred to.....	493	glacial lake.....	148, 150, 254, 266
Hubbard, B., cited.....	595	Jamestown, N. Dak., artesian well... 529, 531, 538, 544, 546, 547	
Hudson Bay, epeirogenic movements. 3, 102, 230, 237, 507, 508		Jamieson, T. F., cited.....	5, 125, 494, 497, 510
glacial lakes of basin	203, 233	Jordan sandstone	17, 74, 78
glacial striæ.....	234, 633, 637	Jukes-Browne, A. J., cited.....	513
thickness of ice over.....	119, 215	K.	
Hudson-Champlain, glacial lake.....	202, 254, 262, 264	Kames	157, 160, 163, 179, 303
Hudson River.....	203, 232, 262, 264	Kansan stage of Glacial period	110, 141, 280, 554
submerged channel.....	263, 503	Katahdin, Mount, glaciation of.....	113, 115, 124
Hudson River formation.....	70, 79	Keating, W. H., cited.....	17, 48, 50, 52, 57
Hudson Strait.....	112, 633	early observations of Lake Agassiz... 6	
Hull, Edward, cited.....	490	on Winnipeg River.....	51
Humboldt, Minn., artesian well.... 74, 536, 537, 545, 565, 629		Keewatin, Canada.....	29
Hungerford, E., cited.....	115	Keewatin formations.....	66, 67, 472
Hunter, N. Dak.....	435	Kelso, N. Dak.....	451, 455, 570
Hutton, F. W., cited.....	517	Kemnay, Manitoba.....	373, 375, 378
I.		Kendall, P. F., referred to.....	511
Ice-sheet, area and thickness.....	112, 117, 118, 505, 515	Kenogami Lake.....	204, 637
attraction changing water levels.....	228, 231,	Kettle Hill, beaches.....	217, 218, 445, 454, 458, 464, 477
488-491, 498, 515, 522		Kettle-holes.....	174
barrier of Lake Agassiz.....	3, 5, 15,	Keystone, Minn., artesian wells.....	562
110, 113, 126, 129, 146, 192, 195, 236, 378, 490		Keystone farm	614
boundaries	110	Kiester moraine	141, 152, 208
crust deformation by.....	497, 500, 510, 520, 521	King, Clarence, cited.....	82, 493
currents of.....	109, 126, 167, 247	Koochiching, Minn.....	50, 632
lobes of	129, 130, 142, 160,	Kootanie basin, glacial lake.....	208
167, 171, 177, 182, 190, 208, 210, 243, 292, 329		Kronsfeld, Manitoba.....	448
of Greenland.....	12, 123, 129, 195, 242, 248, 506	Kronsthal, Manitoba.....	464
of northern Europe.....	510, 511, 515	L.	
of Patagonia.....	509	Labrador, Champlain marine submergence.....	505
recession of.....	126, 130, 160, 191, 195,	Lac du Bonnet, Winnipeg River.....	52, 137
201, 203, 209, 214, 216, 229, 240, 247, 521, 596		Lac qui Parle.....	18, 19, 198
remnants, latest.....	128, 233, 240	Lac Seui (Lonely Lake).....	52
Iceberg drift.....	112, 136, 191, 201, 248, 250	Lacustrine silts.....	160, 201, 242, 256, 316, 362, 380, 438, 583, 590
Illinois River.....	198, 203, 256	Lafayette period, erosion.....	107
Immigration	591, 612	Lahontan, Lake.....	1, 192, 241
India, irrigation.....	547	Lake of the Woods.....	29, 49, 51,
Indian agriculture.....	610, 611	67, 137, 181, 198, 210, 304, 388, 402, 586	
Indian corn, statistics.....	620	area, elevation, and depth.....	49
Indian mounds.....	284,	glacial striæ.....	639
313, 347, 349, 354, 390, 412, 413, 431, 611, 643-646		Lake Superior lobe of the ice-sheet	142
Inkster, N. Dak.....	348, 391, 418, 437, 643	Lakes, fluctuations of level.....	594-598
Interglacial formations.....	100, 261, 506, 554		

	Page.		Page.
Lakes, in morainic belts.....	34, 110, 145, 161, 163, 168, 174	Lowdons Ridge	441
in valleys of glacial rivers.....	197	Lower Fort Garry, Manitoba	55, 71, 72
of Lake Agassiz area	46	Lower Magnesian formation.....	17, 74, 75, 76, 78, 80
of preglacial or interglacial watercourses.....	145, 223, 265	Lower Silurian formations.....	17, 68, 74, 75, 80, 548
Lamplugh, G. W., cited.....	506	Lundy, glacial lake	233
Land, laws for acquiring, from United States.....	613	Lyell, Charles, cited	260, 517
Langdon, N. Dak.....	151, 175, 601	M.	
Langs Valley	8, 57, 176, 197, 269, 271, 363, 377, 581	McCanna, N. Dak	165, 167, 212, 334, 346
Laramie formation.....	84, 106, 173, 268, 642	McCauleyville, Minn.....	55, 253, 429, 554, 643
Laramore, N. Dak	23, 165, 212, 333, 345, 352, 436, 574	McCauleyville beaches	216, 221, 224, 234, 316, 427-442, 482
La Salle River, Manitoba	56	McConnell, R. G., cited	111, 117, 122, 196
Last Mountain Lake, Assiniboia.....	60, 197, 272	McGee, W. J., cited	179, 494
Laurentian drift boulder.....	120, 121	McGregor, Manitoba	381, 449
Laurentian formations.....	66, 67, 75, 239	Mackenzie River	63, 81, 119, 122, 231, 255, 275
Laurentian lakes	102, 126, 180, 196, 198, 203, 255, 260, 594	Mackintosh, D., cited	239
cycles of rise and fall.....	278, 594, 598	Macoun, John, cited	239, 275, 604, 609
Laurentide highlands.....	114, 119, 120, 141, 202, 260	Madison sandstone.....	78
outflow of ice-sheet.....	119	Maigaard, C., referred to	123
Lawndale, Minn.....	286	Maize, statistics of production	621
Lawson, A. C., cited.....	49, 183, 257, 625	Malaspina ice-sheet	128
observations of glacial striae	638, 639	Mammoth bones under the Herman beach	322
on rocks of Lake of the Woods and Rainy Lake	67	Manitoba, Lake	1, 3, 34, 43, 45, 48, 61, 72, 213, 241
Leaf Hills, Minnesota	30, 33, 139, 158, 163, 181, 243	area and elevation	48
Leaf Hills moraine	146, 158, 163-173, 208, 212, 242, 298, 350, 641	flood stages	58, 380
Le Conte, Joseph, cited.....	104, 493, 503, 504, 513	glacial striae	636
Leda clays	598	origin of name	48
Leech Lake, Minnesota	33, 173	Manitoba, great lakes of	216, 220, 230, 241, 586
Leonard, N. Dak	316, 389, 402, 415, 434, 567	order of sections in townships	11, 12
Lesqueroux, L., cited.....	87, 605	work on Lake Agassiz	8, 9, 228
Leveling, altitudes of beaches	9, 226, 279, 407	Manitoba and Northwestern Railway	370,
in vicinity of Devils and Stump lakes	597	394, 424, 441, 445, 449, 458, 467	
Leverett, Frank, referred to	4	Manitoba escarpment	35, 40, 105, 214, 215, 439
moraines traced by	140	Manitou Rapids, Rainy River	59, 639
Lewis, H. C., referred to	511	Manston, Minn.....	399, 409
Lewis, T. H., surveys of Indian mounds	643	Manvel, N. Dak	466, 574
Lieberg, John B., cited.....	608	Maple Lake, Minn	23, 47, 164, 165, 209, 221, 299-302, 352
Lightnings Nest	309, 388	Maple Ridge	450
Lignite	82, 85, 86, 88, 89, 92, 100, 361, 558, 568, 629	Maple River, North Dakota	57, 161, 317, 415, 450
Lime-burning	71, 625, 626	Maps of shore-lines	276, 279, 410, 431
Limestone drift boulders	137, 155, 157, 170, 174, 183, 588, 626, 640	Marine submergence during the Champlain epoch	127,
Limestone gravel	286, 313, 319, 320, 322, 353, 359, 361, 364, 392, 394, 416, 425, 459, 466, 588, 591, 640	229, 264, 505	
Limits of plant species in the Red River basin	601-610	Marshes	283, 286, 287, 321, 385, 397, 459, 584-587
Lindenkohl, A., cited.....	263, 503	Marsh River, Minn	53, 56, 585
Lisbon, N. Dak	148	Maryland, Manitoba	467
Little Falls, Minnesota	147, 159	Mattawa River	233, 262
Little Fork of Rainy River	51, 100, 640	Mauvais Butte, North Dakota	171
Little Goose River, North Dakota	332	Mauvais Coulee, North Dakota	176, 268, 595
Little Pembina River	93, 358	Mayville, N. Dak	436, 534, 535, 572, 631
Little Saskatchewan River	47, 48, 61	Medlicott, H. B., cited	513, 547
Little Stony Mountain, Manitoba	71, 471, 626, 636	Meek, F. B., cited	81
Lobes of the ice-sheet	129, 142,	Mekinock, N. Dak	139, 456
160, 167, 171, 177, 182, 190, 208, 210, 243, 292, 329, 418		Mennonite Reserve, Manitoba	526, 607
Lockhart, Minn	296, 558	Merjelen See	192, 194
Lockhart farm	614, 630	Merrill, F. J. H., cited	263, 264
artesian wells	558, 630	Mesabi moraine	32, 146, 177-179, 213, 243, 306
Loess	180, 515	Mesabi Range, Minnesota	30, 31, 32, 177
Logan, W. E., cited	239	Methy Portage	64, 231, 232, 275
Lonely Lake (Lac Seul)	52, 638	Michigan, Lake, compared with Lake Agassiz	200,
Long, Stephen H., cited	50	203, 240, 288, 318, 421	
expedition in 1823	6, 48, 50, 52, 57	Middle River, Minnesota	585
Long Lake, Assiniboia	60, 197, 272	Midway, Manitoba	449
Long Lake, Manitoba	59	Mille Lacs, Minnesota	159
Long Sault, Rainy River	50, 644	Millwood series	83
Lost River, Minnesota	164, 303	Milne, John, cited	112
Low, A. P., cited	140, 635	Milnor, N. Dak	149, 211, 311

INDEX.

	Page.		Page.
Milnor beach.....	211, 223, 310, 312, 328	Neepawa, Manitoba.....	134, 370, 371, 394, 580
Milton, N. Dak.....	93, 175	Neill, E. D., cited.....	15
Minneapolis, Minn.....	139, 210, 243, 641	Nelson, Manitoba.....	406, 422, 440, 581
Minnesota, highest land in.....	31	Nelson River.....	29, 62, 67, 198, 214, 220, 252, 473, 631
origin of name.....	15	erosion during postglacial time.....	221, 226
topography of northern.....	30	glacial striae.....	634
Minnesota, glacial lake.....	35, 142, 254, 264	terminal moraine crossing.....	146, 215
Minnesota Geological Survey, work on Lake Agassiz.....	17, 139,	Newberry, J. S., cited.....	7, 261, 263
and adjacent moraines.....	142, 147, 159, 163, 177, 551, 555, 557	Niagara, N. Dak.....	168, 338
Minnesota lobe of ice-sheet..	130, 141, 208, 212, 264, 236, 350, 635	Niagara formation.....	72, 73, 79, 80
Minnesota River.....	15, 66, 130, 254, 264, 427, 443	Niagara River.....	232, 257
Minnesota Valley.....	16, 142, 189, 197, 222, 224, 265, 317, 605	Nicollet, J. N., cited.....	15, 157
Minnewanka, N. Dak.....	158, 169, 171	on the Coteau des Prairies.....	37
Minot, N. Dak.....	173, 601	Niobrara formation.....	81, 82, 84, 86, 90, 91, 96, 98, 106, 394
artesian wells.....	574	Nipigon, Lake, glacial striae.....	638
Miocene formation.....	85	Nipissing, Lake.....	233
Mirage in Red River Valley.....	21	Niverville, Manitoba.....	133, 471, 577
Missinaibi lake and river.....	204, 508	Niverville beaches.....	217, 220, 226, 227, 234, 236, 471-473, 479
Mississippi River, analysis of water.....	543	Norcross, Minn.....	384
Mississippi Valley, erosion of.....	107	Norcross beaches.....	214, 216, 221, 223,
Missouri River in preglacial time.....	106	224, 234, 236, 295, 298, 316, 334, 383-396, 475, 482, 484	
Mitchell, Minnesota.....	428, 429, 554	Nordenskiöld, A. E., on the Greenland ice-sheet.....	123, 195
Modified drift.....	127, 143, 155, 170, 179-190, 210, 222,	North Saskatchewan River.....	62, 215, 272
239, 242, 262, 265, 269, 270, 308, 316, 334, 378, 552		Northern Pacific Railroad.....	39,
proportion in deltas.....	189, 291	160, 290, 321, 410, 430, 435, 446, 450, 613	
Molluscan fauna of Lake Agassiz.....	4, 237	Northwood, N. Dak.....	334, 573
Mono, Lake.....	193, 194	Norwood, J. G., glacial striae.....	639
Montana formation.....	82	Noyes, W. A., analyses.....	537
Montgomery, H., cited.....	539		
Montreal, Canada.....	202, 231, 262, 263	O.	
Mooretown, N. Dak.....	414, 566	Oak Hummock, Manitoba.....	184
Moorhead, Minn.....	22, 55, 133, 211, 218, 613, 627	Oats, statistics of production.....	590, 615, 619
section of deep well.....	556	Oehr River, Manitoba.....	449, 477
weather records.....	592-600	Odanah series.....	83
Moose Nose, Manitoba.....	184	Ojata, N. Dak.....	460, 461, 573, 587
Moraines, marginal of the ice-sheet.....	10, 11, 21, 109,	Ojata beaches.....	218, 222, 226, 459-462, 479, 483
134, 136, 139-179, 201, 208, 210, 215, 341, 472, 559, 583		Ojibway Indians.....	29, 52, 54, 57, 163, 173, 177, 535, 610, 611
contemporaneous with the Herman Beach.....	214,	Ontario, Lake, during departure of the ice.....	203, 233, 257
235, 245, 250, 498		Orange Ridge.....	8, 395, 425, 444, 610
short time required for their formation.....	242, 245	Orr station, North Dakota.....	346, 391, 403
Morden, Manitoba, deep well.....	74, 81, 534, 536, 581	Osars.....	179
beaches near.....	423, 448, 453	Ossowa, Manitoba.....	469
Morris, Manitoba.....	133, 220, 471	Ossowa beach.....	219, 226, 468-470
Mossy portage.....	219, 468, 470, 477	Ottawa River basin, epeirogenic movements.....	3,
Mossy River, Manitoba.....	61	231, 232, 262, 263, 505	
Mounds, aboriginal.....	284,	Ottertail Lake and River.....	52, 54, 632, 643
313, 347, 349, 354, 390, 412, 413, 431, 611, 643-646		Outlets of glacial lakes.....	195, 231, 232, 250
Mountain, N. Dak.....	419, 420	Overwashed gravel and sand.....	143, 155, 170, 182
Mountain City, Manitoba.....	365, 393, 440	Owen, D. D., cited.....	6, 52, 71
"Mountains" east of the Golden Valley....	349, 352, 392, 497	early observations of Lake Agassiz.....	6, 360
Mountain building during the Pleistocene period	513,	Ox Creek, North Dakota.....	172, 173, 642
517, 519		Oxidation of the till.....	135
Mouse (Souris) River.....	42, 59, 85, 158, 268		
Mowbray, Manitoba.....	269, 270, 645	P.	
Muir glacier, Alaska.....	243, 247	Packard, A. S., cited.....	112, 505, 508
Musklegs.....	29, 31, 586	Pakowki, Lake.....	205, 273
Muskoda, Minn.....	290, 292, 410, 643	Paleozoic boulders.....	136, 186
Mustinka River.....	45, 211, 279, 396, 630	formations.....	65, 72, 73, 74, 425
		Palliser, John, early observations of Lake Agassiz....	6,
		360, 644	
Namekan Lake, Minnesota, lignite.....	630	Panama, Isthmus, epeirogenic movements.....	513
Nansen, F., on the Greenland ice-sheet.....	123, 124	Panton, J. H., observations of glacial striae.....	635, 636
Natural gas.....	563, 571, 631	on depth of Lake Winnipeg.....	47
in well water.....	553, 569	rocks of Manitoba.....	69, 71, 72
Neche, N. Dak.....	463, 469, 576	section of drift at Winnipeg.....	577

Page.	Page.
Parallel Roads of Glen Roy	5
Park River, N. Dak.....	56
93, 95, 220, 336, 342, 353, 419, 437, 535, 575, 587, 631	
Pasquia Hills.....	35, 43, 61, 99, 179, 273
Patagonia, glaciation of	509, 512
Peac., glacial lake.....	64, 208, 255, 274
Peace River.....	63, 120, 121, 123, 208, 641
Peary, E. E., on the Greenland ice-sheet.....	123, 124
Pelican Lake, Manitoba.....	57, 176, 197, 269, 377
Pelican River, Minnesota.....	55, 631, 632
Pembina, N. Dak.....	24, 213, 612, 627, 643
origin of name.....	57
Pembina delta.....	27,
189, 357-363, 392, 404, 407, 421, 438, 452, 548, 549, 620	
Pembina Mountain.....	27, 35, 40, 83, 93, 95, 97,
105, 134, 178, 198, 213, 355, 360, 363, 404, 422, 439, 589	
Pembina River.....	41,
56, 57, 93, 138, 189, 197, 268, 270, 357, 360, 457, 631	
Pembina trail.....	297, 299, 412, 413, 432, 433
Penck, A., cited.....	489
Peoria, Lake.....	198
Pepin, Lake.....	19
Perched bowlders.....	136
Petroleum in Cretaceous strata.....	98
Phillips, John, cited.....	494
Pilot Knob, North Dakota.....	175, 341
Pilot Mound, Manitoba.....	99, 138, 645
Pilot Mound, North Dakota.....	162
Pine River, Manitoba.....	396, 406, 442, 477
Plain of the Red River Valley.....	21,
133, 310, 366, 417, 526, 590, 593, 645	
Plains of the Northwest.....	85, 86, 102, 151, 274, 360, 547, 602
Plasticity of the earth's interior.....	495, 500, 518, 519, 521
Playgreen lakes.....	63, 68, 238
Pleasant Home, Manitoba.....	468, 469, 578
Pleasant Ridge, Minnesota.....	446
Pleistocene lakes, two classes.....	192, 207, 240
Pleistocene mountain-building.....	513
oscillations of land and sea.....	501,
509, 512, 513, 515, 520	
Pleistocene period.....	128, 509, 512, 514, 517, 519
Pliocene erosion.....	102, 104, 105
Plum Creek, Manitoba.....	271, 581
Pokegama Falls, Mississippi River.....	31, 32, 178
Pokegama Lake, Minnesota.....	33, 173
Pomeroy, Manitoba.....	462
Pomme de Terre River.....	19
origin of name.....	611
Poplar River, Minnesota.....	165
Population statistics.....	617, 618
Porenpine Hills.....	35, 43, 58, 61, 83, 99, 179
Portage la Prairie, Manitoba.....	133, 371, 467, 579
Portland, N. Dak.....	334, 418, 436, 572
Postglacial period.....	198, 238, 487, 507, 508, 511
Potatoes, statistics of production.....	622
Powell, J. W., cited.....	104, 494
Fairie, causes of limitation.....	604
Prairie and forest fires.....	604, 605
Prairie part of Lake Agassiz.....	1, 29,
30, 44, 46, 583, 591, 602, 613, 618	
Pratt, J. H., referred to.....	493
Preglacial contour	107, 133
Preglacial elevation.....	501, 502, 504, 510, 519
Preglacial erosion.....	38,
59, 175, 198, 269, 270, 317, 363, 405, 422, 501-504	
Preglacial residuary detritus.....	132, 515
Preglacial river channels.....	17, 106, 145, 170, 172, 222, 317
Preston, E. D., cited.....	490
Prestwich, J., cited.....	243, 518
Prince Albert.....	273
Profiles across beaches ..	429, 431, 432, 435, 436, 437, 439, 440, 441
of railways	8
Prov. shore-line of Lake Bonneville.....	194
Publications relating to Lake Agassiz previous to this monograph.....	11
Pumpelly, R., cited.....	515
Q.	
Qu'Appelle River	58, 59, 179, 189, 197, 268, 271, 273
glacial lake	206, 268
Quaternary baseleveling	103, 105, 199
epeirogenic movements	229, 474-522
Quebec, Canada	262, 264
Queen Charlotte Islands	127, 231, 506
R.	
Rabbit River, Minnesota	45, 398
Railway profiles	8
Rainfall	195, 542, 545, 592, 594, 595, 605
Rainy Lake	24, 32, 49, 50, 67, 137, 388, 586, 630, 644
area, elevation, and depth	49
glacial striæ	638, 640
Rainy River	50, 181, 388, 586, 631, 632
aboriginal mounds	644
glacial striæ	639, 640
Ramseys Groves, North Dakota	342
Rat Portage, Ontario	51
Recent period	128, 233, 487, 512
Recession of the ice-sheet	126, 130, 167, 191, 195, 203,
209, 214, 216, 229, 238, 247, 265, 298, 444, 481, 521, 596	
Red Lake	32, 49, 175, 178, 181, 209, 213, 303, 586, 630, 643
area and elevation	49, 304
origin of name	52
Red Lake Falls, Minn	54, 411, 632
Red Lake Indian Reservation	164, 303
Red Lake River	52, 242, 463, 582, 631, 632, 643
Red River of the North	20, 45, 54, 65, 107, 126, 130, 163, 202,
205, 242, 284, 446, 450, 582, 631, 632, 644	
analyses of water	540, 541, 544
dates of opening and closing of navigation	599
Red River Valley, area of Lake Agassiz	5, 35, 133, 135,
159, 185, 202, 209, 266, 276, 306, 417, 554, 613	
artesian and common wells	523-581
climate	545
drainage	428, 459, 585
erosion of	104
flora	582, 601-610
fluvial deposits	253
marshes	584-587
topographic features	19, 39
tract of till across	159, 166
Reelevation from the Champlain subsidence	507, 520
Reid, H. F., cited	243, 247
Reindeer Lake	545, 637
Relationship of the earth's crust to the interior	493, 519
Reynolds, N. Dak	159, 165, 452, 455
Rheinland, Manitoba	458, 581
Rhythmic stages of elevation and outlet erosion	224,
235, 250, 251, 444, 499	
Richardson, John, cited	68, 231, 275
Richthofen, F. v., cited	515
Ricketts, C., cited	513

INDEX.

	Page.	Page.	
"Ridge, east of Elk Valley.....	348, 437	Sherbrooke, N. Dak.....	161
"Ridge," east of Emerson, Manitoba.....	465, 469	Sheyenne delta.....	27, 57, 150, 189,
Riding Mountain.....	1, 35, 42, 45, 61, 83, 99, 105, 179, 198, 378, 395, 406, 426, 477, 589	202, 211, 212, 223, 268, 312, 315-317, 402, 415, 434, 591	
northward ascent of beaches.....	235	Sheyenne River.....	56, 91, 134, 137, 148, 151, 153,
Rivers of the Lake Agassiz area.....	50	155, 161, 171, 177, 312, 314, 596, 612, 630, 631	
Rock Lake, Manitoba.....	138, 197, 269	glacial.....	149, 150, 161, 210
Rocky Mountains, glaciation of.....	117, 120, 121, 274	Shirley, Minnesota.....	454, 459
Rocky Spring plateau, Montana.....	118	Shoal Lake, Manitoba.....	8, 134, 241, 467
Rolette, Minn.....	296	Shore-lines .. 3, 13, 26, 43, 196, 199, 221, 231, 234, 260, 261, 276-473	
Rome, N. Y.....	258, 260	tabular list, with altitudes.....	476
Rose Ridge.....	441, 610	Shrubs, species of.....	603, 604
Roseau Lake, Minnesota.....	47, 175, 401, 586	Sibley, Lake, North Dakota.....	145
Roseau River, Manitoba.....	56, 181, 401, 433, 578, 630	Sidener, C. F., analyses.....	537
Rosenfeld, Manitoba, artesian well.....	74, 78, 133, 536, 538, 629	Signal Service records.....	592-601
Roy, Thomas, cited.....	260	Silurian formations.....	17, 68, 72, 80, 157, 535, 536, 588
Rush River, North Dakota.....	417, 585	Sims, N. Dak., lignite.....	85, 630
Russell, I. C., cited.....	111, 128, 207, 521, 598	Sisseton Agency, S. Dak.....	86
on Lake Lahontan.....	193	Skunk Lake, North Dakota.....	149, 150
Rye, statistics of production.....	620	Sleepy Eye, Minn.....	90
S.			
Sabin, Minn.....	446, 555	Sloughs.....	329, 343, 354, 584-587, 590, 607
Saguenay River.....	102, 501, 505	Smock, J. C., cited.....	117
Salisbury, R. D., cited.....	132, 498, 517, 518	Snake River, Minnesota.....	56, 412, 413, 433, 585
Salt and saline waters.....	75,	Snowfall.....	592, 594
100, 169, 524, 527-536, 546, 561, 563, 573, 587, 628		Sogne fjord.....	126
Salt Cooley and River, North Dakota.....	587	Soils, variety and distribution.....	583-591
Sand for masons' use.....	628	Souris, glacial lake.....	6, 57,
Sand Hill delta.....	27, 165, 189, 298, 386, 400, 591	149, 157, 172, 177, 189, 197, 206, 255, 267, 363, 641	
Sand Hill River.....	45, 56, 164, 165, 297, 298, 411, 459, 585	Souris River.....	42,
Sargent County, N. Dak., glacial lake.....	148, 149, 152, 266	59, 60, 85, 158, 173, 176, 178, 269, 612, 630, 631, 642	
Saskatchewan, glacial lake.....	6,	aboriginal mounds.....	644
59, 60, 179, 189, 197, 206, 255, 267, 272-274		South Saskatchewan River.....	61, 267, 272
Saskatchewan River.....	44, 45, 61, 205, 215, 217, 586	Cretaceous series.....	82
Grand Rapids of.....	219,	Southall, J. C., cited.....	238
220, 236, 445, 471, 472, 477, 631		Spencer, J. W., cited.....	203, 217, 255, 257, 258, 261, 502, 629
Sawkins, J. G., cited.....	513	Spiritwood lakes, North Dakota.....	145
Saxicava sands.....	508	Spit beach deposits.....	318, 366, 450
Scandinavia, epeirogenic movements.....	511	Springs.....	286,
fjords.....	510	361, 385, 429, 439, 459, 531, 533, 536, 549, 563, 585, 587	
glacial lakes.....	5	saline.....	535, 565, 587, 628, 629
Scarboro Heights, Ontario.....	198, 261	Square Plain, Manitoba.....	442, 477
Schoolarcraft, H. R., cited.....	173	Squirrel Creek, Manitoba.....	587
Schott, C. A., cited.....	491	St. Boniface, Manitoba.....	133, 577, 627
Scotland, glaciation of.....	125	St. Croix, Lake.....	19, 198, 256
Scratching River, Manitoba.....	56	St. Croix series.....	74, 78
Scribner, F. L., cited.....	609	St. Elias, Mount, glaciers.....	128, 521
Second Pembina Mountain.....	41, 96, 355, 356	St. Hilaire, Minn.....	387, 400, 412, 432, 561, 627
Sections, across beaches.....	26,	St. Joseph, N. Dak.....	457
421, 429, 431, 432, 435, 436, 437, 439, 440, 441		St. Lawrence formation.....	74, 78
the Red River Valley.....	22, 23, 24	St. Lawrence, glacial lake.....	254, 262, 263
artesian wells.....	74, 548-581	St. Lawrence Valley, epeirogenic movements.....	3, 127,
Coteau des Prairies.....	38	231, 232, 259, 506	
of Birds Hill.....	185	glacial currents.....	126
of deltas.....	290, 298, 316, 334, 358, 373	St. Martin, Lake.....	47, 636
showing sources of artesian well waters.....	527	St. Paul, Minn.....	139, 210
decline of water head of artesian		weather records.....	592-600
wells.....	532	St. Peter sandstone.....	17, 70, 76, 78, 80
Sections, order in townships in the United States and		St. Thomas, N. Dak.....	463, 575
Canada.....	11, 12, 276, 549	St. Vincent, Minn.....	24, 133, 213, 565, 613
Selkirk, Lord, founding colony in Manitoba.....	612, 616, 628	analysis of water of Red River	541,
Selwyn, A. R. C., cited.....	71, 98	544, 547	
Shakopee limestone.....	17, 76	weather records	592-600
Shaler, N. S., cited.....	78, 493, 495, 498, 605	Stages of Lake Agassiz.....	210, 250, 444, 474, 476
Shanty Creek, Manitoba.....	426, 442, 477	the Glacial period.....	110, 141, 167, 210, 280, 506, 554
Sheldon, N. Dak.....	315, 317	Standing Rock Hill, North Dakota.....	153
		Star Mound, Manitoba.....	99, 137, 645
		Stock raising.....	621, 624

Page.	Page.
Stone, G. H., cited.....	180, 505
Stonewall, Manitoba.....	72, 470, 578, 626, 636
Stonewall beach.....	217, 219, 220, 226, 470, 479
Stony Mountain, Manitoba.....	71, 72, 469, 626, 636
Stony Ridge, Minnesota.....	174
Stratified drift.....	127
Striae, glacial.....	108, 115, 120, 130, 132, 182, 234, 239
deflected.....	633, 635, 637, 639, 641
table of.....	129, 633-642
Stump Lake.....	162, 169, 170, 209, 644
fluctuations.....	595, 597
Subglacial drift.....	136
Subsidence, epeirogenic, of the Champlain epoch.....	127,
229, 263, 505, 510, 519	
Lake Agassiz and Hudson Bay region.....	3, 127,
229, 505, 519	
Sullys Hill, North Dakota.....	157, 169
Superglacial drift.....	191, 250
Superior, Lake, during departure of the ice.....	198, 203, 217, 256
analysis of water.....	544, 545
glacial striae.....	637, 640
Swamps.....	29, 31, 304, 413, 586
Swan Lake, Manitoba.....	73, 197, 217, 269, 454
Swan River, Manitoba.....	97, 99, 236, 442, 449, 453, 477
Swan, W. E., Rosenfeld artesian well.....	79
Sweden, epeirogenic movements.....	511
Sweet Grass Hills, Montana, glaciation.....	117, 118
T.	
Tamarack River, Minnesota.....	56, 304, 413, 433, 450, 563, 585
Tanberg, Minnesota.....	286, 385, 399, 587
Taylor, F. B., cited.....	257, 261
Taylor Lake, North Dakota.....	147, 150, 160, 210, 309
Temperature.....	598
changes of, in earth's crust.....	491, 522
Terminal moraines.....	10, 11, 109, 134, 136,
139-179, 201, 208, 210, 215, 341, 472, 559, 583	
contemporaneous with the Herman beach.....	214, 235, 245, 250, 498
short time required for their formation.....	242, 245
Terrace epoch.....	128
Terraces, along base of Pembina Mountain.....	41, 135, 404, 422
deposits of beach gravel.....	344, 360, 365, 422
of modified drift in valleys.....	127, 162, 180, 222, 270
shore-lines of erosion.....	26, 198, 261, 323, 411
Tertiary baseleveling.....	102, 104, 199, 510, 528
formations.....	85, 88, 112
Tewanukan, Lake, North Dakota.....	149
Thibet, epeirogenic movements.....	514, 515
Thickness of the drift.....	16, 133, 137
ice-sheet.....	112, 117, 505
Thief Lake, Minnesota.....	47, 586
Thomson, W., cited.....	490, 493
Thornhill, Manitoba.....	137, 175, 213, 364, 393, 645
Three Buttes, Montana, glaciation of.....	117, 118
Thunders Nest.....	309
Tiger Hills.....	42, 44, 99, 130, 134,
140, 175, 176, 178, 271, 366, 368, 377, 406, 580, 589, 645	
Till.....	46, 108, 119, 122,
134, 201, 241, 250, 253, 266, 369, 381, 506, 583, 588, 589	
englacial and subglacial.....	136
mass in esker gravel.....	186
superglacial.....	191, 250
tract crossing the Red River Valley.....	159, 166
Tintah, Minn.....	397, 551, 630
Tintah beaches.....	221, 224, 234, 298, 316, 334, 387; 396-406, 482, 643
Toad Mountains, Minnesota.....	163
Tobacco Creek, Manitoba.....	587
Todd, J. E., on Lake Dakota.....	254, 266
preglacial courses of rivers in North Dakota.....	106
terminal moraines.....	140
Tongue River, North Dakota.....	58, 93, 357, 421, 457, 468, 470
Topography of the basin of Lake Agassiz.....	14,
151, 175, 198, 221, 269, 272, 339, 602	
Tombs, J., Grafton artesian well.....	77
Toronto, Ontario.....	198, 261
Totten, Fort, N. Dak., artesian well.....	156, 157, 169, 644
Tower City, N. Dak., artesian well.....	100, 161
Townships, subdivision in sections.....	11, 12
Tracy, Minn., section of well.....	88, 89, 90
Transportation of boulders.....	109, 115, 130, 191
Traverse, Lake.....	15, 17, 18, 45, 143,
198, 208, 211, 222, 224, 236, 265, 279, 306, 427	
aboriginal mounds.....	643
Trees, species of forest.....	45, 299, 304, 343, 389, 413, 602, 603
cultivation.....	277
Treherne, Manitoba.....	42, 178, 366, 393, 406, 580
Treherne, H. S., leveling.....	48, 59
Trenton limestone.....	17, 70, 74, 75, 76, 78, 80
Turtle Mountain.....	10, 36,
85, 102, 105, 130, 162, 173, 175, 176, 209, 243, 268, 630	
Turtle River, North Dakota.....	56,
93, 96, 333, 338, 345, 390, 403, 418, 574, 631	
Twining, W. J., cited.....	268
Two Rivers, Minnesota.....	56, 401, 628, 630, 643
Tyrrell, J. B., cited.....	61, 118, 119,
196, 215, 220, 234, 237, 241, 396, 406, 486, 534	
Manitoba escarpment named by.....	35
observations of glacial striae.....	635, 636
on Riding and Duck mountains.....	43
origin of name of Lake Manitoba.....	48
rock formations of Manitoba.....	70, 72, 73, 83, 98
well at Deloraine, Manitoba.....	529
Morden, Manitoba.....	81
work on Lake Agassiz in Canada.....	10,
217, 235, 395, 426, 442, 444, 449, 453,	
458, 462, 464, 468, 470, 472, 477, 479	
U.	
Ulrich, E. O., cited.....	69
Union Slough, Iowa.....	264
United States Geological Survey, work on Lake Agassiz.....	7
Uplift, epeirogenic, of the Lake Agassiz and Hudson Bay region.....	3, 147, 217, 224, 227, 234, 329, 382,
386, 407, 427, 428, 442, 444, 450, 451, 454, 474-522, 596	
rhythmic stages of.....	224, 235, 444, 499
wavelike advance.....	481, 486, 522
Upper Silurian formations.....	72, 74, 79, 80
Utica shale formation.....	71
V.	
Valley City, N. Dak.....	151, 154, 161
Valley River, Manitoba.....	235, 395, 406, 426, 442, 477
Vasey, G., cited.....	608, 609
Vegetables, notes of production.....	590, 623
Vermilion Lake, Minnesota.....	31, 32, 137, 146, 639
Vermilion moraine.....	146, 177
Vermilion River, Manitoba, deep borings.....	83, 84, 99
beach ridges near.....	442
Vermilion River, South Dakota, artesian wells.....	528

INDEX.

W.	Page.	Page.	
Waconia moraine	142-146, 147, 152, 208, 210, 265	Winchell, A., referred to.....	605
Wadsworth, M. E., cited.....	494	Winchell, Horace V., assistant.....	7
Walpeton, N. Dak.....	22, 55, 211, 565	cited.....	100, 304, 625
Walcott, C. D., referred to.....	76	glacial striae	640
Walcott, N. Dak.....	434, 566	Winchell, N. H., cited.....	87, 100, 177, 305, 525, 537, 556, 629, 631
Walhalla, N. Dak.....	27, 360, 361, 421, 453	attributing Lake Agassiz to barrier	
Wallace, A. R., cited.....	513	of the ice-sheet.....	7
Warren, G. K., cited.....	106	Cretaceous formations in Minnesota.....	87,
on causes of lakes Traverse, Big Stone,		88, 101	
Lac qui Parle, and Pepin.....	18	observations of glacial striae.....	639, 640
survey of the Minnesota Valley.....	6	on Giants and Mesabi ranges.....	31
Warren, Minn.....	463, 562, 627	on measurement of postglacial time.....	238
Warren, N. Dak., deep well.....	567	section of Humboldt well	75
Warren, glacial lake.....	217, 255, 257, 258	Rosenfeld well	79
Warren, River, outlet of Lake Agassiz ..	7, 15, 19, 66, 150, 211	Winds	277, 299, 309, 395, 600
212, 222, 225, 235, 265, 280, 397, 408, 427, 443, 478, 554		records of mean velocity	600
Washington, Mount, glaciation of.....	114, 124	Windy Mound, head of the Coteau des Prairies	150
Washington Lakes, North Dakota.....	146, 243	Winnebagoshish, Lake	32, 178, 213, 630
Watercourses, now deserted	53,	Winnipeg, Manitoba	25,
164, 170, 196, 205, 234, 262, 275, 312, 374, 377		55, 68, 133, 156, 213, 526, 576, 612, 627, 644	
Water Hen Lake and River	49, 61	general section of drift deposits	577
Water power	631, 632	weather records	592-599
Water supply by wells	523-581	Winnipeg, Lake	1, 3, 25, 45, 47, 52, 62, 67,
alkaline	524	68, 69, 70, 137, 198, 213, 215, 220, 241, 443, 472	
analyses	536-545	area, elevation, and depth	47
fresh, sources of	526, 576	glacial striae	635
saline, sources of	527-536, 561, 576	present representative of Lake Agassiz-	
Weather records	592-601	siz	220, 226
Wells, analyses of waters	536-540	Winnipeg River	50, 51, 582, 631, 632, 638
artesian	2, 13, 74-80, 523-581	Winnipegosis, Lake	34, 43, 48, 61, 72, 73, 97, 219, 470, 629
common	358, 441, 523-581	area and elevation	48
sections of	334, 356, 359, 367, 548-581	glacial striae	636
West Indies, epeirogenic movements	513	Winter, climatic effects on Lake Agassiz	250, 252, 278
West Selkirk, Manitoba	133, 578	Wisconsin stage of Glacial period	109, 110, 141, 208
Westbourne, Manitoba, aboriginal mound	645	Wolff, J. E., cited	103
Western Erie glacial lake	257	Wood, J. W., jr., cited	103
Western Superior glacial lake	256	Wood, in interglacial forest bed	555, 556
Wheat raising	20, 417, 523, 584, 590, 615-619	Red River Valley alluvium	555, 560, 574
Wheatland, N. Dak	321, 323, 416, 435, 568	till and modified drift	558, 559
Wheaton, Minn	150, 396, 550	Wooded region of northern Minnesota and Manitoba	29,
White, C. A., referred to	82, 94, 99	279, 300, 387, 413, 583, 586, 593	
Whiteavees, J. F., cited	70, 71, 73, 83, 98, 99	Woods, Lake of the	29, 49, 51, 67, 137, 181, 198, 210, 388, 402, 586
White Earth Agency, Minn	32, 33, 45, 156, 164, 295, 303	area, elevation, and depth	49, 304
White Mountains, glaciation of	113, 124, 505	glacial striae	639
White Rock, S. Dak	138, 150, 211, 280, 388, 396, 408, 427, 428	Woodward, R. S., investigation of ice attraction	223,
White silts	207		489, 492
White Stone Hill, North Dakota	152	Wright, G. F., Ice Age in North America	11
Whitemouth River, Manitoba	52, 134	on duration of the postglacial period	238
Whitney, J. D., cited	494, 515, 605	on the Muir glacier	243
Whittle, C. L., cited	202	Wyndmere, N. Dak	266, 310, 566
Whittlesley, C., cited	261, 498, 595, 639, 640	Y.	
Wild Rice River, Minnesota	53, 56, 242, 295, 296, 584, 631	Yankton, S. Dak	208, 530, 532
origin of name	611	Young, N. Dak	356, 392
Wild Rice River, North Dakota	45, 56, 267, 309, 310, 565, 612	Young, Robert H., assistant	7, 8, 327, 645
Williamson, A. W., cited	15, 17, 18, 397, 460	Yukon, Pleistocene lake	207
Willow River, North Dakota	173, 641, 642	Yukon River	207

