

## Flax SEED TREATMENT

| Chemical                                                | Application         | Dosage <sup>1</sup> | Control <sup>2</sup> of Seedling Blight <sup>3</sup> | Remarks |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| <b>Captan</b><br>Captan 400, 37.4%                      | Slurry              | 2-3.75 fl oz/cwt    | X                                                    |         |
| <b>Fludioxonil</b><br>Maxim 4FS, 40.3%                  | Slurry              | 0.08-0.16 fl oz/cwt | X                                                    |         |
| <b>Mancozeb</b><br>Dithane DF Rainshield NT, 75%        | Slurry              | 2.1-4.3 oz/bu       | X                                                    |         |
| Dithane F-45, 37%                                       | Drill box or slurry | 3.2-6.4 fl oz/bu    | X                                                    |         |
| Dithane WSP or Penncozeb 80 WP, 80%                     | Drill box or slurry | 2-4 oz/bu           | X                                                    |         |
| Penncozeb 75 DF, 75%                                    | Drill box or slurry | 2.1-4.3 oz/bu       | X                                                    |         |
| Manzate 75 ProStick, 75%                                | Slurry              | 2-4 oz/bu           | X                                                    |         |
| <b>Thiram</b><br>42-S Thiram, 42%<br>Signet 480 FS, 42% | Liquid or slurry    | 3 fl oz/bu          | X                                                    |         |

<sup>1</sup>Dosage = Amount of formulated product to apply.

<sup>2</sup>X = Product labeled for crop and disease; Blank = product not labeled for specific disease.

<sup>3</sup>Seedling blights due to various fungal infections of seed.

## Flax FOLIAR SPRAYS

| Chemical<br>(Fungicide Group)                 | Application <sup>1</sup> | Dosage <sup>2</sup> | Pasmo<br>( <i>Septoria<br/>linicola</i> )<br>Control <sup>3</sup> | Remarks                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Pyraclostrobin</b> (11)<br>Headline, 23.6% | Spray or fungigation     | 6-12 fl oz/A        | X                                                                 | For optimal disease control, apply Headline before disease onset. Resistance statement 5 <sup>4</sup> . Apply at midflowering (7-10 days after flower initiation). Make 2 <sup>nd</sup> application if disease persists. Do not apply more than 24 fl oz/season. 21-day PHI. |

<sup>1</sup>Spray = ground or aerial; Fungigation = application through sprinkler irrigation system.

<sup>2</sup>Dosage = Amount of formulated product to apply.

<sup>3</sup>X = Product labeled for crop and disease; Blank = product not labeled for specific disease.

<sup>4</sup>Leaf spots includes fungal leaf diseases such as tan spot, Septoria blotch and spot blotch on wheat, and spot blotch and net blot on barley.

<sup>5</sup>See fungicide resistance management statements on Pages 9-10.