CROP VARIETY CHARACTERISTICS and RECOMMENDATIONS

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and

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for North Daketa -- 1959

he relative performance of crop varieties in any one year is influenced by the season's growing conditions. Growing seasons vary in temperature and rainfall as well as in the prevalence of rust and other diseases. Crop varieties vary in yield, resistance to high temperatures and drouth, resistance to diseases and in other characteristics.

Early maturity is an advantage in some years but may be a disadvantage in others. In general, the later maturing varieties can be expected to do best in the northern part of the state where ripening temperatures usually are more moderate.

Rust on all crops and pasmo on flax are expected most often in eastern North Dakota where rainfall and humidity are generally higher. Leaf and head blights, and root rots, are more prevalent in southeastern North Dakota, while smut can be statewide.

Statements made on rust and other diseases in this circular are based on variety reaction to races known to be present and to which the variety has been tested. Each crop year brings the possibility of new disease outbreaks to which present varieties may not be resistant.

No one can predict with any degree of accuracy the kind of growing season to expect next year. Growers should, therefore, choose varieties with characteristics best able to meet the crop hazards which experience has shown are most likely to occur in their areas.



HARD RED SPRING WHEAT - BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF VARIETIES AVAILABLE FOR 1959 PLANTING

					Strength		Resistance to:					
Variety	Origin	When re-	Beards	Height	of Straw	Maturity	Stem rust_	Leaf	Loose	Bunt	Rel. Yld. 3/	Remarks
Mida Thatcher Rushmore Rescue Chinook Lee Selkirk Conley	N.Dak. Minn. S.Dak. Canada Canada Minn. Canada N.Dak.	1944 1934 1949 1945 1952 1951 1954 1955	yes no no no no yes no yes	short short short med, med, short med,tall	strong strong strong weak weak med. med.	med, early med, early med, early med, early med, early med, early med, late	poor poor poor fair	poor v.poor poor poor good good mod.	poor good good mod. poor poor good	good poor good poor poor fair good	good good fair low low good good	Lacks resistance to 15B Lacks resistance to 15B Lacks resistance to 15B Not high in yield Flour quality above Rescue Some tolerance to 15B Not immune from rust Suscept, to "black chaff"

1/Reference to races prevalent since 1950, mainly 15B.
2/Many varieties once regarded as resistant are lacking in resistance to races now prevalent in this area.

3/Applied to North Dakota in nonrust years.

Recommendations:

FOR RUST AREAS - Selkirk, Lee and Conley should have preference. Conley is resistant to some races of stem rust to which Selkirk is susceptible but has less leaf rust resistance than Selkirk. Lee has some tolerance to 15B stem rust and its earliness may help it to ripen ahead of serious injury from rust, high ripening temperatures or late summer drouth.

WHERE RUST IS LESS COMMON - Varieties such as Lee and and Thatcher will yield satisfactorily in years. Even in western areas, where the rust he rust is usually less, it is advisable to grow the most reasont varieties on most of the acreage as a protection of the protection of the rust years of rust epidemics.

FOR SAWFLY AREAS - Rescue and Chinook offer some sawfly resistance. They are not resistant to 15B stem or to leaf rust. Their yield capacity is somewhat less than other varieties unless loss from sawfly is severe. Chinook is superior to Rescue only in flour quality.

VARIETIES NOT RECOMMENDED - CT-231 and other numbered varieties, or selections, and mixtures sold under a "brand" designation which does not indicate the varieties in the blend. CT-231 has been rejected because of unsatisfactory flour quality.

DURUM 3/BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF VARIETIES AVAILABLE FOR 1959 PLANTING.

		When re-			Strength	Resistance			nce to:			
Variety	Origin		Beards	Height	of straw	Maturity	. 1		Loose	Bunt	Rel. 4/	Remarks
Mindum	Minna	1917	yes	tall	m. weak	late	poor	good	good	good	v.good	Excellent quality if not rusted
Vernum	N. Dak.	1946	yes	tall	weak	m. late	poor	good	good	good	good	Some tolerance to 15B
Sentry	N. Dak.	1954	yes	med.	strong	early	fair	good	good	good	fair	Susceptible to black point
Langdon	N. Dak.	1956	yes	med.	m. weak	med.	mod.	fair	good	good	v. good	Distinct kernel type-ylds well
Yuma	N. Dak.	1956	yes	med.	weak	med.	good	good	good	good	fair	Hard to thresh
Ramsey	N. Dak.	1956	yes	m. tall	med.	m.late	mod.	good	good	good	v. good	Carries some rust
Towner	N. Dak.	1956	yes	tall	med.	late	mod.	good	good		good	Less consistent in yield

1/Reference to races prevalent since 1950, mainly 15B.

2/Durums usually have adequate resistance to leaf rust.
Langdon less resistant;

3/Durum breeding cooperative with USDA.
4/Applied to N. Dakota in nonrust years.

Recommendations:

FOR RUST AREAS- Langdon and Ramsey. Towner and Yuma also offer good rust protection against stem rust. Langdon, Ramsey and Towner are more susceptible to some races of stem rust not now prevalent and may show considerable rust in some years. Yuma is most stem rust resistant but is less dependable in yield. Langdon, is somewhat more susceptible to leaf rust than other durums.

WHERE RUST IS LESS COMMON- Langdon, Ramsey, Mindum and Sentry. Sentry has some tolerance to 15B stem rust which together with its earliness may help it to ripen ahead of serious damage from rust and high ripening temperatures.

BARLEY - A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF VARIETIES AVAILABLE FOR 1959 PLANTING.

Variety		221										
	Origin	When re- leased	S or R	Aleurone color	Height	Straw strength	Rel.	Stem	Loose	Spot blotch	Septoria	Rel. 2/
Malting cla	83:											
Traill	I N. Dak.	1956	R	white	med.	mod.	med.early	R	MS	MS	S	v.good
Kindred	N. Dak.	1942	R	white	med.	weak	med.early	R.	MS	MS	S	good
OAC 21	Can.	1910	R	blue	med.	mod.	med.	S	MS	MS	S	good
Montcalm	Can.	1945	S	blue	m.tall	mod.	med. late	S	MS	S	S	good
Parkland	Can.	1956	S	blue	med.	mod.	med, late	R	MS	MS	S	v.good
Feed class:												
Tregal	N. Dak.	1942	S	white	short	mod.	med early	MR	R	MS	MS	v.good
Vantage	Can.	1947	S	white	m. short	strong	late	R	MS	S	S	v. good
Husky	Can.	1953	S	white	med.	mod.	med.late	R	MS	MS	S	v.good
Vantmore	Can.		S	white	m. short	strong	med.late	R	MR	MS	S	v.good
JM 570		released	S	blue	med.tall	strong	med.	R	MS	MS 3	S	v.good
Fox	Wisc.	1956	S	blue	med.	mod.	med.late	R	MS	MS	S	good
Liberty	S. Dak.	1957	S	white	m. short	strong	med.early	R	S	S	S	v.good
Forrest	Minn.	1957	S	white	med.	mod.	med.late	R	S	MS 3	S	good

1/R-resistant; S-susceptible; M-moderate. 2/Under North Dakota conditions.

3/Some tolerance over others rated MS

Recommendations:

All barley varieties are susceptible to a number of leaf diseases which have caused yield losses in recent years. In 1957 high temperatures ahead of ripening also lowered many barley yields.

FOR MALTING - Traill and Kindred are first choice for malting barley. Traill has shown a higher yield capacity but has a tendency for smaller kernels. Parkland, a blue aleurone barley has shown some promise and should be considered primarily as a replacement for Montcalm and OAC 21. (See Note Below) Varieties grading blue malting barley have a more limited market outlet as a premium crop.

FOR FEED - Tregal, Vantage, Vantmore, Husky and Traill are all good. Vantage is a good yielder but susceptible to spot blotch. Traill, although listed as a malting variety, will yield about equal to feed varieties.

Liberty and Forrest have been included in NDAC tests for only two years. More performance data are needed to Note: determine their suitablility under our conditions. Tests are being conducted for malting and brewing qualities. The status of Parkland by the Malting Industry is pending completion of large plant scale tests. Preliminary experimental tests indicate this variety possesses desirable malting qualities.

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OATS - A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SOME VARIETIES AVAILABLE FOR 1959 PLANTING

							Resist				
		When re-	Color		Straw	Stem	rust 1	Leaf		Rel. yield 2/	Rel.
Variety	Origin	leased	grain	Height	strength	R7	R8	rust	Smut	yield 4	bu. wt. 2
Early											
Andrew	Minn.	1949	yel.wh.	short	mod.	R	S	mod.	good	good	good
Ajax	Can.	1942	white	med.tall	good	R	S	mod.	mod.	v.good	fair
Marion	lowa	1940	white	med.tall	med, weak	R	S	mod.	good	v.good	good
Mo.0-205	Mo.	1951	gray	med.	mod.	R	S	mod.	good	good	good
Ransom	la.ND	1956	yel.	short	mod.	R	R	mod.	good	fair	good
Minhafer	Minn.	1957	yel.	short	strong	R	R	good	good	fair	good
Burnett	lowa	1956	yel.wh.	med.	strong	R3/	R	mod.	good	fair-good	fair-good
Mand amplica	An Mad Jaka										
Rainbow	to Med. late				Comments.		100			and .	fair
	N. D.	1929	yel.wh.	med.tall	weak	R	S	mod.	poor	good	110000
Branch	Wis.	1951	yel.wh.	med, tall	med.weak	R	S	mod.	mod.	good	fair
Rodney	Can.	1953	white	tall	strong	R3	R	mod.	good	v.good	good
Garry	Can.	1952	white	tall	med.strong	R	R	mod.	good	good	good
auk	Wis.	1953	white	med.tall	strong	R	S.	mod.	good	good	good
Vicar	Can.	1957	amber	tall	med.strong	R	R	mod.	mod.	good	v.good

1/R-resistant; S-susceptible.

2/As applied to i'orth Dakota conditions.

3/Not to Race 7A.

Recommendations:

Races 7 and 8 of stem rust are the most prevalent in North Dakota. Race 7 is often more prevalent than Race 8. Most varieties available are not resistant to all races. Variety preference for rust areas, is given to varieties with resistance to race 7, if maturity and yields are favorable. Only Ransom, Minhafer and Garry have resistance to all known races.

FOR SOUTHEASTERN AND EASTERN SECTIONS OF THE STATE WHERE RUST HAZARDS ARE GREATEST - Early: Andrew, Ajax, Marion, Ransom, Minhafer. Medium early: Garry.

FOR SOUTH CENTRAL AND WESTERN COUNTIES WHERE RUST HAZARDS ARE LESS -

Early: Ajax, Marion, Andrew. Medium early: Garry, Sauk.

FOR NORTH CENTRAL COUNTIES, LATER RIPENING VARIETIES CAN YIELD BETTER -

Medium early: Garry, Ajax, Sauk, Branch, Medium late: Rodney.

Many other varieties, though not superior but perhaps equal for our conditions to those listed include: Early Vicland, Clinton, Cherokee, Clintland. Medium early to medium late: Bonda, Vanguard, Fortune and Simcoe.

FLAX - A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SOME VARIETIES AVAILABLE FOR SOWING IN 1959.

Variety	Origin	When re- leased	Relative maturity	Colo		Seed	Plant height		sistanc lisease Rust 2		Rel. yield	Oil yield	Oil
Raja Sheyenne Marine Bolley Linda Victory Norland Redwood Arny DeOro (C.1.977)	Can. ND1/ ND1/ ND / ND ND ND ND Minn. Minn.	1945 1951 1957 1952 1943 1955 1951 1958 1944	early early early early m.early m.late m.late late	bl. bl. bl. wh. wh. bl. bl. pink	br. br.	med. sm. med. sm. med. large large med. med. med. med. med. ge.	med. med. med. med. med. med.	RRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRRR	R MS MR R	S S MS S S S S MS VS	good fair good good v.good v.good v.good v.good v.good	low fair fair good fair good good good good good	fair good good fair good good good good

1/Cooperative with USDA. 2/1 means immune to all races of rust known to exist in this area. 3./All varieties pasmo - differences are only in degree of susceptibility.

3./All varieties susceptible to

Recommendations:

FOR EARLY SOWING, under favorable seedbed conditions, the relatively late ripening, good rust resistant varieties will usually yield best. These include B 5128, Redwood, Norland and Victory.

FOR LATE SOWING, earlier maturing varieties will yield more dependably when sowing must be late, or in the season where late summer drouth or high ripening temperatures may cause more injury to the slower developing variety. Among the earlier ripening varieties which should have preference are Marine, Bolley and Sheyenne.

Note: Aster yellows, a virus disease transmitted to flax by the 6-spotted leafhopper, was very prevalent in 1957. Fields were most heavily infected in the eastern and central areas of the state. All varieties lack resistance to the disease. The leafhoppers and aster yellows were not a problem in 1958.

Arny - Seed being increased in 1959 and will not be generally available until next year.